THE WEATHER.
Rain and warmer Sunday, ...day brisk east and southwest winds.

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# TEN PERSONS ARE DEAD IN COAST LINE WRECK

## One of the Worst Railroad Disasters in History of South Atlantic States Near Ocilla, Ga., Yesterday—Score Injured—Coaches Plunged in River

Ocilla, Ga., March 25.—In one of the worst railroad disasters in the history of the South Atlantic States, ten persons are known to have been killed and a score or more injured when southbound train No. 95, known as the Dixie Flyer, went through a trestle over the Alapaha river, 18 miles east of here, about 5 o'clock this morning.

The baggage and express cars, two day coaches and a Pullman went into the river, but five Pullmans remained on the track. This fact alone is believed to be all that prevented a wholesale loss of life. The revised list of dead:

William Culpepper, of Tifton, Ga.
Mrs. J. T. Watson, Lander, Wyo.
Mrs. W. D. Fletcher, Rowland, Ill.
W. F. Francis, Crawfordsville, Ind.
O. F. Barnwart, Henderson, Ky.
C. J. Parnel, conductor, Savannah, Ga.
J. Woodward, baggage master, Waycross, Ga.
Albert Simmons, negro porter.
Negro fireman, unknown; unidentified white man.

The injured: J. P. Cline, wife and baby, St. Louis; J. T. Watson, Lander, Wyo.; J. E. Powell, express messenger, Jacksonville, Fla.; W. T. Perkins, Fort Dade, Fla.; P. G. Greenleaf, Holland, Mich.; C. Vanderbilt, Grand Rapids, Mich.; W. D. Fletcher, Rowland, Ind.

The injured were transferred to the Atlantic Coast Line hospital at Waycross, Ga., and the dead were taken to Tifton and Waycross.

According to an official statement the wreck was caused by the breaking of an axle on the engine when midway of the trestle, the weight of the train causing the trestle work to collapse.

The disaster came without a moment's warning to the train crew and passengers and as soon as those in the rear Pullmans realized what had happened they rushed to the edge of the river and rendered assistance to the victims before the relief trains arrived at the scene. As rapidly as possible the injured were taken from the cars on the bank and in the river while the bodies of the dead were brought out and ranged along the bank. They were finally placed on board the relief trains and hurried to Waycross and Tifton. It is not expected to have the tracks cleared and the trestle repaired for traffic before Sunday night.

### Number of Killed Reduced.

Tifton, Ga., March 25.—Tonight but one body, that of John T. Watson, of Lander, Wyoming, remained in the cars in the river. Had it not been for the wreck Watson would have been a bridegroom today. His sweetheart, Miss Elise Shippey, of Pasadena, Cal., who was on the train with him and to whom he was to have been married in Jacksonville tomorrow, remained at the wreck througnout today and tonight watching the efforts of the rescuers to recover Watson's body.

Late tonight it was said that the wreck had been thoroughly examined and that the death total was eight and will not be increased as all passengers had been accounted for. All wounded, more than a dozen, have been removed to the Atlantic Coast Line hospital at Waycross. The bodies of the dead were removed to Tifton from which point they will be shipped to their former homes.

The cars plunged into the river after an axle on the engine suddenly snapped when midway of the trestle. The locomotive never left the track but the tender was derailed and the tank tumbled to the bank of the stream. The trestle is about a half mile long but the river was low and at the point of the accident was not more than fifty yards across. The express and baggage cars, two coaches and one Pullman were piled in an indescribable mass in the center of the stream.

O. F. Bonmwart, of Henderson, Ky., was instantly killed, while his wife beside him escaped with slight injuries.

## RALEIGH Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN.

### Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars in Pledges Already Secured.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 25.—The second of an eight-day campaign now on for $65,000 fund to erect a Y. M. C. A. building in Raleigh, tonight showed great illuminated dial on front of Metropolitan Hall to be registering $25,000 in pledges secured. Campaign closes next Saturday night and high degree of confidence is manifested by the promoters.

Cincinnati, March 25.—The strike of the white firemen on the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railroad was declared off tonight after an agreement had been signed by representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers and Horace Baker, general manager of the road.

## ALBANY CONTEST PUZZLING.

### Legislators Will Gather To Act On Senatorship Tomorrow.

Albany, N. Y., March 25.—When Senator Roosevelt learned today that all the Republican members of the Legislature had been asked to be in Albany Monday morning by Minority Leaders Brackett and Merritt, he sent telegrams to his fellow insurgents requesting that they also be on hand ready for an emergency.

"I ascertained certain information," said the insurgent leader, "from which I deemed it advisable to telegraph the various insurgents to be in Albany on Monday morning."

That was all that he would divulge.

Just what the "imperative" need for the assembling of the Republican legislators before Monday's joint ballot for United States senator was a subject of keen speculation among the few legislators in Albany today. All that Senator Brackett would say was that the members were notified so as to "guard against any possible contingency that might arise."

When most of the legislators left last Thursday for their homes with pairs arranged it was expected that Monday's ballot would be perfunctory with no quorum present.

## ABSCONDER SURRENDERED.

### Richmond Man Recently Pardoned in Trouble Again.

Washington, March 25.—A man giving the name of Frank H. Fitzgerald, aged 45 years, surrendered himself to the police here today. He said he was an absconder from Richmond. He is held, pending the arrival of a Richmond officer.

Richmond, Va., March 25.—Frank H. Fitzgerald, who surrendered himself in Washington today, is wanted by the Richmond police on a warrant, charging him with absconding with $300, the property of Kingan & Company, for whom he was book-keeper. He disappeared from Richmond three weeks ago. In 1902, while clerk of the Manchester School Board, he disappeared simultaneously with $3,000 of the board funds, but surrendered later. At the same time he was convicted of having robbed the Southern Railway of $5,000 in money and stamps. Fitzgerald was pardoned from the penitentiary and was given employment of the local plant of Kingan & Company.

## SUDDEN DEATH.

### Raleigh Man Died Suddenly Yesterday.—Reward for Murderers.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 25.—This afternoon about 4 o'clock, Claude Broughton, electrical engineer, died suddenly of apoplexy. He was dismounting from his bicycle to enter the office of the president of the Carolina Power & Light Co., for which he has been working several months. He was 40 years old and leaves a wife and three children. He was a brother of the noted Baptist minister of Atlanta, Dr. Len G. Broughton.

Governor Kitchin adds $200 reward for unknown murderers of Capt. E. B. Gibbs, who disappeared from his Elizabeth City home in February, his body being found lated with no clue to the murderer. The family have offered $150 reward.

## SOUTHERN CLUB ORGANIZED.

### Warm Welcome for People From the "Sunny South."

New York, March 25.—Every resident of the "Sunny South" who visits New York in the future will find the latch-string out and a welcoming hand extended to him in the quarters of the Southern Club, of New York, in the Hotel Schuyler, which was opened tonight.

About 100 members took part in the festivities. A dinner was given at which President Mirabeau Townes acted as toastmaster. Announcement was made that the club has made arrangements to entertain at any hour of the day or night visitors who hail from south of the Mason and Dixon line.

## COL. COSGROVE NEAR DEATH.

### Well Known South Carolinian Is Ill In Baltimore.

Baltimore, March 25. — Colonel James Cosgrove, of Charleston, S. C., president of the South Carolina Good Roads Commission and a leading figure in his State, is at the point of death at Johns Hopkins hospital here. Colonel Cosgrove is suffering with kidney trouble.

Washington, March 25.—Captain Benjamin T. Simmons, U. S. A., has been detailed to make the annual inspection tour of military institutions located in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Florida.

To the Beach.
Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

# VARIOUS COLLEGE GAMES IN STATE

## Carolina Wins From Davidson and A. & M. Defeats the Big Leaguers

## CLOSE SCORE AT CHARLOTTE

### Big League Teams Play Practice Games in Various Southern Cities—Baseball Fever Among Colleges.

Chapel Hill, N. C., March 25.—A continuous telegraphic report brought news of Carolina's victory over Davidson at Charlotte today by a score of two to one in an exciting game. Lee, for Carolina, and Bailey, for Davidson, both pitched great ball.

Davidson scored in the third after Booe was out, Cashion hit safe, advanced to second on a wild throw and scored on Tabor's two-base hit. Carolina came back strong in the fourth, Hackney and Calmes scored on two wild throws and Hasty's timely single. There was no further scoring.

The score:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Carolina ..... | 000 200 000 | 2 | 2 6 |
| Davidson ..... | 001 000 000 | 1 | 3 5 |

Batteries, Lee and Witherington; Bailey and Mattison. Struck out, by Lee, 7; Bailey, 5; base on balls, Lee 2; Bailey 3.

### A. & M. Defeats Nationals.

Raleigh, N. C., March 25.—In the game here today between A. & M. and the Philadelphia National League teams, composed of regulars and "Yannigans," the big leagurers were defeated 6 to 4. A. & M. scored two runs in the second, three in the fourth and one in the fifth innings. The Phillies scored three runs in the sixth on bunched hits and one in the seventh.

Robertson was slated to pitch today's game but injured his ankle in the game with Amherst yesterday and was unable to play at all. Tucker of the second string, pitched the entire game and was steady throughout the nine innings. A. & M. secured eight hits off Baxter in four innings, Yates relieving him in the fifth. The features were the hitting of both teams and the home-run by Welchonce, of the Phillies, and a three-bagger by Hartsell of A. & M. Score by innings:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia ... | 000 003 100 | 4 | 7 3 |
| A. & M. ..... | 020 310 000 | 6 | 9 2 |

Batteries: A. & M., Tucker and Seifert; Phillies, Baxter, Yates and Moran, Jackey. Summary: Struck out by Tucker 3; Baxter 3; base on balls, Tucker 2; Yates 1; two-base hits, Phillies 2; three-base hits, Hartsell, A. & M., 1; stolen bases A. & M. 1; Phillies 1; left on bases A. & M. 3; Phillies 9; wild throws A. & M. 1; hit by pitcher, by Tucker 1; umpire, Upchurch; time 1:35; attendance 1,150.

### Oak Ridge the Winner.

Oak Ridge, N. C., March 25.—Oak Ridge defeated Whitsell Institute here today by a score of 4 to 1. Ray, of Whitsell, was well night invisible, striking out eleven men and allowing but five hits. Lewellyn, for Oak Ridge, pitched a great game of ball, allowing only two hits and striking out seven men. His support was giltedged. The game was two to one until the ninth inning when Oak Ridge worked two squeeze plays in beautiful inside baseball. Batteries: Oak Ridge, Lewellyn and Holt; Whitsell, Ray and Young; umpire Benbow; score:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Oak Ridge ..... | 100 100 002 | 4 | 5 2 |
| Whitsell .. ..... | 00 010 000 | 1 | 2 2 |

### Trinity Park School Wins.

Cluster Springs, Va., March 25.—Trinity Park School defeated Cluster Springs Academy here in an almost errorless game this evening, both sides playing snappy ball. Trinity making only one score in the last half of the ninth inning with a final score of one to nothing.

At Elon College: LaFayette 5; Elon College 3.

Asheville, N. C., March 25.—In a loosely played game this afternoon Bingham Baseball team defeated Waynesville by the score of 7 to 2.

### Trinity Downs Amherst.

Durham, N. C., March 25.—Gantt for Trinity pitched a one-hit game here this evening, defeating Amherst by the score of 4 to 0. Score:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amherst ..... | 000 000 000 | 0 | 1 3 |
| Trinity ..... | 000 004 000 | 4 | 10 2 |

Quaintance and Thompson; Gantt and Spruce.

West Point, N. Y., March 25.—It required ten innings for West Point to defeat Rutgers at baseball here today by the score of three to two.

Princeton, N. J., March 25.—In the opening game of the baseball season here today, Princeton was defeated by Ursinus College by a score of 2 to 1.

### Pennsylvania Defeats Navy.

Annapolis, Md., March 25.—The University of Pennsylvania baseball team today defeated the Naval Academy by a score of 18 to 3. Though the midshipmen used four pitchers it was the ragged work in the field that mostly aided the visitors.

The score:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pennsylvania .. ..... | 18; | 9; | 2 |
| Navy ..... | 3; | 2; | 11 |

New Orleans, La., March 25.—Rain prevented the exhibition game sched-

(Continued on Page Six.)

# WRECK OF VESSEL KILLS ALL HANDS

## Twenty-Two Passengers and the Crew Perish When Steamer Turns Turtle

## INDIAN SAW THE DISASTER

### Wooden Steamer Could Not Withstand the Storm—Occurred on Coast of British Columbia—The Death Toll.

Victoria, B. C., March 25.—The British Columbia Shipping Company's little wooden steamer Sechelt, built for passenger service on an inland lake, turned turtle in a furious gale off Beechey Head, Vancouver Island, late yesterday afternoon and went down with all on board, 22 passengers and the crew of four men.

Thirteen passengers had landed at Williamhead just before the steamer went out to destruction. Most of the passengers were railroad laborers bound for a Canadian Northern construction camp.

An Indian was the only eye witness to the disaster. Henry Charles, an Indian, of Rocky Point, was gathering wood on Beecher Bay at 5:30 P. M., yesterday, and saw the Sechelt go down. A heavy gale was blowing. When the Sechelt was three miles off Beecher Head the gale struck her and she leaned over and swung around as though she intended to run across the strait at Port Crescent on the American side. The tiny craft had hardly turned broadside to the wind when she righted, then went over and lay on her side.

The Indian watched the steamer ten minutes and at the end of that time the vessel was swallowed up by the sea, leaving not a trace on the surface. The Indian ran as fast as he could to Rocky Point and notified a stage driver, who telephoned the news to Williams Head quarantine station, whence a launch was dispatched to Victoria.

Beecher Head is west of Beecher Bay in the strait of Fuca, 25 miles from Victoria.

## AFTER CAROLINA LAND.

### Indian Chief In Raleigh Examining the State Records.

Raleigh, N. C., March 25.—Chief Grant Mount Pleasant, of the Tuscarora Indians of Niagara county, New York, is in Raleigh examining the State records preparatory to making a demand for the return to his tribe of 41,113 acres of fertile land in Bertie county, this State. The land in that section is on an average worth at least twenty dollars an acre making this property worth $520,000.

The claims of the Tuscaroras, who are descendent of the Tuscararoras of Bertie are that in leases made in 1776 and 1803 to many individuals in Bertie county, the stipulation was that these expired in 1916 and that the laws of that State clearly set out that despite non-occupancy of the lands the Tuscaroras shall be considered as the owners.

## DAMAGE BY HEAVY FROST.

### Throughout Eastern Virginia—Fruit Suffers From Cold.

Norfolk, Va., March 25.—Heavy frost throughout Eastern Virginia last night did much damage to peach, pear and plum trees, the early blooms of which had not already been cut off by previous severe weather. Truck crops are reported as but little hurt, potatoes not yet being up and the pea crop being sufficiently hardy to withstand the frost for the most part. Tonight was another very cold one.

## OUTLINES.

One hundred and fifty girls lost their lives as the result of a big factory fire in New York yesterday. They were caught in a death trap by the flames and either killed by jumping to the pavement or smothered to death in the frightful crush in attempting to escape from the building ——Ten persons were killed yesterday when the fast Coast Line passenger train known as the Dixie Flier plunged into a river near Ocilla, Ga. There were several passengers among the wreck victims——Twenty-two passengers and four of the crew of the wooden steamer Sechelt lost their lives when the vessel turned turtle on the coast of British Columbia yesterday——Francisco De LaBarra, Mexican embassador to the United States, was yesterday chosen minister of finance, in Diaz's new cabinet——The strike of white firemen on the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Railroad was declared off last night.——New York markets: Spot cotton closed quiet, middling uplands 14.55, middling gulf 14.80; flour unchanged; wheat easy No. 2, red 99 3-8 elevator and 94 3-8 fob afloat; corn steady, export No. 2, 51, nominal fob afloat; oats barely steady, standard white 36 1-4; turpentine firm, machine barrels 1.12.

To the Beach.
Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

"Wanda" at Crystal Palace.
And three other acts coming. **

# CABINET OF DIAZ IS BEING FORMED

## Five New Members Chosen Include Senors Limantour and De LaBarra

## REFORMS WILL BE NEXT MOVE

### President's Message at Opening of Congress Next Saturday Anxiously Awaited—Concessions to Rebels.

Mexico City, March 25.—Although nothing official has been made it is known that five of the new members of President Diaz's cabinet have been selected and it is almost certain that Jose Yves Limantour will remain as minister of finance. Other selections besides that of Senor De LaBarra, as minister of foreign relations, are:

Detrero Sodi, judge of the Supreme Court, minister of justice succeeding Justino Fernandez.

Norbeto Dominguez, postmaster general, department of communications, succeeding Leander Fernandez.

Manuel Maroquin, well known civil engineer, department of fomento, succeeding Olegario Molina.

Jorge Vera Estanol, an attorney, minister of education, succeeding Justo Sierra.

Tonight it was stated that the administration would make no announcement whatever before next week. It is possible that at that time changes may be made in the list of those now elected.

With the changes in the cabinet, reforms will be enacted, it is currently reported which will include changes in the electorial system, effective suffrage in the election of state governors, and a reformation of the powers of the Jefes Politico. It is said a full programme of these powers will be given in the President's message next Saturday at the opening of Congress.

That the administration's policy of reform now has an excellent chance of being carried out successfully is believed, and it is as widely believed that here will be no alteration in its attitude towards the rebels so far as the war is concerned, that he fighting begun by Madero and his followers will cease only when the initiative towards peace is taken by the rebels.

The action already taken by the administration and the reforms proposed are said not to be intended as concessions to the insurrectos.

## MEXICAN SITUATION.

### Resignation of Diaz Cabinet Being Discussed.

El Paso, Texas, March 25.—Whether the resignation of President Diaz's cabinet will have the effect of ending the insurrection in Mexico will depend upon reforms which are expected immediately to be announced and also upon what part Diaz himself expects to take in the future of the country. Madero is quoted at the junta as being emphatic in his position that the insurrectos will never lay down their arms until Diaz agrees that his last election is null and that the country shall hold a new election.

"All of the governors of the States must resign next." Senor Gonzales Garza, insurrecto secretary of State said: As appointees of Diaz they are as much part of his machinery as was the cabinet. When the governors resign and the States are allowed by election to select their own officials, when we may look for a new Mexico.

Although anxiety in Juarez, across the border from El Paso was less keen today, bands of insurrectos were seen about the city. Americans north of the river saw insurrectos a few miles west of the city. Four hundred men also were seen fifteen miles south of Juarez.

Lawrence Converse, and Edwin Blatt, now held in Juarez jail, according to a report of surveyors who went over the ground, were captured about two hundred feet north of the nearest bank of the river. The report states the Mexicans entered United States territory to capture the boys.

## SCHOONER ON SHOALS.

### Harold J. McCarthy Will Likely be Total Wreck.

West Palm Beach, Fla., March 26.—Running before a heavy gale that overtook her when she had almost made her port of destination, the American schooner Harold J. McCarthy, Capt. B. N. Belyea, bound from Santiago for Brunswick, Ga., is hard and fast on a reef 12 miles north of here and will probably be a total wreck. Ben Boilsen, a German sailor, was lost overboard and his body has not been recovered.

## DEADLOCK NEARING END.

### Governor Says Senatorship Contest Will be Settled Soon.

New York, March 25.—Governor Dix and Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leaded, held a twenty-minute conference at the Waldorf today on the Senatorship situation. At the conclusion of the talk the Governor announced that he thought the deadlock would be ended next week. Beyond this, he declined to discuss the nature of the conference.

# FEARFUL DEATH TOLL IN BIG FACTORY FIRE

## Over One Hundred and Fifty, Nearly all Girls, Perish in Great Conflagration in New York—Shirtwaist Workers Cooped in Loft of Skyscraper

New York, March 25.—One hundred and fifty souls—nine-tenths of them girls from the East Side—were crushed to death on the pavements, smothered by smoke, or shriveled crisp this afternoon in the worst fire New York has known since the steamship General Slocum was burned to the water's edge off North Brother's Island in 1904.

Nearly all, if not all, of the victims were employed by the Triangle Shirtwaist Company, on the eighth, ninth and tenth floors of a ten-story loft building at 23 Washington place, on the western fringe of the downtown wholesale clothing, fur and millinery district. The partners of the firm, Isaac Harris and Max Blanck, escaped unscathed from the office on the tenth floor, carrying with them over an adjoining roof Blanck's two young daughters and governess. There was not an outside fire escape on the building.

### Origin is Unknown.

How the fire started will perhaps never be known. A corner on the eighth floor was its point of origin and the three upper floors only were swept. On the ninth floor 50 bodies were found; 63 or more persons were crushed to death by jumping and more than 30 clogged the elevator shafts. The loss to property will not exceed $100,000.

Pedestrians going home through Washington place to Washington Square at 10 minutes to 5, were scattered by the whiz of something rushing through the air before them; there was a horrible plot on the pavement and a body flattened on the flagstones. Wayfarers on the opposite side of the street shaded their eyes against the setting sun and saw the windows of the three upper floors of the building black with girls crowding to the sills. There were no fire escapes.

### Urged Not to Jump.

"Don't jump! Don't jump!" yelled the crowd. But the girls had no alternative. The pressure of the maddened hundreds behind them and the urging of their own fears were too strong. They began to fall to the sidewalk in a terrible rain of flesh and blood.

Four alarms were run within 15 minutes Before the engines could respond before the nets could be stretched or the ladders raised, five girls had fallen from the eighth and ninth floors so heavily that they broke through the glass and iron roofs of the sub-cellars and crashed through the very streets into the vaults below. In an hour the fire was out; in half an hour it had done its worst; probably the death list was full in 20 minutes.

The building stands on a corner, with exposure on the sides, but the only fire escape was interior, opening on a light and air shaft. In all there were seven exits, the single fire escape, two freight elevators at the rear, two passenger elevators in front and two stairways. All of them proved almost useless and practically all who escaped either climbed to the roof and scrambled thence to the roof of the building occupied by the American Book Company, adjoining, or fled in the first rush for safety before the crush and the smoke grew too thick.

### Building Barely Scarred.

The building stands tonight with shell intact and barely scarred—rather only smudged; the partitions of architectural tiling between floor and floor are sound and it is impossible for one who did not see it to imagine how the flames in so short space could have wrought such havoc. Seven hundred hands, 500 of them women, were employed by the shirtwaist company. They sat in rows at their whizzing machines, the tables before them piled with flimsy cloth, the floors littered with lint, the air itself full of flying, inflammable dust. The first rush of flame was almost an explosion. Operators died in their chairs, their lungs seared by inhaling flames. Others were crowded into the elevator shafts after the cars had made their last trip. Still others were pushed off the inadequate interior fire escape.

In such a horrible stream did the bodies overflow from the windows that the fire nets, stretched by the first companies to arrive were soon gorged beyond capacity. Twenty bodies weighted one net to the bursting point, but the bodies kept on tumbling to the pavement through meshes that no longer could support them.

When the first breath of flame curled over the edge of a pile of shirting on the eighth floor, five minutes before quitting time, hundreds were in line before the cashier's window. In the office buildings across Washington Place scores of men detained beyond office hours worked at their desks.

### The Horrible Scene.

One of them saw a girl rush to a window and throw up the sash. Behind her danced a seething curtain of yellow flame. She climbed to the sill, stood in black outline against the light, hesitating, then with a last touch of futile thrift, slipped her chateleine bag over her wrist and jumped. Her body went whirling downward through the woven wire glass of a canopy to the flagging below. Her sisters who followed, flamed through the air like rockets. Their path could be followed, but hardly heard. It was 85 feet from the eighth floor to the ground, about 95 feet from the ninth floor, 115 feet from the corners of the roof and the upward rush of the draught and the crackle of the flames drowned their cries.

Six girls fought their way to a window on the ninth floor over the bodies of fallen fellow workers and crawled out in single file to an eight-inch stone ledge, running the length of the building. More than a hundred feet above the sidewalk they crept along their perilous pathway to a swinging electric feed wire, spanning Washington Place. The leaders paused for their companions to catch up at the end of the ledge and the six grabbed the wire simultaneously. It snapped like rotten whip cord and they crashed

### All Meet Same Fate.

A 13-year-old girl hung for three minutes by her finger tips to the sill of a tenth floor window. A tongue of flame licked at her fingers and she dropped into a life net held by firemen. Two women fell into the net at almost the same moment. The strands parted and the two were added to the death list. A girl threw her pocketbook, then her hat, then her furs from a tenth floor window. A moment later her body came whirling after them to death.

At a ninth floor window a man and a woman appeared. The man embraced the woman and kissed her. Then he hurled her to the street and jumped. Both were killed. Five girls smashed a pane of glass, dropped in a struggling tangle and were crushed into a shapeless mass.

A girl on the eighth floor leaped for a fireman's ladder which reached only to the sixth floor. She missed, struck the edge of a life net and was picked up with her back broken. From one window a girl of about 13 years, a woman, a man and two women with their arms about each other jumped to the ground in rapid succession. The little girl was whirled to the New York hospital in an automobile. She screamed as the driver and a policeman lifted her into the hallway. A surgeon came out, gave one look at her face and touched her wrist. "She is dead." he said.

One girl jumped into a horse blanket held by firemen and policemen. The blanket ripped like cheese cloth and her body was mangled almost beyond recognition. Another dropped into a tarpaulin held by three men. Her weight tore it from their grasp and she struck the street, breaking almost every bone in her body. Almost the same moment a man somersaulted down upon the shoulder of a policeman holding the tarpaulin. He glanced off, struck the sidewalk and was picked up dead.

Within the building a man on the eighth floor stationed himself at the door of one of the elevators and with a club kept back the girls who had stampeded to the wire cage. Thirty were admitted to the car at a time. They were rushed down as fast as possible.

The call for ambulances was followed by successive appeals for police until 500 patrolmen arrived to cope with a crowd numbering tens of thousand—a mixture of morbidly curious and of half crazed relatives and friends of the victims. A hundred mounted policemen had to charge the crowd repeatedly to keep it back.

### Croker Stormed Stairways.

Led by Fire Chief Croker, a squad of firemen stormed the stairways and gained access to the building at 7 o'clock. Two search lights from buildings from opposite lighted the way of the fire fighters as they ascended to the floors at the top. Fifty roasted bodies were found on the ninth floor. They lay in every posture, some so charred that recognition was impossible. Half dozen were nude with the flesh hanging in shreds to the bones.

Women with their hair burned away, with here and there a limb burned entirely off and the charred stump visible were lifted tenderly from the debris, wrapped in oil cloth and lowered by pulleys to the street.

### Hundred Coffins Ready.

Across the street there rested on the sidewalk a hundred pine coffins into which were placed the bodies. As fast as this was done the coffins were carried away in any kind of a vehicle that could be pressed into service to the morgue at Bellevue Hospital, and to the Charities Pier Morgue, opened for the first time since the Slocum horror.

One hundred and six bodies had been taken from the building and 20 injured had been conveyed to St. Vincent's Hospital at 10 o'clock. Of these three died soon after admittance. Others were not expected to live the night through. Three of five women taken to Bellevue hospital died soon after admittance there.

On the tenth floor of the building

adjoining the burning structure is the law department of New York University. Here 20 off students were listening to a lecture by Frank H. Sommer, former sheriff of Essex county, N. J. He saw the smoke and saw the girls trapped on the roof. He led his way to the roof of the University quarter, where they found two ladders. The boys seized these, bore them down two flights to the roof of an intervening building, swarmed out of the windows and raised them to the roof of the burning structure. Forty girls were brought down to safety. Hyman Mescher, a cutter, slid down the elevator cable ten stories and was found alive at the bottom standing in water up to arm pits. His hands were lacerated, his forehead was cut, but otherwise he was unhurt. Just how many trips were made by the elevator men will perhaps never be ascertained. There are varying reports of heroism at the elevators, but it was impossible tonight to learn if the lifts were operated up to the last possible moment.

**A Rigid Investigation.**

City officials announced tonight that the usual rigid investigation which follows such disasters will be instituted at once. Said fire Chief Croker:

"This calamity is just what I have been predicting. There were no outside fire escapes on this building. I have been advocating and agitating that fire escapes be put on buildings just such as this. This large loss of life is due to this neglect."

The police say that today's fire is the sixth or seventh in the building within 12 months, all of which, they say, occurred in the shirt waist factory. The others were trifling. The factory, incidentally, is said to be the first in which operators struck during the widespread shirtwaist strike settled several months ago.

By today's disaster the total of shirtwaist operators who have perished in New York and vicinity recently is raised to nearly 200. Not many weeks ago 25 girls met death under somewhat similar circumstances in Newark, N. J.

One hundred and forty-one bodies had been removed from the ruins at midnight, and seven of the fatally injured had died in hospitals. This, it is believed, completes the list of dead, most of whom are unidentified, the exact total being 148. Grief crazed relatives besieged the morgue as the bodies were laid out.

## MRS. R. J. GREGG PASSES.

**Entered Into Rest Yesterday at Her Home at Marion, S. C.**

Relatives and friends in Wilmington learned yesterday with painful sorrow of the death of Mrs. Mary B. Gregg, wife of Mr. R. J. Gregg, of Marion, S. C., which occurred yesterday morning at 7 o'clock at the family home after a lingering illness. Mrs. Gregg had been in the hospital in Richmond and at Wilmington for several months and although everything known to medical science was exhausted to restore her to health, she returned home a short time ago with very little hope for her improvement, her death being not unexpected but nevertheless a great shock to the family and friends.

Mrs. Gregg belonged to an old prominent South Carolina family and was greatly beloved by all in the circle of her acquaintance. She was a sister of Mr. R. M. McIntire and Mrs. J. B. Huggins, of this city, and is survived by her husband and sons and daughters as follows: Mrs. Dr. McCabe, of Kingstree, S. C.; Mrs. R. B. Hand, of Marion; Mr. David Gregg, of Wilmington; Mr. W. C. Gregg, of Texarkana; Mrs. Dr. Powell, of Marion; Mr. M. M. Gregg, of this city; Miss Annie Gregg and Master James Gregg, of Marion. All the bereaved ones have the tenderest sympathy of many friends in their sorrow.

## INTERESTING EXHIBIT.

**Crank Shaft from Chalmers Car That Stands High Test.**

At their automobile salesroom, 111 Chesnut street, the Gibbes Machinery Co., have a most interesting exhibit in one of the crank shafts from the famous Chalmers car, mounted on a stand. This is run on "R. I. V." annular ball bearings and from the ease of its operation, it can readily be seen that friction is brought down to a minimum. With a turn of the hand, the crank shaft will turn almost indefinitely. The shaft is 2 1-4 inches in diameter and the bearing surface of the connecting rods are 2 1-4 inches long. Such things as tightening up connection rod bearings on Chalmers cars is necessary only after thousands of miles of running. The shaft is tested to 10,000 pounds tensils strength, as dead weight on shaft and bearings. Pioneers in its method of construction, other manufacturers have followed so swiftly that one is led to the inevitable conclusion that this is the correct type of construction.

Another interesting exhibit at the salesrooms is a Cortescope showing the Chalmers factory in all departments. Any motor enthusiast will be interested in these exhibits and are cordially invited to call and have the manager show him these interesting features.

## CAPT. C. E. McCULLOCH.

**Popular Coast Line Man Promoted to Trainmaster of District.**

An official circular yesterday from the office of Mr. V. R. C. King, superintendent of the Wilmington district, announces the appointment of Capt. C. E. McCulloch as trainmaster of the district, vice Mr. King promoted to the superintendency. Capt. McCulloch is one of the most popular conductors of the Atlantic Coast Line running out of Wilmington and has a general knowledge of railroading that will be invaluable to him in his new position. Friends of Capt. McCulloch all over the system will be delighted to know of his deserved promotion.

—Two schooners arrived yesterday with fertilizer material from Northern ports. The Josephine, Capt. Quilben, has cargo of acid phosphate for the Pocomoke Guano Co., and the schooner Alice L. Pendleton, Capt. Coombs, arrived from Baltimore with cargo of acid phosphate for the Armour Fertilizer Works.

**To the Beach.**

Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.


Every Step in CRADDOCK SHOES Is A Step "On The Level"

Competition doesn't always make men square. Cutting corners is a quick way to one kind of success. Craddock-Terry Co., who make the wonderful Craddock Shoe, are undermining short cut successes by building the squarest shoe that is sold to-day. The very simplicity of this method is responsible for the wonderfully remarkable way that the Craddock Shoe has jumped into favor. You will quickly recognize the dollar value in the Craddock Shoe. But you are not the only one. In four short years the Craddock Shoe has swept the entire south. It is outselling shoes that have been known for thirty and more years.

$3.50 all leathers

It is impossible to beat the Craddock Shoe for style and for the varieties of good styles in this line. It is impossible to find a truer foot form or more comfortable shoes. Other shoes have style, and still others have comfort, but in addition to eye pleasing and foot pleasing qualities the Craddock Shoe is durable. It is honest in every department of shoe making from the tough old-method-tanned steer's hide sole to the last wipe of the finishing cloth.

This shoe is so thoroughly made, of such fine stout leathers, that the makers say and we say, without contradiction, "The Craddock Shoe will wear thirty days longer than any other shoe at the same price."

$3.50 No More No Less $3.50

*We are showing a large variety of Craddock made shoes for ladies, in one, two and three strap sandals, pumps and sailor ties, in all leathers at $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.*

WILMINGTON SHOE CO.
217 North Front Street


## RESOLUTIONS OF THANKS.

**Woman's Missionary Union Grateful for Its Entertainment.**

Resolutions passed by committee from Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist Church:

"The Woman's Missionary Union Convention is a thing of the past but its memories linger to bless us and its influence will extend into eternity.

"The women have left our city singing its praises and rejoicing that they have been here. We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to those who have helped to make the convention a success; to the railroads for reduced rates; to Capt. John W. Harper for the delightful ride down the river; the Tidewater Power Co., for the use of cars for the beach trip; the Carolina Yacht Club for the use of their Club House; the men who contributed the refreshments at the beach; to the Morning Star and the Evening Dispatch for their full and accurate reports of the meetings, and to the singers of the city who made the evening services so delightful with their sweet music.

"Above all would we thank those of every denomination who took the delegates into their homes and assisted us so royally and gladly in their entertainment.

"MRS. B. T. HOPKINS,
"Chairman Hospitality Committee."


WHAT CURES ECZEMA?

We have had so many inquiries lately regarding eczema and other skin diseases, that we are glad to make our answer publicly. After careful investigation we have found that a simple wash of Oil of Wintergreen, as compounded in D. D. D., can be relied upon. We would not make this statement to our patrons, friends and neighbors unless we were sure of it—and although there are many so-called eczema remedies sold, we ourselves unhesitatingly recommend D. D. D. Prescription.

Because—We know that it gives instant relief to that torturing itch.

Because—D. D. D. starts the cure at the foundation of the trouble.

Because—It cleanses, soothes and heals the skin, clearing away pimples and blotches over night.

Because—It enables Nature to repair the ravages of disease.

Because—The records of ten years of complete cures of thousands of the most serious cases show that D. D. D. is today recognized as the absolutely reliable eczema cure.

Drop into our store today, just to talk over the merits of this wonderful Prescription. We will also explain the value of D. D. D. as a household remedy.

Robt. R. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.


## Trinity Methodist Church Today.

At Trinity Methodist church, corner Market and Ninth streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, the pastor, will preach at the morning service at 11 A. M. on the subject "Our Heavenly Father." Evening subject, "The Love of God." All members of the church are urged to be present, and a cordial invitation is extended to strangers.

Read Star Business Locals.


FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Woman's Ailments.

I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.

I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or Whitish discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors, or Growths; also pains in head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, Kidney, and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember, that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea, Green Sickness and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in young Ladies, Plumpness and health always results from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten day's treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box H - - Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.



LANDRETHS' SEEDS

WHICH SUCCEED.

Write for the Best Catalog Printed

BRISTOL, Pennsylvania.

are not sold by a Merchant in WILMINGTON.

Consequently we hope to sell our Seeds to you direct by Mail.

This advertisement mailed to us, if paper is mentioned, will be taken as worth 20c. on any order of One Dollar ($1) or over, and the coupon inclosed with Seeds on first order, if returned to us, will be worth One Dollar ($1) on a Five Dollar ($5) order. Say if Market or Private Gardener.

To every One Dollar ($1) order will be added, to introduce them, without charge, one packet each of three especially desirable sorts Vegetables.

*THIS is the leading house in town for up-to-date made-to-measure tailoring. Satisfaction gauranteed or you needn't take the work. See for yourself what is offered. Ask for the International fabrics and get something real classy. Popular prices.*

*Easter deliveries promised on all orders taken within the next 10 days.*

I. SHRIER

*The Largest Merchant Tailoring Establishment in the South. N. E. Cor. Front & Princess Sts.*

mh26-1t

*A Standard of Quality*
*is maintained throughout this stock.*
*Article of Moderate Values.*
*Large Expensive Pieces*
*of a uniform grade which the purchaser may rely upon.*

*SILVER. CUT GLASS. METALWARES.*

Honnet
Conservative Progress.



DAVID'S

YOU may feel inclined to have a very early look at the new Spring styles in clothes, even if you are not ready to buy any; it pays a man to take enough interest in what he wears to know what other men are going to wear.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

new Spring styles are here, and ready to show to any man who wants to look at them. One thing you'll be impressed with when you look at them; and that is, the thorough way in which we have prepared to supply every need of every man in this community, in the matter of clothes; not only a great variety of attractive fabrics, colors, patterns, weaves; but all the new style creations by these greatest of all clothes makers; and plenty of them.

We'd like to have you know why we make so much of a feature of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes. It is partly because of what we know you know about them. They're not the only clothes that are made of all-wool fabrics; but they're the only clothes you're sure of. They're not the only clothes that have style, and good tailoring, but you know they have these, and you don't know of any other clothes that you're quite so sure of.

The point is, that the name of Hart Schaffner & Marx touches a responsive note in the minds of so many men, a note that we want to sound, that we twang that string a good deal.

There's more reason than ever for making that kind of a noise about our store; for the clothes are fine; and you'll say it when you see them.

The A. David Co.

*TAILORS, CLOTHIERS & FURNISHERS.*
*This Store is the Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.*
*John B. Stetson Hats and Manhattan Shirts.*



Wilmington, N. C., March 13, 1911.
Cape Fear Oil Co.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that in my flight over the City of Wilmington, as well as in all other flights made for the Wilmington Driving Association, I used Gasolene furnished by the Cape Fear Oil Co. I found same to be very satisfactory and could not ask for any better.

Aeronautically yours,
(Signed) LINCOLN BEACHEY.



SPRING. ANNOUNCEMENT. 1911.

It will give me great pleasure to show you the latest

MILLINERY MODELS

Wednesday, March 22, Thursday, March 23,

114 MARKET STREET.

Yours truly,

Imported Models a Specialty. *Hattie Taylor.*

mh19-1mo

How Easy You Feel

when you have money in the bank. There is a wonderful strength and great satisfaction of mind in a bank account, when you know absolutely you have money for a rainy day.

American National Bank
210 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

# CANNOT VISIT WILMINGTON

**Baltimore Party Finds It Impossible to Stop in This City on Account of Lack of Time—Much Regret Expressed.**

The business men of the community learned with much regret yesterday that the large party of prominent Baltimoreans now on a visit to a number of Southern ports, on the steamer Suwannee as guests of the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Company, will not be able to visit Wilmington on this tour, as had been hoped, on account of lack of time, the steamer having to be back in Baltimore next Thursday.

The party is now in Jacksonville, Fla., from which place came the information yesterday that the invitation to visit this city could not be accepted for the reason mentioned.

The Commercial Club Thursday night sent a telegram to the transportation company at Norfolk inviting the Baltimore party to visit Wilmington, but the party had already left Norfolk and the telegram was forwarded from Norfolk to Jacksonville, Fla., to Mr. J. C. Whitney. Yesterday morning Mr. Evans wired Mr. Whitney as follows:

"Wilmington, N. C., March 25, 1911.
"Mr. J. C. Whitney, Care Merchants & Miners' Steamship Co., Jacksonville, Fla.

"The citizens of Wilmington are confidently expecting acceptance of invitation extended through Commercial Club for Wilmington to be included in the itinerary of the Southern trip of the Baltimore party. We hope very much we may have the pleasure of announcing your acceptance of this invitation.

"CHAS. N. EVANS, President."

Early yesterday afternoon President Evans received a reply from Mr. Whitney, reading as follows: "Just received your courteous invitation to visit Wilmington with our Baltimore business men. I can assure you that it would give me great pleasure to do so, were it possible, but our time is limited as we must be in Baltimore by Thursday morning, and it will be impossible for us to stop over in Wilmington under these conditions. Your telegram has been given to newspapers here and the invitation has been extended to all our guests who appreciate it most heartily, as I do."

President Evans then sent to Mr. Whitney the following telegram: "Your telegram received and much appreciated. Our citizens are greatly disappointed that we will not have the pleasure of entertaining you and Baltimore party, and in the event you may yet find it convenient to call at Wilmington, a simple telegram of advice will assure for you here a cordial reception and a pleasant visit."

It is hoped that the party will still find time to visit Wilmington on the return to Baltimore. The party numbers about 90 prominent business men of Baltimore and it would be a pleasure for the Wilmington business men to entertain them and show them something of the importance of this city. Some are inclined to think that the party may yet decide to drop by Wilmington, even if for only a few hours.

## DEVOTION OF FORTY HOURS.

**Rites and Ceremonies of Most Solemn Character Begin Today.**

The Devotion of Forty Hours adoration of the Blessed Sacrament, which is to commemorate the period of time that the body of Jesus remained in the sepulchre will begin at St. Thomas' Catholic Church today at 10:30 mass. The rites and ceremonies are of a most solemn character and appeal strongly to the religious mind. The 10:30 mass today will be celebrated by Rev. C. Dennen as celebrant, assisted by Rev. Thomas Hayden as deacon of the mass and Rev. Jos. Gallagher as sub-deacon. Bishop Haid will preside at all devotions. After this mass there will be a solemn procession of the Blessed Sacrament around the church in which the children will participate. Bishop Haid will preach at this service. Those who have had the pleasure of hearing this eloquent prelate will be glad of the opportunity to hear him again. Sunday evening at 7:45 P. M. the usual vesper service will be held and the Bishop will preacn an appropriate sermon.

The order of other services at St. Thomas during the Devotion is as follows:

Sunday—First Mass 7 A. M. Last Mass and Sermon, 10:30 A. M. Vespers, Sermon, 7:45 P. M.

Monday—First mass 6 A. M. Second mass, 7 A. M. Last mass, 10 A. M. Evening devotions with sermon, 8 P. M.

The same services will be observed Tuesday with additional chanting the litany at the closing service at 8 P. M.

## FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

**Elizabeth Circuit of North Carolina Conference Contributed.**

Previously Acknowledged ..... $67.06
Elizabeth Circuit, N. C. Conference M. E. Church ..... 11.00

Total ..... $78.06

The Star acknowledges with thanks and will forward at once through the Wilmington Chapter of the National Red Cross Society a further contribution of $11 for the famine relief fund from the Elizabeth Circuit, N. C. Conference of the M. E. Church, remitted by Rev. D. B. Parker, P. C., of Elizabethtown, N. C. Other contributions will be acknowledged and forwarded as they are received. Checks for this fund should be made out to Mrs. E. L. Prince, Treasurer, but the remittances should be addressed to The Star directly for prompt acknowledgement. Then the contributions will be turned over to Mrs. Prince for being forwarded.

**Maintains Tax Collection Record.**

Sheriff S. P. Cowan maintains his record for tax collection, making an exceedingly fine showing for the present tax year. At the beginning of the present tax year Sheriff Cowan had charged to him on the tax books $145,092.25, and his collections up to date show $144,217.05. Sheriff Cowan discovered much taxable property not listed after the books were turned over to him and succeeded in collecting the taxes.

# SERIOUS FIRE YESTERDAY

**Three Dwellings Destroyed, Three Others Damaged, Two Badly, in Southern Section of the City—Insurance.**

Originating from a spark blown under one of the buildings from the yard, fire early yesterday afternoon destroyed three dwellings and damaged three others on the east side of Front, between Wright and Meares streets, entailing a total loss of something like $5,000, partially covered by insurance. Five of the buildings were in a blaze when the firemen arrived, on account of delay in turning in the alarm after the fire was discovered.

While at dinner shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon members of the family of Mrs. G. W. Cameron, No. 1021 South Front street, were startled to notice fire leaping into the dining room through a nearby window. Looking closer they found that the fire had spread over a considerable part of the lower portion of the building and they soon realized that any effort to save any of the furniture and other effects would be to endanger their lives, so got out of the building as quickly as possible and gave the alarm. Occupants of the building adjoining turned their attention to getting out some of their effects, but soon had to give up the task on account of the intense heat. The firemen were called from box 411, corner Second and Wright streets, at 1:18 P. M., and when they reached the scene they found five buildings on that side of the street in flames.

The building in which the fire started was owned by Mrs. W. H. Shaw and her loss is estimated at $600. Mrs. Cameron values her household effects at $200. The house adjoining on the south, No. 1023, owned and occupitd by Mr. J. M. Wolff, was damaged to the extent of $1,000 and furniture damage is estimated at $500, with insurance on the building in the agency of Clayton Giles & Son. The house next south, No. 1025, owned by Capt. John Sellers, and occupied by Mr. L. G. Wolff, was only slightly damaged, probably no more than $10, covered by insurance with J. B. Boatwright & Son. The house adjoining the one in which the fire originated on the north, No. 1019, owned by Mr. Geo. O. Gaylord, and occupied by Mrs. L. Bowen, was destroyed, as was also the one next north, No. 1017, also owned by Mr. Gaylord, and occupied by Mr. O. B. Skipper, while the house at No. 1015, owned by Mr. Gaylord and occupied by Mr. J. S. Williams, was badly damaged. Mr. Gaylord's loss is estimated at $2,300 and it was partly covered by insurance with J. H. Boatwright & Son. The damage to Mrs. Bowen's furniture is estimated at $300; that of Mr. Skipper at $400, and that of Mr. Williams at $150.

Soon after returning to their station the firemen were called out by an alarm from box 31 on account of a small blaze at the home of Mrs. N. Mohr, corner Sixth and Red Cross streets, caused from a spark from a chimney. The damage to the building, owned by Mr. J. C. Heyer, is estimated at $20.

## THE RECORDER'S COURT.

**L. F. Rivenbark Bound Over to Next Term Superior Court.**

L. F. Rivenbark, a young white man, charged with false pretense, was the principal defendant in yesterday's session of the Recorder's court. Rivenbark was indicted a few days ago by Mr. E. C. Glavin, who alleged that the defendant obtained $40 from him by making a false statement regarding the soundness of a certain horse hired to him by the defendant. The hearing was continued from Friday until yesterday morning. The defendant was represented by Louis Poisson, Esq., while Walter P. Gafford, Esq., appeared for the prosecution. Probable cause being found and the case not being within the jurisdiction of the Recorder, the defendant was bound over to the next term of Superior Court, giving bond in the sum of $100.

The only other defendant was Will Crowder, colored, charged with damage to personal property, it being alleged that he burned the personal effects of a negro woman in her own home a few weeks ago. He was found guilty and fined $25 and costs, or three months on the county roads.

## UP-TOWN TICKET OFFICE.

**This Strikingly Emphasized by Incident at Station Yesterday.**

It is reported that several delegates to the Missionary convention held in this city during the week were unable to leave for their homes yesterday morning as they had planned for the reason that they could not get their tickets validated at the union station in time for the Atlantic Coast Line northbound train, which leaves at 8:45 o'clock, on account of the congestion around the ticket office windows, although they were in the station fully 15 minutes before the hour of departure of the train. This incident has suggested, or rather strikingly emphasized, the need of the establishment by the Coast Line of an up-town ticket office, or at least the adoption of some better system of handling the crowds around the ticket office window at the station.

**Mr. Isham Faison Stricken.**

His numerous friends throughout the State will regret to learn that the venerable Mr. Isham R. Faison, of Faison, N. C., had a stroke of paralysis Friday and is quite ill. His community could lose no man of more value to the people as a whole.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

# WHITE YOUTH KILLS ANOTHER

**Bryant Kennady Fatally Stabbed by Clarence Summerlin at Delgado Store Last Night, Following A Quarrel.**

Following a quarrel which had apparently been settled by the interference of some older boys, Bryant Kennady, 14-years-old, was fatally stabbed in the breast by Clarence Summerlin, about the same age, at Delgado store last night at 10 o'clock, receiving a wound from which he died at the James Walker Memorial hospital a half hour later. The families of both boys reside in the mill village and are employed in the mill. The shocking tragedy has cast a gloom over the entire village.

It appears that Bryant and Clarence had some words in the store early last evening over some trivial matter, but some older persons interferred before the lads came to blows. It is stated that after the trouble between the boys had apparently been settled and while both were standing in the store, Clarence suddenly and without warning jerked his knife from his pocket and drove it to the hilt in Kennady's breast. The wounded boy started toward the door, but he had proceeded only a few feet when he fell in a heap on the floor. Blood flowed profusely from the wound. Clarence instantly realized the seriousness of his mad act and sobbed pitifully. Dr. J. T. Schonwald was hurriedly summoned by telephone and arrived in a few minutes. It was evident that the wound was of a most serious nature and the hospital ambulance was called and the lad taken to the institution. Mr. W. A. Woods, superintendent of the mill, was in the city at the time the trouble occurred, but arrived at the store about the time of the arrival of the ambulance. A half hour later he was notified by the hospital authorities that the lad had died of the wound.

Summerlin had not been arrested at 1 o'clock this morning. Dr. C. D. Bell, the coroner, was notified shortly after midnight by a member of the police force, and he will probably hold an inquest. Summerlin is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Summerlin, of Delgado, who are deaf and dumb. The children, however, are not afflicted in this way.

Mr. Mitchell, of Mr. W. E. Yopp's funeral parlors, was called shortly after midnight and went to the hospital for the body to prepare it for burial.

# CHARLOTTE TEAM DEFEATED

**Wilmington Y. M. C. A. Basketball Team Turned Tables on the Queen City Boys—Fast and Furious Contest.**

Members of the first basketball team of the local Y. M. C. A. made good their promise to turn the tables on the first team of the Charlotte Y. M. C. A. by winning a fast and furious contest in the gymnasium of the association last night by a score of 47 to 32. The game was well played throughout. At times the visitors played superb ball but were unable to keep up the pace set by the home team.

The first half was spoiled from the spectators' standpoint by roughness on both sides, but Mr. Chas. Dushan, secretary of the Boys' Brigade, handled the boys during the second half in a way that pleased both the players and the large number of spectators. His decisions were at all times accurate and strictly according to the spirit of the rules. While the local team received the bulk of the applause, the visitors never failed to get a cheer when good plays were made. Crowell and Stewart showed splendid accuracy in goal shooting and were easily the stars for the visitors, while Stevens, Hines and Newkirk played great ball for the locals and were able to place the ball in the goal easily during the whole game.

The winning of the games gives Wilmington an even chance with Charlotte for the State championship. The line-up was as follows: Charlotte—Crowell and Stewart, forwards; Averette, center; Alexander and Ross, guards. Wilmington—Newkirk and Stevens, forwards; Hines, H., center; Hines, E., and Grant, guards. Referees, A. L. Faul, of Charlotte, and Chas. Dushan, of Wilmington; attendance, 150.

## NEW HAT HOUSE READY.

**Wholesale Concern Recently Located Here Is Receiving Stock.**

The new wholesale hat concern for this city, known as the Southern Hat Company, which is financed and managed by Mr. Abe Schultz, who recently came here from Kinston, where he has conducted a successful general merchandise business for a number of years, is receiving stock and will soon be ready for the wholesale trade. Mr. Schultz has had wide experience along this line and he proposes to cover several Southern States with his brands. Two traveling men will be placed on the road within the next few days with territory principally in North and South Carolina. The firm occupies quarters at Nos. 114-116 North Front street, which has been fitted up splendidly for his line of business. Mr. Schultz with his progressive methods will enter the field on a large scale and is confident of "pulling" the business.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

Having qualified for the race for Councilman in the First Ward, this is to notify my friends and the public that I am the candidate of no party or faction and if elected will have only the best interests of the city at large at heart.

mar 26-tf. B. C. MOORE.

**To the Beach.**

Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

# WILMINGTON IS REPRESENTED

**Mr. Chas. N. Evans, of This City, Chosen as Member of Executive Committee of Southern Commercial Congress.**

Announcement has just been made of the appointment of Mr. Chas. N. Evans, president of the Southern National Bank and the Atlantic Banking & Trust Co., of this city, as one of the seven members of the executive committee of the Southern Commercial Congress, which held a most profitable and largely attended meeting in Atlanta, Ga., about ten days ago.

North Carolina and Wilmington in particular should feel proud of the selection of Mr. Evans as a member of this important committee. The importance of the appointment will be readily understood when it is stated that the seven members of the executive committee were selected from 16 States. This committee with the officers will have active charge of the affairs of the Congress during the present year and its duties involve considerable time and thought. The committee will have a number of meeting at the call of the president to consider any matters which may be brought before the body. That Mr. Evans will fill the position with credit to the South, North Carolina, Wilmington and himself goes without saying. The organization is indeed fortunate in securing Mr. Evans' acceptance of the appointment. The committee will have in charge the management of the organization during the year and this means also that it will direct the expenditures to further the interest of the work of the Congress. It will be recalled that at the meeting in Atlanta, Ga., $27,000 was raised at one session for the work of the organization during the year, and additional subscriptions have been received. The meeting in Atlanta was attended by 8,000 of the most prominent business and public men of the South and a large number from the North. It was the greatest gathering of the kind ever held in the country. North Carolina was represented by a large delegation and the achievements and possibilities of the State were ably set forth by Mr. Elwood Cox, of High Point. General Julian S. Carr, of Durham, also addressed the Congress. General Carr and Mr. Evans were named as members of the governing board for North Carolina and later Mr. Evans was chosen as a member of the executive committee.

—Some excitement was created at Second and Princess streets early yesterday afternoon when a mule jumped into an automobile in which were Sheriff S. P. Cowan and Mr. D. M. Beardsley. Whether the mule was attracted by the occupants of the car or merely desired a ride, is not stated. However, the animal got both front feet inside the machine and it took several persons to get the mule extricated.

**HAVE YOU THOUGHT**

of the advantage to be derived from depositing your money with the PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK on or before APRIL FIRST, the beginning of our regular

**INTEREST PERIOD?**

You will receive a full quarter's interest on July 1st. The only Savings Bank in the City whose interest quarter begins April 1st. OLD AND STRONG.

**THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK**

That Big White Building, Cor. Front & Princess Sts

**April 1st & 2nd**

Deposits made with us on or before Monday, April 2nd, will bear interest from April 1st.

Note the security we offer.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | $100,000.00 |
| Shareholders' Liability | 100,000.00 |
| Surplus (all earned) | 200,000.00 |
| | $400,000.00 |

**The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company**

Oldest and Largest Savings Bank in North Carolina.

## COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

**Funston Institute Closed Friday—Splendid Year's Work.**

Funston Institute closed its year's work with very pleasant and enjoyable commencement exercises. The attendance at the institution has been good during the year and the work done by Rev. J. A. Bryson and his excellent assistant, Miss Lelia Powers, has been very satisfactory to all the patrons. The school has outgrown the present house and there is talk of a larger and better equipped building before the next term opens.

The commencement exercises consisted of the annual address delivered by Rev. C. F. Whitlock, of this city, at 11 o'clock Friday morning, and a literary programme in the afternoon, one feature of which was an excellent debate by four young men of the school, Edgar Mizell, David Rich, Harry Ross and Grover Gilbert. The programme was interspersed with songs and instrumental selections by the music pupils of the schools, assisted by Miss Rebecca Russell, of the L. W. Walker private school, and Mr. R. F. Whitlock, of Wilmington, who played the clarionet. Mr. Bryson and Miss Powers also rendered some selections on the piano and violin. The closing exercise was a well rendered play by a number of the young men and women of the school.

The handsome new Baptist Church at Funston, of which Rev. Mr. Bryson is pastor, was appropriately dedicated yesterday, Rev. C. F. Whitlock preaching the dedicatory serman, using as his subject, "The Essential Thing in Church Success." After the singing of the first hymn Mr. Bryson stated that no service had ever been held in the new house of worship and that owing to the faithfulness of Mr. I. W. Harleson he desired him to lead the first prayer offered in the house, which he did very effectively. The dedicatory prayer was offered by Mr. Bryson, following the sermon of Mr. Whitlock. The people of the community are to be congratulated on the erection of such a splendid house of worship.

**To the Beach.**

Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

**THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.** "The Store That's Always Busy"

WE are the exclusive selling agents for W. B. Corsets. Have sold them in Wilmington for nearly twenty years without a dissatisfied customer. Are you wearing them? Price $1.00 upward.

*BY ALL MEANS CONVINCE YOURSELF*

Our record for exceptional values will stand the test. A storm serge suit like this cut, good lining, well made, black, navy, blue and tan, only . . . . . **$12.50**

Satin Foulard Dresses, $10, $12.50, $15 to $18 each.
Spring Coat Suits in cream serge, $15 to $25.

Our Millinery Opening a great success. Why? We are showing the up-to-date styles. Expert trimmers and salespeople to suggest. New Hats, Shapes and Trimming are being received daily. We invite you to come and see them.

*THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY*

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, March 26, 1911.

## POLITICAL PUBLICITY.

Rival candidates for Mayor in Charlotte are using printer's ink quite extensively in advancing their political fortunes in that city and the Chronicle, News, and the Observer are teeming with display advertisements and "deadly paralleled" columns of advertising from the Hawkins or the Bland headquarters, whooping it up for their respective candidates. This suggests that newspapers all over the country are no longer allowing political candidates for municipal, State or National offices to "ride a free horse to death" in presenting their respective claims. Of course, in political campaigns newspapers do and should give liberally of their space to promote the general good of the community in enabling the people to decide issues, but the day of the "personal appeal" except at space rates, is over. The Charlotte papers learned their lesson several campaigns ago and many others have followed suit, until now it is a very live paragraph in every publisher's announcement that "communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter will be charged at space rates."

In this connection, along the general lines of the application of business to newspaper publishing, the Star is printing elsewhere in today's Star a timely article by Mr. J. T. Fain, editor of the Greensboro Telegram. As an interesting insight into the business of newspaper publishing, the article of Mr. Fain should be read by the public at large.

Democrats shouldn't fall out over Republican reciprocity any more than Republicans should fall out over Democratic revision.

"We have enough coal to last us 7,330 years," says the Secretary of Commerce and Labor. Glad to hear it. We thought we hardly had enough to last us through the cold spell in March.

Every candidate for the United States Seneate is supposed to know his own business. Each will route himself and follow his own course. However, we are now satisfied that it's going to be lively.

Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson mingles his cry of alarm over the yellow men and booze. He goes upon the idea that if you drink booze the yellow men will get you. In The Star today will be found an interesting address by Captain Hobson.

The same Democrats who have objected to Col. Bryan all along have no right to be surprised when he objects to them. We don't know whether the Nebraskian would do such a thing or not, but the 'average man" is always ready to pay you back in your own coin.

The Hon. Richmond Pearson Hobson declares the Japanese will come right on over here and carry us off, if we don't get ready for them. The Japs are no doubt much obliged to him for the compliment but they don't want us bad enough to run the risk of getting caught by the California militia.

The best way to help your town is to liberally patronize its newspapers. The better they are supported the more far-reaching and influential they will be and the more good they will do for their communities. Newspapers are always on the publicity job, and they are at it morning and afternoon, frequently when the other boosters are sound asleep. The better newspapers are the better service they will render their town. Good support makes good newspapers.

## RECIPROCITY MEANS A DICKER.

It may as well be said that favoring reciprocity is not a test of Democracy. Reciprocity at best is a makeshift for tariff reduction. It is a Republican policy and plays second fiddle to the doctrine of protection. As used by Republicans, it furnishes the means of dickering with other nations, which might otherwise engage in a tariff war with us. It really is intended to form the basis for getting concessions out of other countries. As a matter of fact, reciprocity in the abstract may look beautiful, but in the concrete it may be no better than a horse trade with equal possibilities of either one of both traders getting stuck. Whichever nation gets the best of the trade by means of reciprocity, will find it a good thing, but it depends altogether on the sharpness of the reciprocity trader and upon the slickness of the parties to the dicker, as to which of two nations will get the best of a reciprocity deal.

Reciprocity is really a haphazard affair and represents no principle. It is a game which is played on a sliding scale, affording as many opportunities to slip up as to win. Democrats who favor reciprocity do so because they believe it makes a concession towards tariff revision or may afford some relief for excessive tariff schedules. If Democrats could do the trading in a reciprocity deal something beneficial might be expected of it, but with Republican protectionists making the trade, it is hardly supposed that they will make one that will hurt any of the interests which they so strenuously protect without thinking particularly about the interests of consumers.

Reciprocity with Canada may be a fine thing, or it may not. A Democrat can judge for himself whether it will or not, while another Democrat can take the opposite view from any other Democrat as to whatever view he takes of it. It is simply a difference of Democratic opinion over a Republican policy—not a principle. Reciprocity affords just as much opportunity to trade in behalf of protection as it does in behalf of lessening protection, and all it stands for is to open the way for a dicker one way or the other.

We say this because some Democrats have gotten it into their heads that reciprocity is Democratic and that a Democrat who can't stand for it has something wrong wtih his Democracy. Not so. A Democrat can believe whatever he likes about reciprocity and then get fooled like blazes about it. The best thing about reciprocity with Canada is that a Democratic Congress will pass on it, and it will afford them the first opportunity to make a blunder or win an achievement. The Republican Congress believed that they would take the blunder end of it and that is the reason it adjourned and saddled the responsibility on Champ Clark and his cohorts.

The whites are now interested in the Indian anthropoligical reasons, not to mention the scarcity of farm hands.

Speaking about Eastern North Carolina as a farming region, it might be recalled that a Columbus county farmer got tired storing his cotton and sold his crop for $11,000 a few days ago He was waiting until he could get 14 1-2 cents per pound for it, and in the meantime didn't have to borrow anything for the family to eat.

The most trusty of the stepping-stones to success is plenty of "rocks." The man who'll have the rocks is the man who patronizes the savings banks and has a "pile" ready when he starts out on the road to success. The best evidence of thrift in Wilmington is her solid savings banks which are chock full of money on which they pay depositors 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly.

Says the Robeson Advance: "Most everybody is boosting Lumberton." That is the reason we are hearing all sorts of good things about Lumberton. Those who are making Lumberton are Lumberton people. "They quit waiting for others to do it. When we quit inviting the other fellow and take hold ourselves, there is sure to be something doing. "The gods help those who help themselves."

The Commoner, the Hon. William J. Bryan's paper, does not believe that the "recall" for judges means "striking down the judiciary." At the same time it must be admitted that it opens the way to get on the trail of a judge who does something that won't elevate the judiciary. However, there is a way to get rid of that kind of a judge without the "recall." We shouldn't think a judge would waste time to decide whether he prefers to be recalled or impeached.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

Greensboro and Wilmington—the commission cities of North Carolina—will have to show other cities of the State the value of commission government. After being shown by cities in the State, perhaps the others will adopt this form.—Greensboro Telegram.

This brother of the Wilmington Star is real funny. Hear him—"Mr. Charles J. Lambe, who did legislative reporting at Raleigh, has returned to his old home at Greensboro and has gone on the staff of the Greensboro Record. Lambe is the only innocent thing connected with The Record. Mr. Lambe is not an innocent; he has been with The Record long enough to learn better.—Greensbro Record.

North Carolinians have contracted the habit of going to the front wherever they live. That is good news that comes from Oklahoma announcing the appointment of Hon. R. B. Boone as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. He is an able lawyer, and Oklahoma owes a big debt of gratitude to North Carolina for giving it Baxter Boone to adorn its supreme bench.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Word comes from Florida that Henry M. Flagler, the Standard Oil millionaire who has done great things for that State, is now, in his 81st year, almost entirely blind. His sight, poor for some time, has lately failed until he cannot see his signature as he writes. It is to be hoped that the afflicted man will at least find himself able to witness the inauguration of service over his "seagoing railroad" along the Florida keys between the mainland and Key West. —Charlotte Observer.

## DUTY OF VOTERS.

Suffrage is a privilege, not a natural right. Privilege imposes the greatest possible responsibility, because privilege is the reward of virtue. The theory of the law is that under given conditions the citizen acquires the quality of discretion necessary to the wholesome exercise of the suffrage. This is virtue. The right to vote is the highest political privilege —greater than the right to hold office, as the creator is greater than the creature.

Government is an incident of civilization, the protector of society. The idea of government involves two things—men and measures. As a rule, measures are the work of public sentiment, officeholders often the work of tricks and special interests. The "politicians" reckon that good measures allay the fears of the people, so a good platform on which to get in office. This is why the anomaly is often presented of good measures and bad government.

In bad government the people sleep —in good government the people control.

THIS IS WILMINGTON'S PROBLEM

### Nominating Petition for S. D. Bryant, Commissioner from First Ward.

The undersigned, duly qualified electors of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, and residing at the places set opposite our respective names, do hereby request that the name of S. D. Bryant be placed on the ballot for nomination for Counciman, at the primary election to be held in the City of Wilmington, on the third Tuesday of April, 1911.

We further state that we know him to be qualified elector of said City, in the First Ward, and a man of good moral character and qualified in our judgment for the duties of such office.

Names of qualified electors, with street and number:

E. S. Hancock, 902 Fifth street; R. M. Carney, 708 N. Third street; P. L. Page, 408 Brunswick street; H. W. Konig, 901 Fourth street; C. W. Craig, 505 Bladen street; J. H. Haskett, 917 N. Third street; J. A. Smith, 914 N. Fourth street; J. F. Sellers, 910 N. Fourth; C. T. Powell, Eighth and Nixon street; H. W. Kuhl, 822 N. Eighth; W. L. Burkheimer, 213 N. Fourth; A. H. Jones, 7 1-2 S. Second; A. B. Cowan, 212 Brunswick; L. D. Brown, 421 S Fourth; C. E. Scherer, 1020 N. Eighth; B. L. Brittain, Jr., 415 S. Second; T. R. Costin, 1022 N. Fourth; C. R. Pape, 922 N. Seventh; G. H. Seralp, 912 N. Sixth; H. T. B. Wrede, 903 Red Cross; Jas. B. Guthrie, Jr., 301 S. Sixth; B. J. Kuhlken, corner of Sixth and Bladen; R. P. Kuhl, 719 Bladen; R. M. Murray, 405 Harnett; J. E. Willson, 615 Princess; Thos. Powell, 105 N. Eighth; John E. Hewett, 508 S. Fifth; C. F. Numberger, 506 Castle; J. E. Winstead, 112 S. Ninth; R. R. Bellamy, 509 Market; J. W. Brooks, 504 S. Front; J. L. Anderson, 506 S. Fifth; R. F. Rowan, 607 Castle; H. W. Hunter, 609 Harnett; I. W. Solomon, 16 N. Seventh; L. B. Solomon, 616 Market; J. N. Demsey, 219N. Third. mc. 26-1t.

### Nominating Petition for Jno. J. Fowler, Councilman From Fourth Ward.

State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover:

The undersigned duly qualified electors of the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and residing at the places set opposite our respective names, do hereby request that the name of John J. Fowler be placed on the ballot for nomination for Councilman, at the primary election to be held in the city of Wilmington, on the Third Tuesday of April, 1911.

We further state that we know him to be a qualified elector of said city, in the Fourth Ward, and a man of good moral character, and qualified in our judgment for the duties of such office.

Name of qualified electors:

W. C. Montgomery, T. W. Wood, W. G. McCullen, H. F. Wilder, W. C. Peterson, I. Shrier, E. C. Lewis, W. R. Stewart, J. O. Reilly, Joseph D. Smith, F. A. Muse, A. C. Sneed, W. J. Davis, Walter Taft, H. K. Holden, T. B. Kingsbury, W. R. Kingsbury, R. F. Hamme, Jr., E. L. Avery, M. Rosemann, C. H. Dock, F. A. Bissinger, C. P. Vineburg, J. N. Fennell, W. J. Meredith, Ed L. Prince, Dr. Russell Bellamy, B. F. Rathjen, L. J. Merriman, Allison Alderman, J. W. Duls, R. F. Hamme, W. M. Hankins, R. R. Stone, H. McL. Green, E. D. Williams, C. R. Davis, J. J. Hopkins, F. K. J. Fuchs, W. W. Galloway, L. W. Davis, C. W. Polvogt, Jos. H. Watters, J. H. Hardin, D. Adrian Elvington, Jas. J. Darby, W. J. H. Bellamy, W. E. Connell, P. G. Register, J. R. Nance, J. V. Grainger, S. W. Sanders, E. H. Sneed, Robert R. Bellamy, William H. Green, T. D. Love, G. W. Chesnutt, J. G. Barentine, J. H. Bunting, J. W. Murchison, E. E. David, D. N. Chadwick, Jr., W. M. Atkinson, J. H. Hinton, H. C. McQueen, James M. Hall, R. M. Hall, J. B. Cranmer, M. D., J. O. Brody. mar 26-1t.

### Nominating Petition for W. E. Perdew, Councilman From Third Ward.

The undersigned duly qualified electors of the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and residing at the places set opposite our respective names hereto, do hereby request that the name of W. E. Perdew be placed on the ballot for nomination for Councilman, at the primary election to be held on Tuesday, the 18th day of April, 19 1.

We further state that we know him to be a qualified elector of said city, in the Third ward, and a man of good moral character and qualified in our judgment for the duties of such office.

Names of qualified electors, with street and number:

A. G. Warren, 512 Chestnut street; C. N. Evans, 914 Market street; H. C. McQueen, 318 South Front street; Wm. Calder, 311 North Third street; Jos. H. Watters, 110 Orange street; Geo. R. French, 302 S. Third street; C. W. Yates, 110 N. Fourth street; W. J. Craig, 117 South Fourth street; Robt. Scott, 19 N. Seventh street; S. J. Ellis, 216 N. Ninth street; Dan'l H. Penton, 220 N. Third street; A. M. Baldwin, 3 S. Fourth street; D. C. Love, 312 S. Front street; L. B. Rogers, 208 N. Fourth street; Clayton Giles, 305 S. Third street; J. J. Hopkins, 119 Church street; W. L. Parsley, 711 Market street; W. M. Peck, 311 S. Third street; M. J. Corbett, 119 S. Fourth street; W. G. Pulliam, 17 S. Fourth street; E. T. Huggins, 101 N. Sixth street; James F. Post, 112 N. Seventh street; J. H. Rehder, 801 Market street; Martin Rathjen, 520 Swann street; C. W. Worth, 412 S. Third street; Thos. H. Wright, 720 Market street; J. A. Taylor, 14 N. Seventh street; W. M. Stevenson, 17 S. Eighth street; Marcus W. Jacobi, 302 N. Third street; J. N. Jacobi, 316 Grace street; Jas. M. Hall, 214 S. Second street; T. W. Wood, 314 N. Second street; Edward C. Craft, 808 Market street; James Howard, 318 N. Third street. mar 25-3t

### Nominating Petition for B. C. Moore, Councilman from First Ward.

The undersigned duly qualified electors of the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and residing at the places set opposite our respective names hereto, do hereby request that the name of B. C. Moore be placed on the ballot for nomination for Councilman, at the primary election to be held on Tuesday, the 18th day of April, 1911.

We further state that we known him to be a qualified elector of said city, in the First Ward, and a man of good moral character and qualified in our judgment for the duties of such office.

Names of qualified electors, with street and number:

W. R. Taylor, 208 Walnut street; C. B. Newcombe, 507 Princess street; J. A. Salling, 703 N. Seventh street; C. S. Britt, 709 N. Fifth street; S. P. Raimes, J. P., 709 Grace street; G. W. Shepard, 211 Harnett street; W. D. Weathersbee, 707 Grace street; B. A. Mauney, 313 Grace street; T. P. Taylor, 619 Grace street; L. F. Gore, 205 N. Tenth street; Leon Corbett, 209 Walnut street; P. A. Taylor, 619 Grace street; G. A. Mauney, 313 Grace street; A. Dlugin, 713 N. Fourth street; B. C. Green, 212 Harnett street; W. V. Hales, 119 Harnett street; G. W. Ormsby, 307 Brunswick street; J. S. Williamson, 713 Red Cross street; A. M. Pate, 813 N. Third street; T. B. Prease, 526 S. Front street; M. J. Merritt, 411 Swan street; O. W. Styron, 706 N. Third street; R. E. Cox, 313 Harnett street; Joseph Chadwick, 301 Hanover street; S. T. Frink, 606 N. Fourth street; W. H. Scarborough, 13 N. Ninth street; J. G. Carney, 320 Church street; Louise Taylor, 508 Red Cross street; D. M. Beardsley, 307 Harnett street; W. M. Maultsby, 520 N. Third street; R. V. Kennedy, 717 N. Fourth street; G. W. Matthews, 813 N. Fifth street. mar 26tt.

FUTURE BUSINESS.

The young men of today will be the business men of the future. The young men who form the banking habit with this bank are laying the strongest kind of a foundation for a business career. Every young man should have a bank account and add to it regularly even if it is a small amount each week or month.

Banking by mail is simple when you have once begun with

The Southern National Bank

Not Sisters

Now and again you see two women passing down the street who look like sisters. You are astonished to learn that they are mother and daughter, and you realize that a woman at forty or forty-five ought to be at her finest and fairest. Why isn't it so?

The general health of woman is so intimately associated with the local health of the essentially feminine organs that there can be no red cheeks and round form where there is female weakness.

Women who have suffered from this trouble have found prompt relief and cure in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives vigor and vitality to the organs of womanhood. It clears the complexion, brightens the eyes and reddens the cheeks.

No alcohol, or habit-forming drugs is contained in "Favorite Prescription." Any sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. Every letter is held as sacredly confidential, and answered in a plain envelope. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N.Y.

GUARANTEED Kirschbaum Clothes. ALL WOOL HAND TAILORED

A Building

erected on a weak foundation is likely to cause trouble, in the same way it may be said that a suit of clothes made out of a part cotton fabric is sure to give unsatisfactory wear. That is the reason why only all wool fabrics are used in making

Kirschbaum Hand-Tailored Clothes

Starting with the best fabrics for a foundation, all of the other materials are as carefully selected. The result is that every part of a Kirschbaum suit or top coat like "The Deacon's one-horse shay" is as serviceable as every other part and the wearer is sure of most satisfactory service.

In addition, he has the pleasure of being dressed in clothes that are the latest expression of style.

The Spring line is now on display and invites your most careful examination. Prices

$15 to $25

Boys' Knee Pants, 25c to $1.50, big assortment.

Boys' Wash Suits, 50c to $1.98, fast colors.

J. H. REHDER & COMPANY
The Firm That Pays Your Car Fare.

Thomasville, N. C., March 25.—The Lambert Furniture Company plant here was destroyed this evening. The flames had gained such headway when discovered that nothing could be saved. The loss is estimated at $40,000. Insurance $8,000. Nearly one hundred people were thrown out of employment. Origin of the fire is unknown.

### To the Beach.

Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

BEACHWOOD
Creamery Butter

34 Tubs Creamery Butter.
19 Tubs Gold Medal Butter.
41 Full Cream Cheese.
27 Light Skimmed Cheese.
47 Bags I. C. Potatoes.
21 Bags W. B. Potatoes.
34 Bags R. B. Potatoes.
6 Cars No. 1 Timothy Hay.
2 Cars No. 1 Mixed Hay.
1 Car Field Peas.
1 Car Spanish Seed Peanuts.

W. B. COOPER
IMPORTER AND JOBBER.
mh26-tf

Franklin Cigars

40,000 Franklin Cigars.
20,000 Country Gentleman.
15,000 Cry-o-fine.
5,000 Muckalee.

We are distributors for the above celebrated lines and will be glad to have your orders. Can name attractive prices.

D. L. Gore Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Wilmington, N. C.
mh26-tf

HOW TO VOTE

We are Banner Leaders.

Our Etxra Fancy Dressed Poultry and Prime Fat Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork and Sausage, Hams and Bacon; Fresh Eggs and Spring Vegetables.

HOPKINS & DAVIS
FRONT STREET MARKET:
Stalls— Phones—
Nos. 1 and 2, N. Side. 141.
No. 1 and 3, S. Side. 128.
mh26-tf

For Rent

Four beautiful offices and one bed room, with all the conveniences that anyone could wish for. Hot and cold water, heat, light and janitor service free in every room. Bed room has private bath. These rooms are located in the most desirable place in Wilmington.

Apply to

J. M. SOLKY
Grand Theatre Building.
mh26-tf

A Place Where Ladies Can Have Their Shoes Shined

Buy your shoes from us and we will give you five tickets, each good for a shine, and you can come in any time that you are down town, and have your shoes shined free of charge. If you don't buy your shoes from us, come in, and you can have your shoes shined for 5 cents. The only place in Wilmington where a lady can have her shoes shined.

Wilmington Shoe Co.
217 N. Front Street. L. W. WESSELL, Manager.
mh26-28-31-3t

It's Time to Cross the Bridge to Prosperity

Four Per Cent Paid on Savings, Subject to Withdrawal Any Time.

You can do it easily. The starting of an account at This Bank is the first step; if kept up regularly, "the trick is done." This will take you across. It is the one absolutely safe and convenient way to save money. Bring a small account here and get started right. Compound interest will assist you to add to the sum.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Company
Southern Building—Opposite Postoffice.

PAINT TIPS NO. 1

The use of good paint is an INVESTMENT, not an EXPENSE. "TENACITY BRAND" paint is the result of years of study and labor on the part of our chemists and we now know that we manufacture the BEST paint on the market. Let us tell you why.

Atlantic Paint & Varnish Works
Manufacturers.
'Phone 343.
mh26-tf

# SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Misses Nellie and Bessie Strickland left yesterday morning for an extended visit to friends and relatives in Lakeland and Tampa, Fla.

* * *

### ARRANGEMENTS FOR ANNUAL TOURNAMENT.

Members of the Cape Fear Golf Club are getting ready for the men's annual championship tournament, which will be held on the links of the club Easter Monday, April 17th. This is always the greatest golfing event of the year among members of the club and there are many contestants. Qualifying rounds for 18-holes may be played during the week ending Thursday, April 13th. The Greens committee, composed of Mr. R. H. Gwaltney, captain, Messrs. John J. Blair, A. S. Williams and C. McD. Davis, has issued the following circular with reference to the tournament:

"(1) All qualifying scores must be turned in to Greens committee and attested before Thursday, April 13th, at 6 P. M. (2) Before commencing qualifying round all players must notify captain of greens, or member of greens committee, that score is to count for classification in the match. (3) All entries will be divided into four flights with eight players in each of the first three flights, and all others forming the fourth flight. (4) The eight players turning in the best scores in the qualifying round of 18 holes shall constitute the first flight from which the club's team will be selected, and the other flights classified according to their respective qualifying scores. (5) In the qualifying rounds players may select their partners by engagement. (6) In the match play rounds players shall be paired according to their scores in the qualifying round, and the play will be on the play to a finish plan. (7) Cups will be awarded to the winners in each flight, and one-half dozen golf balls to the "runner-up" in each flight. The first flight prize will be the president's cup; the second will be the vice president's cup; the third will be the captain of greens' cup, and the fourth will be the board of governors' cup. (8) Attention is called to the fact that 'stymies' will be played in the match play round. (9) Play in this tournament will be governed strictly in accordance with the ground rules as posted in the men's club house to which the attention of all players is directed."

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Capt. R. P. Paddison, of Point Caswell, was in the city yesterday on a business trip.

—Friends of Miss Hopie Barnes will be glad to learn that she is rapidly recovering from a recent illness of six weeks.

—Mr. W. H. Plummer, night clerk at The Orton, is spending a few days at his old home at Middleburg, near Henderson, N. C.

—Greensboro Telegram: "Mr. and Mrs. Walter Buhmann have gone to Sampson county, where Mr. Buhman will engage in the lumber business."

—Judge C. M. Cooke was in the city last night on his way from Southport, where he held court last week, to Fayetteville, where he will preside over Cumberland Superior Court this week.

—Mr. D. E. Harllee, of Greensboro, was in the city yesterday on business. He left in the afternoon for Marion, S. C., and accompanied by his wife, who is visiting relatives there, will leave this morning for Greensboro.

—Friends of Mr. Clarence Myers will regret to know that he underwent an operation yesterday for appendicitis at the hospital. The attack was not acute and friends of Mr. Myers confidently hope for and expect his early recovery.

—Raleigh News and Observer: "Mr. H. G. Bowden, associate secretary of the Wilmington Young Men's Christian Association, who was here to attend the citizens' dinner in the Metropolitan Hall Thursday night, returned home yesterday afternoon, having gained new enthusiasm from the way Raleigh is responding to the call to duty."

—Dr. C. F. Strosnider, formerly of this city, but now connected with the State Board of Health in the campaign against hookworm disease, has been here for several days and in company with Prof. Washington Catlett, visited several schools in the county delivering lectures on the disease. He will remain for a few days longer and other schools will be visited.

### LOCAL DOTS.

—License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. Early Ellis and Miss Lillie Robinson, both of Wilmington.

—Rev. C. F. Whitlock will fill his pulpit at Brooklyn Baptist Church today at the usual hours. His subject this morning will be "Looking to Jesus," and this evening "Opening the Eyes of the Young." All are cordially invited.

—On account of a misunderstanding of the date and the failure of Prof. J. A. Bivins, of the State Teachers' Training Department, to arrive the monthly meeting of the New Hanover County Teachers' Association was postponed from yesterday until Saturday morning of this week.

—Copies of the screen ordinance, which is effective April 1st, were recently printed and Chief of Police N. J. Williams yesterday had officers distributing the same among the merchants and market men of the city. The law, it is said, will be rigidly enforced without fear or favor.

—Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: D. N. Chadwick, Jr., to R. F. Beasley and wife, for $166, lots 8 and 20 block E, Winter Park Heights; Navassa Guano Co., to John W. Harper, for $13,000, lot on northwest corner Water and Princess streets, the same having a frontage of 66 feet on Water street and running back to the river; Marsden Bellamy, Jr., and wife and C. D. Weeks and wife to James Joy and wife, for 10 and other considerations, lot on west side of Seventh, 172 feet north of Howard, 33x150 feet in size.

"All Star Vaudeville."
Four acts at Crystal Palace. **

# PLANS FOR BRIGADE BAZAAR

**Big Event to Be Held at Armory Next Week—Large Number of Persons Engaged In Arranging Different Features.**

More than one hundred persons are enthusiasticaly engaged in the promotion of plans for the Spring bazaar to be held at the Boys' Brigade armory Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 3rd, 4th and 5th. These plans are quite elaborate and extensive and embrace many pleasant and practical features.

There will be eight booths, decorated in the most delightful manner, in various colors and embracing several graceful designs. The ice cream booth, in charge of a committee of young ladies from Grace M. E. church will be situated in the southeast corner of the spacious auditorium. This will be decorated in pure white and will represent a Winter scene in all details complete. The fancy goods booth is situated on the north side of the room, and is of half circular form and will be decorated in green and pink. In this booth many beatiful and useful fancy articles of various kinds may be found on sale, and unlike many sales of this character, the prices will be very low for the class of goods offered. This will give purchasers an opportunity for securing something at a real bargain until all is sold. The flower booth will be situated in the southwest corner and will be of rustic pattern and will represent a beautiful flower garden where cut flowers and potted plants, as well as beautiful flower baskets, may be bought at a very low price.

The Gypsy camp will be found on the west side of the room where a full band of gypsies will be encamped and where they will be ready to tell your fortunes, trade a horse or smoke a pipe with you. This will be one of the finest scenes in the bazaar.

The ever popular country store will be a more elaborate affair this year than ever before. This will be on the south side of the hall and will be of characteristic design and will contain a full line of articles usually found in such an emporium. The merchants of the city are very generous in their donations to this store and the stock will be fresh and large, and everything will go at a bargain. The genial store-keepers, Messrs. B. F. Brittain and A. J. Beach, will have personal charge of this feature and they assure their friends that only the best treatment will be accorded their customers, even going so far as to guarantee eggs and butter.

Another beautiful booth is that for soft drinks, fruit and peanuts. This will be placed on the east side of the room next to the entrance. The design is square with an oval roof and will be decorated in pure red. This will be in charge of the ever jovial Mr. John McAllister, who will be glad to meet all his thirsty friends and cater to their needs, as wel as relieve them of their hard earned cash.

In the center of the room will be found the candy booth where candy may be purchased from young ladies equally as sweet as the article sold, a booth where young men are to be entertained and separated from their money, getting in exchange much sweetness and pleasant smiles. This booth will be decorated in yellow and black and will be one of the most beautiful in the room. To some the most popular booth will be the cafe in charge of Mrs. W. A. McGowan and a large committee of other ladies. This will be found in the large room just to the rear of the auditorium. It is planned to decorate this room in the beautiful manner possible, the idea being to decorate it so as to represent a German garden where lunch may be eaten under wide spreading trees, Chinese lanterns and all the rest which go into such a scheme. Delightful refreshments consisting of chicken salad, chicken and ham sandwiches, oysters, coffee, chocolate and many other good things may be secured. No high prices will be charged.

The committee is planning to entertain not less than 1,200 to 1,500 people on the three nights of this bazaar. Each night will have its special programme of entertainment and the Brigade orchestra will be present to play during each evening. It is thought that this will be the greatest bazaar ever held by the Brigade. Everybody should plan to attend at least one of the three evenings.

—Mr. H. deW. Rapalje, chairman of the publicity committee of the Wilmington Civic League, yesterday morning received a request from the treasurer of the American Civic Association, Washington, D. C., for 100 copies of the address of Mr. J. Horace McFarland, president of that organization, who spoke here a few weeks ago under the auspices of the civic committee of North Carolina Sorosis. The address is being printed in pamphlet form and the League will comply with the request.

### MAKES GOOD, HEALTHY FLESH.

**J. Hicks Bunting Co., Offers to Pay for Samose If It Fails.**

Begin the use of Samose today, and you will soon notice a gain in good, healthy flesh to all who are thin, weak and run-down, this remarkable flesh-forming food, promises plump, rosy, perfect health, vigor and vitality.

Most people eat enough to become fat; the trouble is not lack of food, but lack of assimilative power.

Samose mingles with the food that is eaten, so that it is assimilated by the blood and builds up pleasing plumpness and good healthy flesh. Those who use Samose for a week or ten days will soon notice a gain in weight and an improvement in general strength and health.

Samose is in tablet form, pleasant to take, and is sold by one of the most reputable drug stores in Wilmington and J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., under their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

**To the Beach.**

Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

# ..Theatrical..

"A Matinee Idol" was presented at the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon and night by DeWolff Hopper, Louise Dresser and company. The attendance was considered very good at both performances. The show was splendid and well presented. Mr. Hopper, in the leading role, was splendid, keeping the audience in a roar of laughter all the time he was on the stage. He seemed to be at his best, and, of course, to those who have seen him this is enough said. Miss Dresser was also good in her songs. Miss Dorothy Webb, as Lucy Gray, was another good character, in fact, one of the best. She possesses a very sweet voice and her dancing was grace itself. Her song "Little Lady in the Moon" was decidedly the hit of the show. Another song hit was by Mr. Hopper and chorus, "Autographs." Mr. George Mack, as Jimmie Grant, deserves special mention and his work was exceedingly clever.

**The Vaudeville—Crystal Palace.**

The past week has been a very successful one at the Palace theatre. Madam Wanda, being the chief attraction. It has taken nearly a whole week for the public to place the necessary confidence in such a work as to make it most beenficial, and there have now been so many requests for further interviews and interrogations, and owing to the limited number that it is possible to answer in a theatre performance, Mr. Peiffer has communicated with Wanda's agent and arranged for her appearance here all of this week. There will be several matinees given exclusively for ladies and the days set will be announced later. In addition, a complete vaudeville programme will be given; three additional acts, prominent among which are two soubrettes—Miss Olive De Arden, a charming entertainer, and an excellent comedian will also appear. This constitutes an elaborate programme which is bound to please with its variety and features.

**Grand Theatre.**

The week just closed has been a big one in an artistic way as well as from the point of attendance, which goes to prove that the Grand is keeping right up to the high standard set by the management in the beginning. The week beginning tomorrow will be a continuation of the good things that have been offered and promises to even eclipse anything that has yet been shown. Several feature films are being engaged especially for the presentation during the coming week. Mr. Henry, the baritone, has gotten an entirely new bunch of songs and Grandites will be peased to learn that among the collection will be found several of the very latest ballads. The orchestra, which is always a great attraction and worth the small admission charge, will play on tomorrow's programme a selection from De Wolf Hopper's "Matinee Idol." The doors at the Grand open daily at 11 A. M. and for an ideal place to spend an hour the Grand has no equal.

**Bijou.**

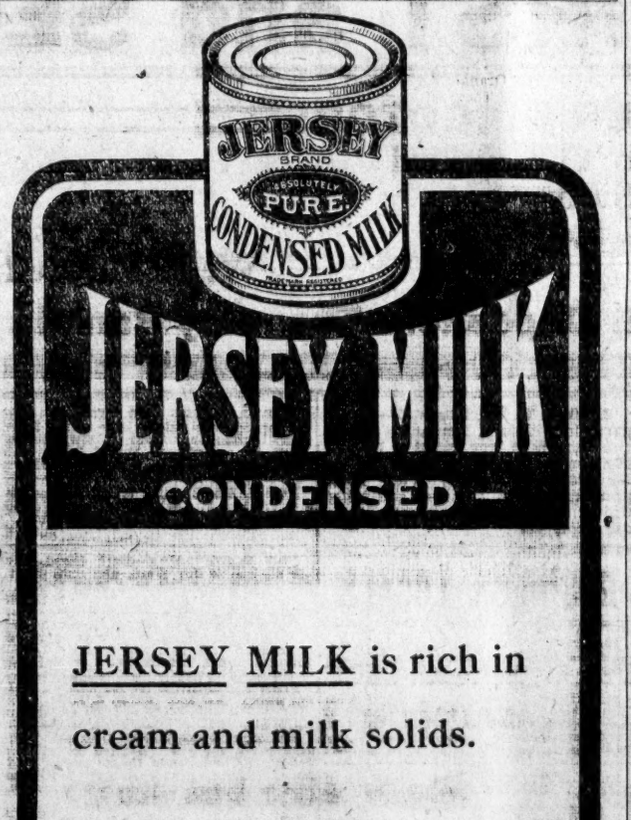
The Bijou gloriously rounded out another big week last night. It was the usual Saturday jam, each one of the over 600 seats being filled at every performance, and quite a line of folks on the outside patiently waiting to get inside. The ventilation in the Bijou is fine, and during the warm weather the arrangement is such as to make the theatre a regular airdome. The past week was one of the biggest in the history of the Bijou for attendance, and, judging by the lavish praise of Bijouites it was a record-breaker for artistic success. But as bright and splendid as was the past week's bill, the Bijou management claims that the programmes of the present week, presenting everything new daily, will be superior to last wek's offerings. The present week's big bunch of good things will be inaugurated tomorrow afternoon, when three reels of new films and a new illustrated song by Mr. Frank Banks will be presented.

**Joyland.**

The little Market street play house received its share of the Saturday crowds yesterday, and everyone was delighted with the performance presented. The feature film for Monday will be "The Heroic Newsboy," which is a thriller from start to finish and this will be followed by two other high-class films. Mr. Reilly and Mr. Armstrong will each have a new up-to-date song on, and they are making a tremendous hit with Joyland patrons. Two songs instead of one is an innovation in Wilmington and the people are appreciating and taking advantage of it, too.

**Has Millions of Friends.**

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklen's Arnica Salve does? Its astounding cures in the past forty years made them. It's the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swellings, bruises, cold sores. Has no equal for piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.




JERSEY MILK
— CONDENSED —

JERSEY MILK is rich in cream and milk solids.

JERSEY MILK is prepared only from unskimmed fresh milk.

JERSEY MILK is pure.

Ask your grocer.

*STORE FOR RENT*
*No. 16 S. Front St.*

*From Oct. 1st. Many years occupied by S. Behrends for a furniture store, who has gone out of business.*

*Enquire at his residence,*
*No. 517 Dock Street.*

"ASK BILL"

After all it isn't what the manufacturer, the dealer, or the salesman says that turns the trick--nor is it luck.

It isn't good salesmanship or clever advertising that makes an article the leader. The goods must be *better* than the advertising.

If we ever sell you a Chalmers it will be through your friend Bill. He is the man who really sells goods

You listen to our salesman while he expatiates on the merits of the car he is trying to sell you, but when he is gone you ask Bill.

You read our advertisements, but before you accept our statements, you ask Bill.

You know we have an interest in making you believe what we say; that our salesman is paid to convince you,--but Bill doesn't care whether we sell you or not.

He tells you the truth without fear or favor. Bill knows and what Bill says goes.

It will pay you to "Ask Bill."

CHALMERS "FORTY"

| | |
|---|---|
| Touring Car | $2,750 |
| Torpedo Body | $3,000 |
| Roaster | $2,750 |

CHALMERS "30"

| | |
|---|---|
| Touring Car | $1,500 |
| Pony Tonneau | $1,600 |
| Roadster | $1,500 |
| Limousine | $3,000 |
| Landaulet | $3,000 |
| Coupe | $2,400 |

GIBBES-MACHINERY CO.
10 WENTWORTH ST., CHARLESTON, S. C. 804 GERVAIS ST., COLUMBIA, S. C.

111 Chestnut Street, Wilmington, N. C.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
DENTISTRY
at about one-half the price you have been paying by calling at
DR. CULBEETH'S
DENTAL PARLORS
corner Front and Princess street. Remember we guarantee all our work.
Crown and Bridge Work a specialty. Somnaform administered for painless extraction.
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COAL!---BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!---WOOD!

| | |
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| King's Windsor Wall Plaster, | Cypress Shingles, |
| Atlas Portland Cement, | Tin Shingles, |
| Lehigh Portland Cement, | Peach Bottom Slate, |
| Creamoline Hydrated Lime, | Rubber Roofing, |
| Gager's White Rock Lime, | Tar Paper, |
| Plaster Paris, | Sheathing Paper, |
| Marble Dust, | Slater's Felt, |
| Water-Proofing for Cement, | Laths, |
| Press Brick, | Fire Brick and Clay. |

W. B. THORPE & CO.
Phone 789

Attention, Grocery Clerks

The ten retail grocers or clerks in North Carolina first selling, after reading this, ten pounds of Luzianne Coffee to ten different customers and sending us the names and addresses of those customers, will be sent either a nice souvenir paper weight or clothes brush. Write names and addresses plainly. Guarantee every pound of Luzianne Coffee. Coffee.

The Reily-Taylor Company
New Orleans, La.

# ABSOLUTELY SAFE!

**Government Charter -:- Government Control**
**Government Security**

4% | CAPITAL . . . . . $250,000.00
Stockholders' Liability . . . . . $250,000.00 | 4%

The Only National Bank in This Section That Has Savings Department Governed and Regulated by the United States Government, Paying 4% Compound Interest Quarterly.

# The American National Bank

**WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA**

## Our New Interest Quarter Begins APRIL the FIRST and SECOND

**OUR DIRECTORS**

Jos. T. King, Geo. W. Huggins, Cuthbert Martin, Geo. O. Gaylord, V. Sidbury, J. J. Hopkins, Archie G. Warren, Herbert McClammy, Thos. E. Cooper, W. B. Cooper, W. B. McClellan

**This Bank Offers More Protection to SAVINGS Depositors Than Any Bank in This Section of the Carolinas**


### SUNDAY SERVICES.

**Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.**

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of lesson sermon, "Reality." All are invited.

Trinity M. E. church, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, corner of Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. Dr. Mead.—Morning prayer, 11 o'clock. Evening Prayer, 4:30 o'clock. Sunday school, 3:45 o'clock. Rt. Rev. Robert Strange will preach at the morning service. Seats free. All are welcome.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Holy communion at 7:30; morning prayer and sermon at 11; confirmation class at 5 P. M. Evening prayer and sermon at 8 P. M. Subject of Morning Sermon: "Temptation Necessary to Salvation." Subject of Evening Sermon, "What is Christianity?" The rector will organize the confirmation class in the afternoon, looking forward to the coming of the Bishop for confirmation on the Wednesday before Easter. All persons considering confirmation are urged to be present at this 5 o'clock meeting in the church. A cordial welcome to all to all the services of the church.

Dock Street Christian church, Dock street between Third and Fourth.—Regular services Lord's Day morning and evening. Bible School at 10 A. M. Morning sermon at 11 A. M.; Evening sermon at 7:30 P. M.; Christian Endeavor at 6:45 P. M.; Special music. The holy ordinance of baptism will be administered at the evening service. The public cordially invited. Strangers always welcome. Rev. C. Manly Morton, pastor.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor.—Fourth Sunday in Lent. German service, 11 A. M. English service, 7:30 P. M.; Sunday school, 3:30 P. M.; Christian Association, 4:30 P. M.; Midweek Lenten service, Wednesday, 4 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Grace M. E. church, corner of Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—At 11 A. M., sermon by the pastor; at 3:30 P. M., Sunday school; at 7:30 P. M., special sermon on home life. The fifth in the series on the Decalogue. Good music at all these services. You are invited.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. H. E. Beatty, pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Lenten services Wednesday evening at 8 P. M. You are welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. church (The Homelike Church), preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams.—The public cordially invited to all services of the church.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Platt & Haar—Art.
W. B. Cooper—Butter.
J. M. Solky—For Rent.
I. Shrier—Easter Suits.
S. Behrends—Store for Rent.
B. C. Moore—For Councilman.
C. C. Parker—For Councilman.
Wilmington Shoe Co.—A Place.
S. D. Bryant—For Councilman.
Hopkins & Davis—How to Vote.
D. L. Gore Co.—Franklin Cigars.
Dr. N. A. Culbreth—You Can Get.
Wm. L. Smith—For Councilman.
Sol Bear & Co.—Scuppernong Wine.
Concord Chapter—Special Convocation.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Advance Spring Styles
Wilmington Shoe Co.—Shoe Shine Parlor.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—The Time.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Spring Millinery Opening.
Atlantic Paint & Varnish Works—Paint Tips.
Southern National Bank—Future Business.
American National Bank — Absolutely Safe.
Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—April 1st, 2nd.
A. David Co.—Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothing.

**To the Beach.**

Cars to the beach every half hour this afternoon.

## VARIOUS COLLEGE GAMES IN STATE

(Continued from Page One.)

led for this afternoon between the Cleveland Americans and the New Orleans Southern League club. A game is scheduled for Sunday..

**Pitched No-Hit Game.**

Charlottesville, Va., March 25.—In today's baseball game with Randolph-Macon College, which Virginia won 3 to 0, Southpaw Rixey, a nephew of former Surgeon General Rixey, of the Navy, pitched a no-hit game. Of the 27 batters who faced him, one was given a free pass and another reached first on errors, but both were put out by Rixey before reaching second.

**Big Leaguers in the South.**

Louisville, Ky., March 25.—By better hitting and superior base running, the Cincinnati Nationals defeated the Louisville team of the American Association here today by the score of 6 to 4.

The score:

Cincinnati .... ..111 010 002—6 12 2
Louisville .... ..000 101 200—4 9 2

Fromme, Suggs and McLean; Newton, Baker, Lakoff and Allen.

**More Crepe for Robison.**

St. Louis, March 25.—The St. Louis National League baseball team won the first game of the Spring series from the local American League club today by a score of 10 to 2. The players wore crepe in memory of Stanley Robison, owenr of the Nationals who died yesterday.

**Got Fifth Home-Run.**

Chraleston, S. C., March 25.—Baker, of the Philadelphia Americans, got his fifth home-run of the series here in the game this afternoon. The visitors won 3 to 0. Philadelphia goes to Columbia for aseries of games next week.

Philadelphia .. ..002 100 00x—3 7 1
Charleston .. ....000 000 000—0 3 0

Coombs, Bender and Lapp and Livingston; O'Horn and Luskey.

**Nationals at Atlanta.**

Atlanta, Ga., March 25.—Timely hitting by the Brooklyn Nationals gave them the game from the Atlanta Southern League team this afternoon by the score of 3 to 2.

Brooklyn .. .. ..000 200 001—3 5 1
Atlanta .....100 000 001—2 7 1

**Leaguers Visit Columbia.**

Columbia, S. C., March 25.—The wildness of the Columbia pitchers and good base-running by Philadelphia gave today's game to the first squad of the Philadelphia Nationals by a score of 4 to 2.

The score:

Philadelphia .. ...00 200 011—4 3 0
Columbia .. .. ...020 000 000—2 4 4

Ewing, Moore and McDonough and Dooin; Fulenwider, Sterling, Barry and Powell and Covenry.

Dalas, Texas, March 25.—Rain prevented the exhibition game today between the Dallas, Texas, League team and a division of the New York Nationals.

Columbus, Ga., March 25.—In a one-sided game in which the visitors did not reach third until the seventh inning and scored only in the sixth, Columbus defeated Toronto 7 to 8 this afternoon.

Anniston, Ala., March 25.—The Montgomery Southerners were defeated by the Rochester Hustlers in a hitting game here this afternoon by the score of 13 to 7.

**Nominating Petition for C. C. Parker, Councilman From Fifth Ward.**

The undersigned duly qualified electors of the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and residing at the places set opposite our respective names hereto, do hereby request that the name of C. C. Parker be placed on the ballot for nomination for Councilman, at the primary election to be held on Tuesday, the 18th day of April, 1911.

We further state that we know him to be a qualified elector of said city, in the Fifth Ward, and a man of good moral chaarcter and qualified in our judgment for the duties of such office.

Names of qualified electors, with street and number:

J. D. James, 704 S. Sixth street; R. S. Pridgen, 416 Castle street; W. R. Kingsbury, 512 N. Third street; W. B. Savage, 720 S. Sixth street; Walter P. Gafford, 819 S. Fifth street; E. J. W. Anders, 105 N. Ninth street; J. T. Brown, 502 Castle street; E. W. Hewlett, 214 1-2 Castle street; H. S. Schwartz, 309 Queen street; J. H. Curtis, 809 S. Fifth street; R. L. Pittman, 813 S. Fifth street; W. H. Register, 308 S. Sixth street; Theo. Schrader, Jr., 306 N. Ninth street; D. J. Prease, 302 Brunswick street; T. B. Prease, 526 S. Front street; S. C. Winner, 215 Market street; J. W. Voss, 617 S. Front street; Wilmington Fruit Co., 215 Market street; W. E. Etheridge, 1703 Princess street; J. P. Hopewell, 606 Church street; W. B. Klander, 803 S. Third street; Lafayette King, 809 S. Fourth street; W. M. Dixon, 514 Church street; R. F. Rowan, 607 Castle street; J. E. Haar, 118 N. Third street; H. D. Oldenbuttal, 10 N. Tenth street; W. R. Bradshaw, 811 S. Tenth street; R. E. Wintham, 617 S. Fifth street; A. F. Cox, 718 S. Sixth street.

mar 26-1t.

Rockport, Miss,. March 26.—An unknown negro was lynched near here today by a mob composed of about 50 men, after he had shot and killed Daniel Basley, a white farmer. The negro was captured by a posse and was being hurried to the town jail when his captors were overtaken by the mob, which forced his captors to give up the prisoner. No further trouble is anticip ated.

### CARD OF THANKS.

I desire to thank all my good friends who have been so kind to me and my daughter, Lillian, in our sickness and especially to my dear wife during her last illness and death. The people are so kind, and God is so good, and in our great sorrow they have shown their love and sympathy in service.

MONTGOMERY HEWETT.
No 2 Queen street.

Bluefield, W. Va., March 25.—A mob gave John Henry Morgan, a negro, two minutes to pray and then lynched him tonight after which they riddled his body with bullets. Two hours previous Morgan had shot and killed Grover Lambert, a contractor of Cedar Bluff, Va.

## BUSINESS LOCALS

**WANTED**—Position as chauffeur by experienced man. Can furnish references. Address L. T. Cook, Spray, N. C. mh26-1t*

**FOUND** — Lots of articles by Madam Wanda last week. Ask for information of your lost valuables the coming week at the Crystal Palace. She appears again, by special arrangement. mh26-1t

**EGGS FOR HATCHING** — Plymouth Rock, R. I. Reds and Black Minorcas. Pure bred, $1.50 per 15. Winter Park Poultry Yards, Winter Park Gardens, Wilmington, N. C. mh26-1t*

**RUSH, RUSH**—That is just what I am doing. Rus...ng wall paper on. I have a fine line of Leather Rolls and Lincrusta Walton just arrived this week and my prices are the very lowest for first class work. I also do painting, graining, sign painting and decorating. Drop me a card. S. Hodgetts, 417 S. 6th st. mh26-1t*

**REFINED YOUNG** lady desires furnished room in private family. References exchanged. State price. Address Post Office Box 631, City. mh26-1t

**EXPERIENCED** colored seamstress wants sewing by day. Terms reasonable. Call or write, 515 Dock st. References. mh26-1t*

**WANTED**—By April 1st or 10th, two or three rooms for light housekeeping, in private family. Address "W. H. C." care Star. mh26-1t*

**NOTHING GOES** like money, when it goes; nothing grows like money, when it grows. You have tried letting it go, now try letting it grow, by taking stock in the People's Building and Loan Association. The best way to save or buy a home. New series opens Saturday, April 1st. For particulars, see Wm. E. Bordeaux, Pres.; J. W. H. Fuchs, Vice-Pres.; Woodus Kellum, Attorney; D. R. Foster, Sec'y and Treas. Office, 206 Princess st. mh26-tf

**FOR SALE**—Vacant corner lot about 70x80. This is a rare bargain. See us Monday. Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh26-2t

**FOR SALE**—Vacant lot on Castle street, in a location that is improving daily. Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh26-2t

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**MARKET STREET PROPERTY**—Lot on Market, between 13th and 14th, 66 feet front and 132 feet deep; also lot 33 feet front, facing on 13th street. All for $2,750; a rare bargain. Has two good houses on lot. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. mh26-1t

**LARGE FRONT ROOM** can be had by two young men or married couple. Electric lights, telephone, modern conveniences. Board, if desired. Apply 216 North Second street. Telephone 775. mh26-3t

**BREAD, CAKES AND PIES**—We have the largest wholesale bakery in the State. Special attention to out of town orders. Write for our prices. Farris' Bakery, 109 South Front st.; P. O. Box 480. mh26-1bm

**FOR SALE**—Gasoline launch, 24 feet by 5 feet; 12-H.-P. 2-cylinder engine. Perfect condition. Cheap. P. O. Box 233, City. mh26-1t*

**FOR COUNCILMAN**—Fifth Ward. We, the citizens of 5th Ward, announce W. V. Sellars as a candidate from Fifth Ward. mh26-6t*

**WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH** cottage for sale. For particulars, call on us. Smith & Lord, agts., Insurance and Real Estate, 120 Princess street. 'Phone 765. mh26-3t

**FINE RESIDENCE** lot for sale on Walnut street, near 3rd. Smith & Lord, Agts. mh26-2t

**BIG TRACT OF LAND**—Over one thousand acres, for sale. Located on Atlantic Coast Line and Castle Hayne public road. Splendid location for factory and home sites for employees. Smith & Lord, Agts., 120 Princess street. 'Phone 766. mh26-tf

**FARM FOR SALE**—1,428 acres, near Evergreen; 160 acres under cultivation. A splendid cotton farm; the best of land. Will sell cheap. B. H. Harnly, Real Estate Agent, Chadbourn, N. C. mh26-1t*

**FARM FOR SALE**—500 acres at Lake Waccamaw; 150 acres under cultivation. Lying on R. R. and adjoining the town, near the lake. A bargain. B. H. Harnly, Real Estate Agent, Chadbourn, N. C. mh26-1t*

**McCASKEY ACCOUNT** Register; good as new. I have a one hundred and twenty account McCaskey Register, that I will sell cheap. Reason for selling, have adopted cash business. M. B. Humphrey, Jacksonville, N. C. mh26-1t*

**WANTED**—Rooms for light housekeeping; near Post office. "Rooms," care Star. mh26-1t*

**CORNER LOT**, Red Cross Street, near A. C. L. office for sale. Smith & Lord, Agts., 120 Princess street; 'phone 766. mh26-2t

**FOR RENT**—Wharf property, foot of Church street, 264 ft. water front; 818 Dock street, perfect order, modern; 14 S. 9th street, modern home. See M. C. Darby & Co., 114 1-2 Princess st. mh26-1t

**AGENTS**—$500 month selling Auto Necessity. Repairs punctures in one minute good as new. Write today. Washington Merchandising Co., 2027 H st., N. W., Washington, D. C. mh26-1t*

**MEN, WOMEN**—Earn $7.00 daily, distributing Needit; something new; every woman wants one; fascinating work; experience unnecessary; outfit free; write today. Needit Company, Cincinnati, Ohio. mh26-1t*

**WANTED**—Ladies to take subscriptions for Leslie's Weekly. F. J. Bulger, Southern Hotel. mh26-1t*

**SALESMEN WANTED**—To sell Leslie's Weekly. Apply F. J. Bulger, Southern Hotel. mh26-1t*

**WANTED**—Man capable of doing bookkeeping and stenographic work. Very good position for right man. Good references required. Southern Hat Co., 414-416 North Front street, Wilmington, N. C. mh26-1t

**WANTED**—Traveling man with experience in wholesale men's hats with territory to cover Eastern North Carolina and South Carolina. Address Southern Hat Co., 414-416 North Front street, Wilmington, N. C. mh26-1t

**LOST**—On Princess or Front streets, a charm of two claws, gold mounted. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to Mr. Clark, Stone's office, North Water street. mh26-1t*

**CHAUFFEUR GRADUATE** desires position May first. Can repair any gasoline car. Box 282, Raleigh, N. C. mh26-1t*

**CONCORD CHAPTER, NO. 1, R. A. M.** Companions: There will be a Special Convocation Monday evening, March 27th, 1911, for the installation of officers and to confer the Mark and Past Master's degrees. By order of the High Priest.

W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.
mh26-1t

**FOR RENT**—A seven-room house, with modern conveniences. Possession given at once. For particulars, apply to 215 Grace st. mh26-tf

**NOTICE**—For Sale, three pool tables at a bargain. For prices, see J. E. Taylor, corner 5th and Castle sts., city. mh26-3t*

**WANTED**—Three or four rooms, furnished for light housekeeping, or one large room with board. Address "M. Q. S." care Star. mh26-1t*

**TO LET**—Handsomely furnished rooms (for gentlemen only). 'Phone 529, or address "E," care Star. mh26-2t

**SALESMEN** to call on grocers, confectioners, general stores; $150 monthly and expenses; yearly contract. 'Frisco Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. mh26-1t*

**TO SHIPPERS**—Of country produce, we respectfully solicit your business. We will handle all kinds of produce you have, giving our best efforts at all times to secure highest market prices and make you quick returns. Carolina Produce Co., No. 5 Market st., Wilmington, N. C. mh26-1t*

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**SEE CURTIS & DAVIS** before letting your work. Draftsmen, Contractors and builders. Office at Frank Meier's Marble Works. No. 310 N. Front st. mh19-7t*

**WILMINGTON SANITARIUM**, Front and Castle streets, a modern institution for the treatment of medical and surgical diseases. Especially equipped for the scientific treatment of asthmatic, catarrhal, kidney, genito-urinary, rectal, rheumatic and skin diseases. Massage, Turkish vapor and hot air baths. Mrs. Eliza McDuffie, superintendent; Charles T. Harper, M. D., medical director. no30-tf

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**LET US FIGURE** on repainting and repairing your old buggies, wagons and automobiles. We can save you money. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle street. 'Phone 1019 oct. 23-tf.

**THE GILBERT HOUSE** combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; steam heat, electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ja8-tf

**SMITH & LORD**—Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 120 Princess street. If you wish to insure your property or buy or sell real estate, give us a call, or 'phone us. (No. 766). fe26-tf

**BOILER FOR SALE**—One horizontal tubular boiler, 40-horse-power, carrying 100 lbs. steam; virtually new; guaranteed insurance on boiler with Hartford Co. City Laundry Co. mh15-1m

**LUMBER INSPECTOR** wants position. Several years' experience on lumber yards. Good references. Address "Inspector," care Star. mh25-2t*

**TEACHERS** for fall term, who are thoroughly qualified for graded or high school work; splendid direct calls, grades, principals, superintendents. Sheridan Teachers' Agency, Charlotte, N. C. mh25-4t*

**FOR SALE**—To make room, 1 new dump cart, $25.00; 1 new delivery wagon, $30.00; 1 buggy, $15.00; 1 pony farm wagon, $20.00; great bargains. Call to see them. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle st. 'Phone 1019. mh22-6t

**"A STITCH IN TIME,"** when applied to the Typewriter machine, means what's left remedy the break. 'Phone is 625. J. T. R. mh26-tf

**NATIVE BEEF** and pork today. Dressed chickens, best you can find. First class line of fresh meats, both native and western. All kinds of fresh vegetables, celery, lettuce and tomatoes. Special price on tomatoes by basket today. Palace Market Co.; 'phone No. 72. mh25-tf

**WANTED**—Party with some capital to invest in new local manufacturing industry, to take position with company. For full particulars, address "Industry," care Star. mh25-2t*

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**BUSINESS** of the late D. T. McCulloch, jeweler, at No. 25 South Front street, will be continued under the management of Mr. H. W. Colwell. Parties having repair work can call for same as before. mh24-3t*

**ONE APARTMENT** in Solky Bldg. for rent. Light, airy room; hot and cold water; steam heat; electric lights and gas. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate and Notary. mh24-3t

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SECOND SECTION

# THE MORNING STAR

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## RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA

**Speech of Hon. F. M. Simmons, of North Carolina, in Senate of United States on Question of Tariff Board.**

The Senate having under consideration the bill (H. R. 32010) to create a tariff board—Mr. Simmons said:

Mr. President: For several days I have desired to get the floor for the purpose of submitting some remarks upon the reciprocal trade agreement between this country and Canada recently negotiated by Mr. Taft, but I have been unable to do so until now.

I deeply regret the necessity of having to discuss so important a question as this at 2 o'clock in the morning when everybody is tired and sleepy, but I must do it now or not at all during this session of Congress.

I am opposed to this reciprocal compact because both in theory and practice reciprocity is not only un-Democratic, but distinctively Republican; because this particular agreement is unequal in the concessions made by the two countries, unjust in the discrimination it makes between raw materials and finished products, and especially because it is oppressive to the farmer, whose products it puts upon the free list while the things he buys for the support of his family and the operation of his farm are still highly protected.

I am opposed to it because, while pressing down the price of farm products, it will not reduce the price of the cost of living to the consumer; because its entire burdens will fall upon the farmer, the fisherman, and the lumberman, while the benefits that may accrue from it will inure to the great newspaper and periodical publishers, along with three great trusts, all of whom are now selling their products to their Canadian customers cheaper than they sell them to the American consumer.

At the risk of wearying the Senate at this late hour in the night I will now proceed, Mr. President, to give the reasons in support of these several grounds of opposition.

It is amazing to me, Mr. President, that any intelligent man should at this late day advance the contention that reciprocity is either Democratic or bears the remotest kinship to Democracy either in its inception, development, or application.

It may be that the enactment of this great agreement into law will, as some Democrats believe, so disgust the farmers of the West and the fishermen and lumbermen of the East, most of whom without regard to party affiliations are aggressively opposed to it, that it will bring about a state of political demoralization which will lead to party realignments that will inure to the advantage of the Democratic party.

However that may be, I am convinc-vinced that the political advantage so resulting, if any, will be temporary, and that we can not justify ourselves in taking a position so at variance with all Democratic precedents and theories and principles and inflict this great injustice upon millions of our fellow citizens for the purpose of gaining a party advantage.

I shall not undertake to discuss the reasons or the political wisdom of Democrats who are giving their support to the administration in seeking to put through this legislation, but I do say that the action of the Democrats in one House or both Houses of Congress does not and can not make a doctrine which from the day of its inception up to the present time has been treated by both political parties in their platforms, in their campaign handbooks, and in their discussions as a part and parcel of the protective system, a Democratic doctrine.

The present treaty was negotiated by President Taft and his Secretary of State, Mr. Knox, and it is backed in Congress by Mr. Payne in the House and Mr. Aldrich in the Senate as the handmaiden of the Payne-Aldrich tariff, which less than a year ago they engineered through Congress.

If any Democratic national platform has ever declared for reciprocity as a Democratic doctrine, it has escaped my attention. If any great exponent of Democracy in this country has ever espoused it as a Democratic doctrine, I have no knowledge of it.

The first great advance of reciprocity in this country was James G. Blaine. He declared it to be the handmaiden of protection. Later Mr. McKinley became a great champion of reciprocity, and with the aid of Nelson W. Aldrich, then as now the leader of the Republican party in the Senate, wrote the doctrine in the McKinley tariff bill. Two years afterwards the national Democratic party in its platform of 1902 scathingly denounced this provision of the McKinley law, and upon that platform the Democrats carried the country and elected Mr. Cleveland and a Democratic House and Senate. On the other hand, the Republican platform of that same year gave strong indorsement to reciprocity as a Republican doctrine and denounced the Democratic opposition it in the following words:

"We point to the success of the Republican policy of reciprocity. We remind the people of bitter opposition of the Democratic party to this practical business measure."

These were the positions of the two great parties of that year, and upon the Democratic party swept the country and the Republican party met overwhelming defeat.

True to its platform promise, when the Democratic party came into power in March 1893, one of the first things it did was to repeal every reciprocity law placed upon the statute books by the Republicans.

Again, in 1896, in the convention which nominated Mr. McKinley, the great champion of reciprocity, for President, the Republican party in its platform, condemning the Democrats for their action in repealing reciprocity, demanded the renewal and extension of that doctrine in the following language:

"We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last Republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other countries. Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of Republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both, and both must be re-established."

And so again, in 1900, the Republican national platform contained this expression:

"We favor the associated policies of reciprocity."

As is well known, the Republicans won the contest in that year, and at the first session of Congress after his election Mr. McKinley, with the earnest assistance of Mr. Dingley, then the Republican leader in the House, wrote and enlarged the doctrine of reciprocity in the so-called Dingley bill.

By authority of that law Mr. McKinley began to negotiate treaties of reciprocity with the various nations of the world and continued to negotiate them up to the time of his death.

It was while this agitation was going on that the Democratic national handbook, prepared in the year 1902, by the committee composed in part of Gov. Harmon, of Ohio, now a prominent Democratic candidate for the Presidency; W. W. Kitchin, now governor of North Carolina, and ex-Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, elaborately discussed the question of reciprocity in a paper which gave an accurate and illuminating definition of the Democratic party's attitude toward that question. For the benefit of those Democrats who have been misled as to the attitude of the two parties upon this subject, I quote from that campaign handbook this utterance:

"Reciprocity looks like free trade, but tastes like protection. It is really a new sugar coating prepared by the Republican tariff doctors for many patients who are refusing to take their protection pills straight.

"In practice reciprocity is worse than protection.

"Our farmers are not sending delegates to Washington to threaten Congress if it does not pass reciprocity legislation. There is nothing in it for farmers. To them it is a sham and a fraud.

"Reciprocity is a device for keeping quiet certain manufacturers who are being injured as much as benefitted by the present system, and who threaten to turn traitor and help tear down the tariff which still shelters the great manufacturing trusts.

"Reciprocity cares nothing for the consumer and hunts foreign markets with a club. Its stock in trade is high tariff, favoritism, discrimination, and retaliation. It threatens to slam our doors in the face of foreign countries which will not open their doors to our products.

"Reciprocity is based upon the same false theories as is protection, and, like protection, is a sham and a humbug, and to most people has been and will ever continue to be a delusion and a snare.

"Reciprocity can not help the farmer, but may benefit some manufacturer.

"Reciprocity with one country means a tariff war with other countries. It makes a few friends and many enemies.

"Reciprocity is put forward to save 'protection' and to stave off the demand for genuine tariff revision.

"It is the handmaid of protection and is inconsistent with the theories of free trade. As James G. Blaine said, 'The enactment of reciprocity is the safeguard of protection'."

Mr. President, the legislation and the utterances upon this subject which I have cited I think sufficiently show the attitude of the two parties toward the doctrine and practice of reciprocity—show that it has always been advocated by the Republican party as a part of the protective system, and opposed by the Democratic party because it was a part of that system.

A reciprocity enactment is now sent to the Senate by a Republican President, backed and supported by both Mr. Payne and Mr. Aldrich, and because I will not vote with Mr. Payne and Mr. Aldrich for this Republican bill my Democracy is questioned in some quarters. From my viewpoint this is the question this situation presents: Shall I, as a Democrat, vote for this Republican measure because the newspapers, which are supposed to possess the power to kill or make alive, demand it, and because the farmers, on account of its discriminations against them, will rebel against the Republican party and its protective policies if it is enacted.

I do not feel that I can afford to give a manifestly un-Democratic and a palpably unjust vote either to meet the wishes of the newspapers and satisfy their clamor or to achieve such a political advantage.

Mr. President, I wish now to address myself to the unjust, un-Democratic, and grossly discriminating features of this agreement. The importations into the United States from Canada, covered by this agreement, for the year 1910 amounted, in round numbers, to about $47,000,000. Forty million dollars of these importations represent the products of the farm, the soil, the forest, and of our fishermen. All, or practically all, of these $40,000,000 products would be placed by this agreement on the free list and the resulting loss to the treasury of the United States would be about $4,335,000 of revenue. The other seven millions of importations covered by this agreement are made up of manufactured products, largely manufactures of farm products. The duties upon these manufactured products are at present in a large measure prohibitive; and under this agreement, though slightly reduced, they would remain protective.

So that, as a result of this agreement, of the $47,000,000 of imports covered by this agreement which came into this country during the year 1910, $40,000,000 would be placed on the free list and $7,000,000 on the protective list; in other words, this agreement provides for about six-sevenths free trade and about one-seventh protection. There is practically no recognition in the agreement of a tariff for revenue principle. It is either free trade or it is protection.

Mr. President, I am opposed to free trade and I am opposed to protection. Both, in my judgment, are bad, and a mixture of the two is worse than either, because of its discriminating inequalities. The Democratic party is not a free trade party; it has never been a free trade party; and I do not believe it will ever become a free trade party; why, then, should Democrats be asked or expected to vote for a bill which, while chock full of free trade and protection, ignores the Democratic principle of tariff for revenue, or, if there be any recognition of that principle, only negligibly?

Mr. President, I am opposed to this agreement, not only because I regard it as un-Democratic in its essential elements, but because it is unjust and onerous in its discriminations against the farmer and affiliated interests. It absolutely places his products upon the free list so far as Canada is concerned, and Canada is about his only competition, while it maintains protective duties upon practically all of the manufactured products which he buys. It puts the things he makes upon the free list, but requires him to pay heavy tariff taxes upon the tools, implements, and machinery used in making them. This applies even to the articles manufactured out of his own products. It is an agreement which gives the farmer nothing, but requires him to pay the price of practically all the benefits it seeks to secure for others.

Whether it is cheaper cost of living for the consumer or cheaper print paper for the newspapers or larger markets and profits for the three or four great trusts, whose goods Canada is asked to admit at a reduced rate of duty, in each and every case if there are any benefits the farmer is not to get them, but in each and every case he is to pay the consideration exacted whether the anticipated benefits materialize or not.

Wheat, as long as it is in the hands of the farmer who grew it, as long as it is in the shape that nature and his toil left it, is free; but the minute it reaches the flour mill and is converted into flour, it becomes dutiable.

Barley in its natural state is admitted free, but the minute it reaches the brewery and by a slight process of manufacture is converted into malt for use in the making of beer, it goes upon the dutiable list.

Live stock is admitted free—hogs, cattle and sheep—but the minute they enter the great slaughter houses of Chicago and Kansas City and are slaughtered and converted into meat, they become dutiable.

The people do not eat wheat, they eat flour. They do not drink barley, they drink beer. They do not eat hogs and cows and sheep, they eat pork and beef and mutton.

Why, then, in the name of justice and common sense, if this agreement is really made in the interest of the consumer of these products; if the farmer is to be given equal treatment with other interests in this country; yea, if it is not the deliberate purpose to make the farmer bear the burdens and pay the cost of this agreement; if it is not intended to expose him to free trade while protecting the manufacturers; if it is not intended to make him pay the price of larger Canadian markets for the manufacturers and the trusts as I have charged, why is not flour put on the free list in this agreement as well as wheat? Why is not malt put on the free list as well as barley? Why are not the products of the great packing houses which are levying such oppressive tribute upon the stomacns of the people of this country put upon the free list as well as hoge, cattle and sheep? Why are the brewers, the flour millers, and the meat packing trust permitted to buy their raw products free while the people who buy and consume their products are required to pay heavy tariff taxes?

The care, the toil, and the labor in raising a hog or cow or sheep or a bushel of wheat or barley is much greater than that of converting either into its manufactured form. A steer which has required years to raise is converted into beef in a few hours. A bushel of wheat which has required months to bring it to maturity is converted into flour in a few minutes. Why should the man who converts these products be treated differently from the man who raises them? Is the machinery which is used in this process of conversion so sacred that the minute it touches and changes these products they become, by some strange tariff magic, consecrated and must receive the tender solicitude of the government? Which shall we make of the most concern, the wear and tear of muscle and bone of man or the wear and tear of machinery?

Mr. President, it is said that one of the chief reasons moving the President to negotiate this agreement was to bring about a reduction in the cost of living in this country. Sir, is it not manifest if the cost of living is reduced to the consumer by this agreement that result will have of necessity to be accomplished by pressing down the price of farm products, because there is nothing in it to reduce the price of manufactured articles, which likewise enters into the cost of living.

The market quotations of this country and Canada which were presented to the Committee on Finance in the hearings which were held show that wheat and barley and live stock are cheaper in Canada than in this country. They show that Canada is a great producer of these products. Indeed, Canada, although it has only about one-tenth of the population that we have, exported nearly as much wheat last year as we did.

If our flour mills and breweries and packing houses are permitted to bring these Canadian products in free, they will get their raw materials cheaper; but as this agreement protects them and each of them against Canadian competition, and as the Payne-Aldrich bill protects them against all other foreign competition, they will be free, as the tariff protected manufacturer is always free, to put this saving on the cost of their raw materials in their pockets or pass it on to the consumer. Which do you think these trust manufacturers will do? Do you think they will give the consumer the benefit of this saving or appropriate it to themselves in the form of increased dividends?

We have had some experience, Mr. President, in recent years in this matter of attempting to reduce the price of a manufactured article to the consumer by taking the duty off of the raw material out of which it is made. I remember perfectly well when we were revising the tariff, both in this chamber and in the other House of Congress, there was an insistent demand in the name of the wearer of shoes that we should take the duty off of hides to give the masses cheaper shoes. I then felt and I said that if we took the duty off hides the manufacturers of shoes would appropriate every cent of profit that resulted from the reduced price of hides. But we took the duty off upon the assumption that the wearer of shoes was to get the benefit of that reduction.

What has been the result, Mr. President? It is known to every man and woman in this country who wear shoes that instead of the price of shoes going down it has gone up. Why did it go up? Simply because the shoe manufacturers appropriated the benefits of the reduction to themselves.

Have not the manufacturing trusts always done likewise when we have reduced or removed the duty from their raw materials? Is there anything in our experience in this sort of legislation that justifies us in the belief that the consumer will get the benefit of the manufacturers' lesser cost of production? Indeed, it is not a tenet of the Democratic party, which it has for years proclaimed from every stump, that as long as the manufacturer is protected against foreign competition the tariff and not the cost of production, either the labor or the material cost, fixes the price which is charged the consumer?

Sir, it is plain to me that while this agreement will press down the price of farm products to the level of Canadian prices, the manufacturing trusts, through whose hands they must pass before they are converted into consumable shape, and not the ultimate consumer, will get the benefit of that reduction; and every dollar of that difference in the price so taken from the farmer will go into the already swollen coffers of the trusts who manufacture these products, and not a dollar of it will be passed on to the people who eat flour and meat and who drink beer.

Mr. President, there are those who, while admitting that this agreement, if enacted into law, would be hard on the wheat and barley farmers and live stock raisers of the Middle West, would be hard on the poultry and dairy farmers of New England—and poultry and dairy farming is about all the agriculture that is left to New England—it would not materially, if at all, affect the farmers of the South, the section of the country from which I come. Some gentlemen inside and outside of Congress who have tried to dissuade me from opposition to this legislation have advanced this argument to me.

Sir, I do not agree that you can reduce the price of these products along the Canadian border and in New England and the Middle West without affecting the price of similar products throughout the country. But, sir, if I thought that this legislation, while largely reducing the price of farm products of the West, would not affect those of the South, it would not change or influence my attitude upon this question. We are here to represent the interests of every section of this great country. It is as much my duty to protect the farmers and the stock growers of New England and the Middle West and along the Canadian border against wrong, injustice, and legislative discrimination as it is those of my own State and section.

I am sure the farmers of the South are not indifferent, as their representatives in this chamber ought not to be in different, to the rights and interests of the farmers of the Middle West and in far-away New England.

But, Mr. President, I do not think it is true that putting Canadian farm products upon the free list will only reduce the price of farm products in a limited area. I do not think we can reduce the price of these farm products in one section of the country without reducing them in other sections as well. I do not believe you can take 15 cents out of the price of a bushel of wheat at Chicago without taking practically the same amount out of the price of wheat in North Carolina, for instance. I do not believe we can expose the Western farmers to free trade without exposing the Southern farmers to free trade in the same product. I do not believe that either ought to be required to sell upon a free trade basis and buy upon a protective basis. It is wrong, it is cruel, and I will not stand for it, though a selfish and infuriated newspaper press may hurl their anathemas at me.

But, Mr. President, if it be true that this agreement would only reduce the price of farm products along the Canadian border and in the Middle West and will not hurt the farmers of the South, then, sir, by the same token, if there are any accruing benefits to the consumer in the reduction of the cost of living, those benefits will be confined to the consumers in the territory to injuriously affected.

If this argument be sound, then while the farmers of the South will not be hurt by this reduction in the price of farm products the consumers of the South will not be benefitted by the anticipated reduction in the cost of living.

But, Mr. President, neither the conclusion reached by those who make this contention, nor the premises upon which it is based is sound. If, as a result of this treaty, the price of wheat, barley, and live stock of this country is reduced to the Canadian price, which is now from 10 to 15 per cent. less than in this country, it will reduce to practically the same extent the price of wheat wherever grown and live stock wherever raised in this country.

The price of wheat, in my own State is the Chicago price plus the freight. In a large measure the same is true of the live stock raised in that State; and if the Chicago price is reduced the North Carolina price will likewise be reduced, and the wheat farmers of the Piedmont region and the stock raisers of the mountain hillsides of my State will lose in nearly the same proportion as the farmers of the West and along the Canadian border.

We have seen, Mr. President, that if this treaty results in reducing the cost of living in this country, if it results in giving the manufacturers of this country cheaper raw material, and I think it will, the farmers, the landowners, and the fishermen of this country will have to pay that price, whatever it may be.

So that whatever benefits the American consumer may derive from this agreement, whatever benefits the great newspaper and periodical publications may derive from it, whatever benefits the American manufacturers may obtain from it in the way of free raw materials or enlarged Canadian markets, the farmers, the landowners, and the fishermen will have, in a large measure, to pay the price, without getting their part of the benefits.

Now, Mr. President, let us consider the other side of this agreement. Let us examine the concessions which Canada agrees to make to us.

I think an analysis of the concessions made by Canada to us, as in the case of concessions by us to Canada, will show that while the farmers and the fishermen and the landowners of this country will get none of the benefits from these concessions, and that while these benefits will inure almost entirely to three or four great trusts, they will have to pay the price which Canada exacts of us for these concessions.

It is said that this agreement will open the markets of Canada to the sale of our manufactured goods. That is one, yea, the chief, consideration assigned for the concessions which we are called upon to make in favor of Canada.

Mr. President, the people have been misled as to this treaty, both as to its effect upon prices of domestic products and as to its effect in opening the Canadian market to our manufactured products. Many manufacturers have been led to believe that it will open the markets of Canada for their manufactured products, when, as a matter of fact, the reductions Canada makes upon manufactured articles, as I shall show, can not result in opening those markets to the product of but three or four great trusts.

These manufacturers have been misled, as the American people generally have been misled, in this matter by the newspapers, I regret to have to say. The great newspapers and periodical publications have not dealt fairly with the American people in this matter. In many instances the papers have misrepresented the facts, in other instances they have suppressed and perverted the facts. They have a selfish interest to subserve. They expect this agreement to save them $6,000,000 a year in the price of print paper.

Newspapers are owned and edited by men who are afflicted by the same infirmities as other men. I do not charge that they are moved altogether by selfish considerations, but they have a selfish interest in this matter, and that they have not fairly presented both sides of this controversy to the American people I think is beyond question.

I was struck with the one-sidedness of the newspapers in their treatment of this subject in the way in which they handled the facts which were brought out in the three and a half days' hearings given this agreement before the Finance Committee. There were before that committee during this time to protest against this agreement a great array of representative farmers and paper manufacturers, and so forth. We spent nearly three days in hearing arguments by these representative men—strong, virile, and sincere arguments—in protest against this treaty upon the ground of its inherent inequities, discriminations and injustice.

The president of the National Grange and officers of the State granges of 14 different States, the president of the National Gleaners' Association, bearing a petition signed by 15,000 farmers from one State, were present at these hearings.

Although the newspapers were represented at these hearings by their reporters, they gave the most meager account of the facts, the arguments, and the reasons assigned against this treaty by the representatives of these great interests, while practically everything that was said in behalf of the newspapers' demand for cheaper print paper was telegraphed broadcast throughout the land.

I verily believe, Mr. President, that if the newspapers, upon whom the people rely largely for information in these matters, had given both sides of this controversy, instead of one side of it, the opposition to this measure would be manyfold times greater today than it is.

I said that the manufacturers misled by these newspaper representations had been led to believe that the concessions made by Canada would open the doors of that country for their products. I have received letters from cotton mill men of my State, who have been misled about this matter, asking me to vote for this agreement upon the ground that the cotton mill industry was lagging because of a lack of markets, and expressing the belief that this agreement would help them to get their goods int Canada on more favorable terms; when, as a matter of fact, not a pound of cotton goods can enter Canada under the agreement at a lesser rate than now prevails.

The only mention of cotton goods in the agreement in connection with Canadian concession is "antiseptic surgical dressings, such as absorbent cotton and lint," and so forth.

Mr. Smith, of Michigan. That is probably to maintain the Red Cross service.

Mr. Simmons. Maybe so.

Mr. President, an examination of this agreement shows that Canada makes a slight reduction in the duty upon articles coming from this country, amounting on the importations of 1910, in the aggregate to $1,025,000. A slight reduction, I say, is made in the duties upon some articles going from this country into Canada, amounting, on the basis of 1910, to $1,025,000.

But, Mr. President, nearly two-thirds of these reductions or concessions, whatever you may call them, are made in the interest of three great trusts. One is the Harvester Trust, a trust

(Continued on Page Eight.)

## PRELATE ENDORSES THE DAY

**Cardinal Gibbons Expresses Approval of Church War on Consumption. Interview With His Eminence on Subject.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, March 25.—Cardinal Gibbons, the highest authority of the Roman Catholic Church in America, has expressed his approval of Tuberculosis Day, which is to be observed by the churches of the United States on or about April 30th, and of the general organized anti-tuberculosis campaign according to a report of an interview made public today by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

The interview was granted by his Eminence to H. Wirt Steele, Executive Secretary of the Maryland Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, and Dr. Charles O'Donovan, one of the leading physicians of Baltimore. Mr. Steele and Dr. O'Donovan explained to the Cardinal the object of Tuberculosis Day, namely, that it was an effort to secure a simultaneous and systematic presentation of the educational side of the tuberculosis campaign in all of the churches of the United States on April 30th, or on some other day in the week preceding or the week following that date. The Cardinal expressed his entire sympathy with the plan of the Tuberculosis Day movement, and endorsed the program both of the Maryland Association and of the National Association.

Following the interview, Cardinal Gibbons also sent a letter to Mr. Steele in which he expressed formally his approval of the anti-tuberculosis campaign as conducted in the United States at the present time. The letter is as follows:

Baltimore, Feb'y 23rd, 1911.

My Dear Mr. Steele:—

I have read with keen interest the pamphlets you sent me, which tell of the triumphs already achieved in the warfare against tuberculosis.

My wonder has been aroused at the simplicity of the arms used in this warfare, namely, rational living and cleanliness—which are within the reach of all.

I shall follow with special interest all your efforts in this splendid propaganda against the terrible disease, and hope the results of your labor will be commensurate with the zeal, the energy, and self-sacrifice which you and your fellow workers are devoting to the work.

I can remember well tht ravages made by yellow fever in days gone by, but rejoice to see that the medical fraternity have conquered it.

I trust that you will be equally successful against tuberculosis.

With best wishes, I am,

Yours faithfully,

(Signed) J. Card. Gibbons.

The National Association has prepared an outline for a tuberculosis lecture or sermon especially adapted for clergymen who will speak on Tuberculosis day, and also other literature which will be sent to any clergyman applying for it at the office of the National Association, 105 East 22nd street, New York city, or at the headquarters of any Statt or local association inthe United States.

**"All Star Vaudeville."**

Four acts at Crystal Palace. **

--ART--

Something new in our Art Department. Call during this week and let us explain our new feature. Just say "Monogram" and we'll explain.

--MILLINERY--

Everybody says our Millinery was pretty and reasonable. That's saying some.

It will pay you to patronize

Platt & Haar

The Busiest Store in Town

# RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA

(Continued from Page Seven.)

that for 25 years has ground the farmers of this country into the dust. It gets as a result of these concessions $196,000 a year upon its present exportations to that country. The Automobile Trust will save upon its present exportations to that country, upon the basis of 1910, $96,000. The Coal Trust will save upon its exportations, upon the basis of 1910, $455,000.

Mr. Smith, of Michigan—Is that coal from Canada?

Mr. Simmons—That is the amount of duty remitted by Canada under this agreement to these three great trusts, one of which is the Coal Trust.

It will be seen, Mr. President, from these figures that these three great trusts get about $750,000 of the $1,025,000 duties remitted by Canada under this agreement, or something near three-fourths of the whole amount. Who is to pay the price of these concessions in the interest of these great manufacturers and trusts? Sir, I answer the farmer, the lumberman, and the fisherman of this country. What right have the manufacturers of these trust products to ask these sacrifices on the part of these interests, especially the farmer? Are they not selling their products cheaper to the Canadian farmer than to the American farmer? Are they not selling their machinery cheaper to the Canadian lumberman than the American lumberman?

Again, Mr. President, I ask what right have the manufacturers of these trust products to ask these sacrifices on the part of the farmer? Certainly sir, there is nothing in the relative profits which the farmer and the manufacturers make to justify this demand upon him. But, worse than that, Mr. President, if, as a result of the adoption of this agreement, these great trusts find a market for ten or twenty million dollars of their products in Canada as a result of it, the farmers of this country will lose the American market for probably twenty or fifty million dollars of their products. We may get a little larger market in Canada for these trust products, but we will get it by inviting and allowing the Canadian farmer to drive the products of our farmers out of our own market.

Sir, I do not join in the cry for cheaper farm products. I do not believe those products are too high. I am sure that the price of food products does not prove that the price of farm products is too high, because after the farmer's product leaves his hand before it reaches the consumer the manufacturer, the jobber, and the retail men must each have a profit, and evidence is abundant that as a rule the aggregate of these intermediate profits amounts to more than the total original price received by the farmer.

Taking year in and year out, bad crop and good crop, and there is but little profit to the wheat farmer or the cotton farmer event at present prices.

Do we want to make bread so cheap that the man who raises wheat will have little, if anything, left after he pays the expense of production to buy the comforts, to say nothing of the luxuries of life?

Do we want to make cotton cloths so cheap that the man who raises cotton can not pay the expense of its production and have enough left to educate his children and support his family in reasonable comfort? Cheap bread and cheap clothes are good things, but it is wise to confine our efforts to make them cheaper to the reduction of the products of the farmer who raises the wheat and cotton out of which these things are made? Would it not be well to give some attention to the profits of the manufacturer, the wholesaler, the jobber, and the middle man?

Already the profits of manufacturing and of commerce are so much more attractive than those of the afrm that the farmer is leaving the farm for the town, and the farmer's boy and the farmer's girl are leaving the plow and the hoe to enter the factory and the store.

You may spend millions on rural free delivery, you may spend millions for building good roads, you may spend millions for establishing agricultural colleges and schools in your efforts to make farm life more attractive, but as long as the profits of the farm are small compared with those of the other gainful occupations the number of farmers in comparison with the total population will diminish, the productivity of the soil lessened, and the output of the farm curtailed. I know of no surer way in the end of increasing the cost of living to the urban consumer.

It is the enormous production of wheat and corn and cotton that has kept down the price of these staple products that has furnished our balance in world trade, and that has given us our abounding prosperity, and woe to us when we shall turn against this great industry by making farming unprofitable and farm life unattractive.

Mr. President, I am ready to vote for a reduction of the tariff, I believe it should be brought to a revenue basis as rapidly as may be without too greatly disturbing the business of the country. That is what our last Democratic national platform demanded. But I want it reduced all along the line, with justice to all and without discrimination in favor of one class against another, or against one section in favor of another.

I indict this treaty upon the ground of its discriminations, its inequities, its favoritism. I indict it as a measure in the interest not of the American consumer, but of the American trusts. I charge that its benefits will go, in the main, to a few special interests, such as the great metropolitan newspapers and periodicals, the Harvester Trust, the Automobile Trust, and the Coal Trust, and that the price will have to be paid by a class of our people whose profits in their occupation are far less than those thus legislatively suosidized.

I will not support this measure of injustice and wrong because the press of this country demands it. If it brings to the newspapers a saving of $6,000,000 per annum, as they claim, the Treasury of the United States will loose that much and somebody else will have to pay it in taxes, direct or indirect.

Sir, I am against this trety, because it is made, in my judgment, in utter disregard of the rights of the farmers of this country. Their protests have been ignored and treated with contempt and for one I will not stand for it.

While I do not live on a farm, practically all that I own is invested in farming. My ancestors were all farmers, my only son is a farmer, and my life has been largely among farmers; and when I vote against this treaty, if it ever comes to a vote, I shall feel that I am casting a vote in the interest of the American farmer, a vote to protect him against the manifest wrong and injustice of segregating his products from those of other industries by subjecting them to a different tariff rule from that which obtains as to other products and forcing him to sell upon a free-trade basis and buy upon a protective basis.

## THE HOOKWORM LECTURE.

### C. F. Strosnider Heard With Much Interest—Rocky Point News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Point, N. C., March 25.—We had a distinguished guest, Dr. C. F. Strosnider, assistant secretary of the State Board of Health. His lecture was heard by a full and attentive audience at the Academy, and instead of a dry, dull set of talk, technically displayed, his address could be and was understood by the smallest child present. In so much that all, both great and small for the State's individual test cups will call. The Doctor prefaced his remarks by stating the large number of citizens of the State whose lives are endangered by the hookworm, typhoid and other dangerous diseases, and that he was a disciple sent out by the State to give the people the latest correct information relative to the ravages these diseases are making and the inroads on health and wealth. He had just completed a tour of Wayne and Duplin counties and was at Buehla Hill, about the fartherest point in Duplin from railroad transportation, a point once considered as out of the world, but now thanks to Rural Free Delivery and the telephone, they have advantages in real twentieth century degree. But beyond this point lies Purgatory. In the plateaus that lie around the head of the New River in Onslow county, a section once famed for immense thickets of gall berry and bamboo briars, ten feet or more high, almost impenetrateable, is the last scene of a moonshine distillery run by an Indian. Where the razor back hog roamed the wilds with nothing to dispute his range and skinned foots to eke out a living, the blood curdling notes of the panther could be heard in the still of the night as it went forth hunting rabbits and pigs and to hear the hoarse growl of the bear and the shrill call of the cat at the same time alone at night was a hair-raising experience.

Fifty years ago your scribe first traveled this country. There was then a few last lingering remnants of the aforesaid Indians, whose names as well as we remember them were not euphonious: Eduds, Pigpens, Brainstum, Blizzards, and other like meaningless names. My good friends, Mr. Oscar Pearsall, of Wilmington, and General Scott Stanford, of Kenansville, can hark back to the time when "Sukie Blueskin" and "Kiah Blizzard," full-blooded Snatchettes, could be seen at Duplin court. The men were tall and lithe as a general thing, the maidens were comely and active to a remarkable degree, and could "hist" a barrel of "yellow dip" into the cart, carry it to "Limestone" and traffic it out for "Narred Homespun," snuff and other usefuls. Turpentine then only "fotch" $1.50 a barrel; now it's $9. But now instead of a continuous pine forest, unbroken save by a small log cabin, grape vine and "tater patch," can be seen cotton and corn farms, up-to-date school houses, pretty school marms, telephone lines, painted houses. Tar, pitch and turpentine are forgotten issues.

Dr. Strosnider and your scribe came to the conclusion that if our Legislature was Nomadic, and could be induced to hold a Summer or Early Spring session around Purgatory neighborhood away from the great and nigh-great attractions around Raleigh, such as the gallery goddesses from Peace to St. Mary's that assemble sometimes for the special delectation of the solons—away from neigh-beer and its cousins, from the influence of lobbyists, trusts, railroads, with no way to get off Saturday mornings and return Tuesdays, so that Major Dowd wouldn't have to reprimand them for being out late Saturday nights. Among the tobacco farmers then, trust-busting would begin in earnest. A State-wide primary would be the thing so that every voter's voice could be heard, and ringsters and cliques could be squelched. Should the General Assembly decide to meet there within the next five years (often enough) there are two ways, viz: overland by Magnolia, the steamer Duplin to Chinquepin thence by General Scott Stanford's airship. Sometime in the future, the Hon. Dr. Jno. M. Faison will have Little Limestone drained by act of Congress, and steamers will set you out at Purgatory.

## ON ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

America, America, O noblest land and best!
Today thine eyes behold a glimpse of green on many a breast;
And in thine ear today there sounds a wierd and witching strain,
A lilt of mingled joy and grief, of merriment and pain.
For this is Erin's day of days, and many a son of time
First saw the light of earthly life in Erin's valleys shine;
And so the Irish color gleams, the Irish poet sings,
And o'er the noises of the street the Irish music rings!

America, America, thou land of dreams come true!
We love thee none the less because we love old Ireland too.
These sprigs of green we wear today no treason symbolize—
They only show how tenderly old memories we prize;
They show what loyalty to thee and to thy righteous cause
Can fill the hearts that hungered long beneath a tyrant's laws;
They only show, these sprigs of green, that 'round thy flag we twine,
The depth and fervor of the love we offer thee as thine.

America, America, we've given thee our toil,
We've helped to rear thy roaring marts and till thy teeming soil;
We've spiked the gleaming bands of steel that bind the East and West,
We've digged the ore from out the mines that pierce thy mountains' breast.
We've thought for thee, we've wrought for thee—we've fought for thee as well;
We've helped to bear the banner through the battle's blazing hell—
We love thee as our peerless queen, O gracous land and glad;
But ah, the dear old mother land, so lowly and so sad!

—Denis A. McCarthy in "A Round of Rimes."

## LEAVES FORTUNE TO POOR.

### Widow of Shoe Manufacturer—Bequests $75,000.

Brocton, Mass., March 23.—Seventy five thousand dollars for Summer excursions, Christmas dinners and Christmas presents for the poor was formally given to the city of Brockton tonight by the executors of the will of the late Mrs. Clara B. Snow, widow of George C. Snow, formerly a shoe manufacturer here. The announcement of the bequest was made at the city council meeting and the gift was accepted.

Budapest, Hungary, March 23.—The official census shows Hungary to have a population of 20,850,700. This is an increase in ten years of 1,596,000.

### Kills a Murderer.

A merciless murderer is Appendicitis with many victims but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, billiousness, chills 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

*(From The N. Y. Sun, January 29th.)*

"I have decided not to try to import anything more from a foreign country where English is not perfectly understood," said a suburbanite at the Belmont yesterday.

"Last September, after a friend had told us how cheap it was to import wicker furniture direct from Madeira, we got hold of a catalogue, and selecting pieces that we should like, we wrote to the manufacturer in Madeira to quote us a price on the lot, delivered in New York. We heard nothing from him until this morning, when I received an invoice for sixteen packages of furniture, the news that the consignment was on its way to New York and a request for me to send a check covering the amount of the invoice and the cost of packing. The goods were shipped, according to the letter, on a steamer about which I can learn nothing at any of the steamship offices. The bill has taken three weeks to get here. I don't know when to expect the furniture or how, and I don't want it unless I can take a look at it first."

*(McHugh Methods of Giving Prices and Important Information.)*

*(a)* The booklet describing McHughwillow Furniture, Illustrations of Group Settings, Loose Leaves with Special Offers and Freight Concessions; all are Free by Mail on request.

*(b)* The Portfolio containing sketches of all the McHughwillow Furniture, together with a pricelist, is mailed on receipt of 25c., to be allowed on first purchase.

*(c)* To indicate the style, quality and value of McHughwillow Furniture, the McHugh Bar Harbor Arm Chair, full size, with soft seat cushion, is shipped on receipt of $5; there are no packing charges; shipment is followed by receipted invoice and bill of lading, showing the route by which the chair is to arrive.

NEW -YORK MAKE- McHUGHWILLOW FURNITURE: SINCE 1893

"The Standard of Proper Style, High Quality and Good Value."

**JOSEPH P. McHUGH & CO.**
42d St., WEST, at FIFTH AVE.
Opposite New Public Library.
**NEW YORK**
(Only address since 1884.)
No agents—No branches.


**GOWANS**
**King of Externals**

**Is Security for your loved ones. Ethical physicians say Gowans is the Best. It positively Cures all ills arising from Inflammation or Congestion such as Pneumonia, Croup, Colds.**

*Have given Gowans Preparation a thorough test. It is the BEST preparation on the market for the relief of Pneumonia, Croup, Colds, Coughs. JAS. P. SMITH, M.D., Augusta, Georgia*

BUY TO-DAY! HAVE IT IN THE HOME
All Druggists $1. 50c. 25c.
GOWAN MEDICAL CO., DURHAM, N. C.
Guaranteed, and money refunded by your Druggist



**DR. ROWLAND DEES**
Veterinary Surgeon.
Lumberton, N. C.
Calls answered promptly, day or night.
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**CHICHESTER S. PILLS**
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE



# Constipated all His Life Now Cured—Trial Free

One of the most harrassing of troubles, though fortunately not fatal, is constipation, and millions of people suffer with it from infancy to old age. Its cause may be traced to any one of a dozen different circumstances of diet, environment and even birth.

Millions are practically born with constipation. Had they used intelligent methods at the beginning perhaps they would have found relief, but they had the usual misfortune of bad advice. They tried dieting, stewed fruits, then laxative waters, then pills and various other cathartics, and so in the end made matters worse. But there is still hope, even for the seemingly hopeless.

Have you ever tried Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin? It has been on the market for many years and is as staple in the households of those who know its value as salt and sugar. It is a liquid laxative-tonic that you can buy of any druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle, the latter being the family size. But if you prefer to learn its value personally before buying, then send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell and he will promptly send you a free sample.

It is without doubt the best laxative for constipation that you can find, and in every way the best remedy for that and headaches due to constipation, indigestion or dyspepsia, heartburn, drowsiness after eating, gas on the stomach, billiousness and similar troubles. It is a mild, gentle remedy free from griping and bad taste. Children take to it readily. It is a standby in the homes of Mr. George W. Zimmerman, of 1617 N. 6th St., Harrisburg, Pa., Robert Atkinson, Sr., of Cuba, Ill., and thousands of others.

Dr. Caldwell does not feel that the purchase of his remedy ends his obligation. He has specialized in stomach, liver and bowel diseases for over forty years and will be pleased to give the reader any advice on the subject free of charge. All are welcome to write him. Whether for the medical advice or the free sample address him Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 541 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

**The MEBANE LINE OF SPRINGS MATTRESSES PILLOWS AND COTS**

**Gives Complete and Lasting Satisfaction**

"Majestic" or "Regal" Springs, two of our leaders, are perfect in construction and will last a lifetime. Absolutely smooth, no sharp points to tear, noiseless, don't sink down in the middle or sag at the edges and comfortably adapt themselves to every curve and movement of the body. For wood or iron beds. They are "honest all through"—full of genuine merit. Vastly superior to any other springs made.

Our "Kingsdown" Mattress is on a par of excellence with our springs. None better made at any price. Its uniform layers of sanitary white cotton felt make it light, soft and springy. Never loses its shape or gets mushy or lumpy in spots. Made to stand many years of constant use.

Prices within reach of all. Covered by the following

*Unqualified Guarantee*

*Buy a "Majestic" Spring and a "Kingsdown" Mattress from your dealer.* Sleep on them 60 nights. *If at the end of that time you are not entirely satisfied, return them and your money will be cheerfully refunded.*

Ask Your Dealer for the Mebane Line.

Mebane Bedding Company, Mebane, N. C.



# The Convalescent Telephones Do You?

"MIGHTY *glad to hear your voice again, old man! Hope to be able to see you soon.*"

The sick room is cheered by the friendly voice over the telephone.

It comes from the outside world and awakens the interest of the convalescent in life.

It acts as a tonic.

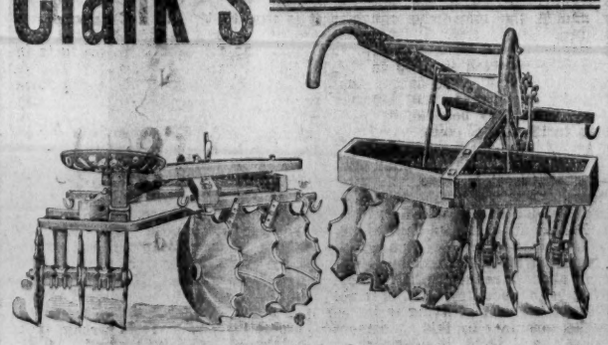
The universal Bell Service enables the invalid or the "shut-in" to keep in touch with friends and relatives near and distant.

*You should have a Bell Telephone*

**SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY**



# Clark's Harrows



**WM. E. SPRINGER & CO**
Sole Agents - Wilmington, N. C.


## PRIMARY ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a primary election in the City of Wilmington on Tuesday, April 18th, 1911, for the nomination of candidates for the office of councilmen, as provided for in an act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, Session of 1911, entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington."

The First Ward has been divided into two election precincts, as follows: Precinct No. 1. That part of the First Ward lying south of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad; Precinct No. 2. That part of the First Ward lying north of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.

The Fifth Ward has been divided into two precincts, as follows: Precinct No. 1. That part of Fifth Ward lying east of Fifth street; Precinct No. 2. That part of Fifth Ward lying west of Fifth street.

The polling places and election officers for the said election shall be as follows:

**First Ward.**

Precinct No. 1.—Engine House, Fourth and Campbell streets. Wm. Sheehan, Registrar; P. J. Breen and Geo. M. Grant, Judges of Election.

Precinct No. 2.—J. W. Kerr's store, Fourth and Harnett streets. J. W. Kerr, Registrar; R. L. Clements and L. A. Watkins, Judges of Election.

**Second Ward.**

Woolvin Building, Princess street.—W. W. Hodges, Registrar; W. J. Meredith and Henry Gieschen, Judges of Election.

**Third Ward.**

Giblem Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.—A. G. Haukins, Registrar; J. O. Powers and B. W. Morrill, Judges of Election.

**Fourth Ward.**

W. P. Oldham's Store, Dock street, between Front and Second streets.—Roger Kingsbury, Registrar; S. Siegler and T. G. Pickett, Judges of Election.

**Fifth Ward.**

Precinct No. 1.—Engine House, Sixth and Castle streets.—Geo. W. Irving, Registrar; Jas. Weinberg and W. M. Creasy, Judges of Election.

Precinct No. 2.—Market House, Fifth and Castle streets.—George Parker, Registrar; Fred. Westermann and R. A. Burnett, Judges of Election.

Registration books open Saturday, March 18th, 1911, and remain open for twenty days.

A new registration is ordered for said primary election, and no person shall be qualified to vote therein except such as register under the said new registration.

CAMERON F. MacRAE,
Chairman County Board of Elections.
John S. McEachern,
Secretary.
mh18-to ap18.

## STATEMENT.

**Queen Insurance Company, 84 William St., New York.**

Condition December 31, 1910, as shown by statement filed:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount of Capital paid up in cash | $100,000.00 |
| Amount of Ledger Assets December 31st of previous year | 8,411,025.66 |
| Income—From Policyholders, $4,631,526.61; Miscellaneous, $316,903.47; Total | 4,948,430.08 |
| Disbursements—To Policyholders, $2,285,800.21; Miscellaneous, $2,069,682.60; Total | 4,355,482.81 |
| Fire Risks—Written or renewed during year, $568,020,464.00; In force | 728,646,940.00 |
| Marine and Inland Risks—Written or renewed during year, $3,916,460.00; In force | 642,725.00 |
| **Assets.** | |
| Mortgage Loans on Real Estate | $65,000.00 |
| Value of Bonds and Stocks | 7,822,146.15 |
| Cash in Company's Office | 8,861.74 |
| Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks not on Interest | 19,841.45 |
| Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks on Interest | 333,866.70 |
| Agents' balances, representing business written subsequent to October 1, 1910 | 749,175.65 |
| Agents' balances, representing business written prior to October 1, 1910 | 4,923.74 |
| Interest and Rents due and accrued | 71,949.38 |
| Bills Receivable | 157.50 |
| All other Assets as detailed in statement | 591.88 |
| Total | $9,076,514.19 |
| Less Assets not admitted | 50,625.32 |
| Total Admitted Assets | $9,025,888.80 |
| **Liabilities.** | |
| Net amount of unpaid losses and claims | $421,300.33 |
| Ledger Liabilities | 4,069,955.46 |
| Salaries, rents, expenses, bills, accounts, fees, etc., due or accrued | 26,234.90 |
| State, county and municipal taxes due or accrued | 78,894.46 |
| Commissions, brokerage and other charges due or to become due to agents and brokers | 6,962.80 |
| | 59,188.91 |
| All other Liabilities as detailed in statement | 34,218.09 |
| Total amount of Liabilities except Capital | $4,636,763.95 |
| Capital Actually paid up in Cash | 100,000.00 |
| Surplus over all Liabilities | 4,389,124.91 |
| Total Liabilities | $9,025,888.86 |
| **Business in North Carolina During 1910.** | |
| Fire Risks written, $2,877,811; Premiums received | 29,620.74 |
| Losses incurred—Fire, $18,448.77; Paid | 13,766.77 |

President, Edward F. Beddall.
Secretary, N. S. Barton.
Home Office, 84 William st., New York.
Attorney for service, Walker Taylor, Wilmington, N. C.
Business Manager for North Carolina, S. Y. Tupper, Atlanta, Ga.

State of North Carolina—Insurance Department, Raleigh, Feb'y 20, 1911.

I, James R. Young, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Queen Insurance Company, of New York, filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1910.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and date above written.

JAS. R. YOUNG,
Insurance Commissioner.


THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO

**NORFOLK**
— via —
WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN
— and —
**Norfolk Southern**
PULLMAN SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. | * 7:00 p. m. | |
| Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L. | 10:05 p. m. | |
| Ar. Wilson, A. C. L. | 11:00 p. m. | |
| Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. | 5:50am | *3:25pm |
| Ar. New Bern, A. C. L. | 9:15am | 6:50pm |
| Lv. Goldsboro, N. S. R. R. | *7:15am | *10:15pm |
| Lv. New Bern, N. S. R. R. | 9:30am | 12:30am |
| Lv. Wilson, N. S. R. R. | *8:20am | *11:30pm |
| Lv. Washington, N. S. R. R. | 10:50am | 2:20am |
| Ar. Norfolk, N. S. R. R. | 3:35pm | 8:00am |

SOUTH BOUND.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lv. Norfolk, N. S. R. R. | 9:00 p. m. |
| Ar. Goldsboro, N. S. R. R. | 6:20 a. m. |
| Ar. Wilson, N. S. R. R. | 5:05 a. m. |
| Ar. Wilmington | 9:45 a. m. |

* Daily. | Daily Except Sunday.
For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Tatem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.
W. V. CROXTON,
G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.



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High Class Vaudeville
Afternoon, 3:30 and 4:30.
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Expert teachers will demonstrate most approved methods of teaching public school subjects. Prominent lecturers upon education and pedagogy. Attend State Summer School where best instruction can be secured at lowest cost; where greatest attention is given to develop the patriotism and State pride so much needed to produce highest standard of negro citizenship.

Write at once for terms and accommodations.

JAMES B. DUDLEY,
President
GREENSBORO, N. C.



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WHY ?
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Save those sneezing, swollen-headed fowls by placing in the drinking water
**Conkey's ROUP CURE**
It kills the germ. Prices 50c and $1
CONKEY'S BOOK ON POULTRY free if you call or send 4c postage. For sale by
R. W. MONTGOMERY & CO.
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Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Richmond | 2:00pm | 6:45pm | 11:00pm |
| Ar. Louisville | 10:00am | | 7:30pm |
| Ar. Cincinnati | 7:45am | 10:00am | 5:00pm |
| Ar. Chicago | 5:20pm | 6:00pm | 7:10am |
| Ar. St. Louis | 5:51pm | 6:10pm | 7:17pm |

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# THE NEWSPAPER BUSINESS

Some Observations and Reflections by The Editor of the Greensboro Telegram That Are Pertinent Everywhere.

Mr. John T. Fain, of Anniston, Ala., who recently purchased the Greensboro, N. C., Telegram, is of the type of progressive publishers who in the latter days has applied business to newspaper publishing, and has met with success and that respect in the community which his publication deserves.

He has some decided opinions about newspapers and newspaper publishing, and does not fail to express them. He recently sermonized thusly in his editorial columns, soon after acquiring control of the Telegram, and his remarks will well apply to the newspaper field in any town or city in the United States. Says Mr. Fain:

Publishing a newspaper is a matter of business, first of all. The newspaper office is a business house and the newspaper business does not differ in any essential particular from the business of conducting a bank, of merchandising or engaging in some line of manufacturing. The time was when most men engaged in newspaper publishing did not have very clearly defined ideas about this matter and when the views of the public in regard to the business conduct of newspapers was heavily beclouded and extremely indefinite. Happily, for the newspapers and for the public, that period has passed; except, perhaps, in a few backward communities where the country weekly newspaper is yet conducted on the ancient plan of swapping papers for turnip greens and stove wood.

Newspapers are published primarily for the purpose of disseminating news—the news of the community, State, nation and world—and business news, or advertising. The newspaper has but two sources of income—subscription income and advertising income. The newspaper publisher sells newspapers and advertising space, and nothing else—if he is honest and his paper is worthy of the confidence and respect of the public. The honest newspaper does not sell its opinion or influence or its advocacy of policies or principles; nor does it engage in "grafting." Consequently its revenue comes from two sources alone, the sale of advertising space and the sale of papers.

Even at this late day, and in communities where the vast majority of people have learned to conduct their business dealings with the merchant, the manufacturer and the professional man strictly according to business rules, many people are to be found who have no conception of the fact that business rules must be applied to the publishing of a newspaper. Apparently, they regard a newspaper as a public packhorse, maintained free for anyone who cares to use it; or a public dray line, run for the public benefit and conducted free of charge by its philanthropic publisher. Many of these people are good folks, and their attitude is due to the fact that they have never given the business of publishing a newspaper a thought and do not realize that the publisher is a business man. Some people who act in this way are deadbeats, and they ply their trade among other people as well as among newspaper men. The latter class is not worth the newspaper publisher's smallest consideration, but the first mentioned class is composed of people who ought to do business with the newspaper and with whom the newspaper will always be pleased to do business, if they can be made to understand the fairness and justness of the newspaper publisher's position.

Would you go into the store of a merchant and ask him to make you a present of any amount of his stock, large or small? Assuredly you would not. The merchant has merchandise for sale and he maintains his business and makes a living by selling it and by selling it at a profit.

The newspapers' stock in trade consists of but two articles—papers and advertising space. The newspaper must sell these in order to make expenses, to earn interest on its investment and to make a profit for its owners. In view of this fact, can you who pay the merchant for his goods, consistenly ask the newspaper man to give you his goods?

You pay the lawyer for his services, the doctor for his services, you pay every man who has something to sell for his wares or his services. Is the newspaper publisher, who has his money invested in his business and who gives largely of his services to maintain it, entitled to nothing for his wares and for his services? Must he be the only man in the community who works for nothing?

No newspaper publisher asks the public to pay for the insertion of news. News is sold after it is placed in the paper; but no one who furnishes news is required to pay for its insertion. Newspapers are always anxious to secure news and appreciate any assitance given them in news gathering; but the newspaper man dislikes to have people troy to get advertising inserted in the paper under the guise of news. The newspaper man must be the judge of what is advertising and what is news. In fact, in all regulated newspaper offices the line between news and advertising is very carefully drawn; for the purpose, on the one hand, of preventing the newspaper from being imposed upon, and in the other case in order that nothing entitled to a place as news shall be charged for.

When you are tempted again to ask the newspaper man for free space for something which is clearly advertising, just remember that the publishing of a newspaper is strictly a matter of business and that the newspaper has but two commodities for sale—space and papers. The newspaper cannot afford to give either away. It must sell both, and sell at a profit. To do otherwise would put the business in bankruptcy, where newspapers conducted in any but a business-like manner never fail to land.

At the same time you might ponder the fact that it is a blessing to any community to have a newspaper conducted in a business way, just as it is fortunate for the community if it has progressive stores and sound business concerns in other lines. The only kind of newspaper which can be successfully and continuously maintained nowadays and which will be a force in the community and of positive help to any town or city, is the paper with sound business policies, which charges a fair price for its products and is making a fair profit for its owners.

# NEW SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES

Yadkin Power and Several Other Important Enterprises Announced in This Week's Issue of Manufacturers' Record.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Md., March 23.—Among the Southern industrial and other developmental announcements in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Yadkin River Power Co., Rockingham, N. C., was chartered with $4,000,000 capital stock as the preliminary steps towards completing the Rockingham Power Company's waterpower-electrical plant designed to develop 30,000 horsepower for transmission by electricity; the Phoenix Construction Company was chartered to build 100 miles of transmission line for the development.

The Virginia Power Company, East Radford, Va., increased its capital stock to $1,000,000 preparatory to beginning construction of its 7 waterpower-electrical plants to develop 100,000 horsepower for transmission by electricity, initial development to be 10,000 horsepower, transmission system to be 500 miles long, and ultimate expenditure to be about $12,000,000.

Pelzer Corporation, Pelzer, S. C., is planned for organization with capital stock of $12,000,000 to control 10 or 12 cotton mills having about 500,000 spindles and 15,000 looms.

New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago Railway, Mobile, Ala., has tentative plans for expending from $00,000 to $500,000 for building fireproof pier, steel warehouses and sheds, and for dredging river, etc., at Choctaw Point, Mobile.

Holston Corporation, Charleston, S. C., has legislative authority for constructing its coal piers to handle coal shipped over the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railway; probably several hundred thousand dollars will be expended.

Marrowbone Coal & Coke Co., of Uniontown, Pa., decided to build 60 additinal beehive coke ovens at Lookout, Ky.

Oxnard & Sprague Co., Adeline, La., awarded contracts for building and equipping central sugar refinery costing $500,000.

Vinton Oil & Sulphur Company, of Lake Charles, La., was organized with $1,000,000 capital stock to develop sulphur properties.

Tennessee Managnese Co., Newport, Tenn., was organized with $50,000 capital stock to develop manganese properties and awarded contract for a plant with a daily capacity of 40 tons of washed ore.

Eunice Rice Mill Co., Eunice, La., completed arrangements for erecting mill with daily capacity of 1,200 barrels of rice.

French Broad Manufacturing Co., of Craggy, N. C., was chartered with $250,000 capital stock, to manufacture cotton goods.

Advance Coal Co., Hillside, Ky., was incorporated with $30,000 capital stock by Kentucky and Ohio parties to develop coal lands.

Gaston Iron Works, Gastonia, N. C., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock.

Mt. Vernon Iron & Land Co., Harrisonburg, Va., is preparing to develop 24,000 acres of iron and manganese land in four Virginia counties.

Ohio Valley Brass & Iron Co., of Wellsburg, W. Va., was incorporated with a capital stock of $75,000 by West Virginia and Ohio parties.

Bluefield Gas & Power Co., Bluefield, W. Va., was incorporated with $350,000 capital stock to build gas and power plants.

Virginia Woolen Co., Winchester, Va., decided to expend $15,000 for new machinery and purchased the equipment.

Wallace Adjustable Bed Co., Fort Smith, Ark., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to manufacture beds.

Abbeville Sugar Company, Abbe-La., decided to build mill with daily capacity of 600 to 700 tons of sugar.

Crown Cotton Co., Greenville, S. C., was chartered with 35,000 capital stock to manufacture cotton waste products.

Hollis Cotton Oil, Light & Ice Co., Hollis, Okla., was incorporated with $75,000 capital stock to build cotton oil mill, lighting plant and ice factory.

Freeborn Contsruction Co., Kansas City, Mo., was reported as having decided to build a plant at Pine Hill, Ky. the daily capacity to be 1,600 barrels of Portland cement.

American Briquetting Co., New Carlisle, Ohio, was organized with $1,250,000 capital stock, to establish lignite compressing plants in Texas and other States.

Sumter Lighting Co., Sumter, S. C., was incorporated with $200,000 capital stock to operate electric lighting plants.

West Virginia Paper Products Co., Farkersburg, W. Va., arranged to build plant with daily capacity of 5,600 paper boxes.

Big Salkehatchie Cypress Co., Charleston, S. C., was incorporated with $300,000 capital stock to acquire and hold for future development cypress timber lands in Big Salkehatchie swamp.

**"Wanda" at Crystal Palace.**

And three other acts coming. **

## TRINITY COMMENCEMENT.

Programme for Week Is Announced —Speakers.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Trinity College, Durnam, N. C., March 22.—The order of exercises for the commencement of Trinity College, June 4-7, 1911, will be as fallows:

Sunday, June 4, 8:30 P. M.—Baccalaureate address by President William Preston Few.

Monday, June 5—Annual meeting of the Board of Trustees.

Tuesday, June 6, 11 A. M.—Commencement sermon by the Rev. Charles E. Jefferson, D. D., pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle, New York City.

Tuesday, June 6, 1 P. M.—Alumni dinner and the annual address before the Alumni Association by the Hon. Wilfred D. Turner, of Statesville, N. C.

Tuesday, June 6, 8:30 P. M.—Orations by members of the graduating class.

Wednesday, June 7, 10:30 A. M.—Graduating exercises, and commencement address by Jacob August Riis, New York City.

Wednesday, June 7, 9 P. M.—Reception in honor of the graduating class.

Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, who is to preach the commencement sermon is one of the strongest and most influential preachers in the country today. For a number of years he has been the pastor of one of the largest churches in New York City, and has been one of the city's most popular preachers.

Mr. Jacob A. Riis, who will deliver the commencement address, is one of the most popular speakers and writers in the country. He was born in Denmark, and for many years after coming to this country was connected with the New York Sun. He has been actively interested in movements designed to help the poor of New York City, in providing parks and playgrounds for the tenement districts. Many of his books have attained great popularity and influence.

## SOUTHBOUND FARE LOWER.

Road Will Not Charge Passenger Rate of Three Cents—Y. M. C. A. Fund.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 24.—General Passenger Agent Craig, of the Winston-Salem Southbound Railroad, filed today with Corporation Commission the official notice that the Winston-Salem Southbound will at once inaugurate a two and a half cent passenger rate, instead of three cent rate. The road has a right to charge three cents for two years under the State law, because of its being a new road. The reduction specified is to be an experiment and the company reserves the right to advance to three cents if interests of road seem to require it. Expectation is expressed, however, that application of the lower rate will work out satisfactorily.

The first day of the great whirlwind campaign for the $65,000 fund for a Y. M. C. A. building for Raleigh, resulted in a total of $16,640 subscriptions secured. A sharp rivalry is developing between soliciting teams. The C. J. Hunter team led the first day with $1,875 and the W. H. Williamson team was second with $1,865.

Where is Wilmington? Why not give the city a business administration by the young men? Watch the coming campaign. **


# HOW HE CURED HIS SKIN DISEASE

About twenty years ago I began to break out with Eczema on my head, legs and arms, and commenced treatment with the local doctors, but did not get much relief. I continued to treat the disease under the direction of different physicians for two years, and at the end of that time they said the disease was chronic. I then quit them and tried various ointments, salves, lotions, etc., for another two years, but soon I was as bad off as before, so I finally decided to let medicine alone, and for twelve or thirteen years I suffered intensely from the Eczema. During the time I lost about half of my hair. At last I began S. S. S., doubtful of a cure, because the disease had run on so long, but I soon discovered that your medicine was doing me good, and continued to take it. After taking S. S. S. for awhile I was completely cured of the Eczema, not having a single spot left on my body, which before was almost completely covered with the eruption. I waited until the Spring to see if it would return, but have seen no signs of it, and am satisfied the cure is permanent. It has been several years now and I do not believe I will ever have any return of the trouble.

1017 Hackberry St., Ottumwa, Iowa. F. C. NORFOLK.

What S. S. S. did for Mr. Norfolk it can do for every one who is afflicted with a Skin Disease. He is just one of the many thousands who have cured themselves by the simple process of purifying the blood and removing the cause from the circulation. We want you to be cured if you have any skin trouble, and shall endeavor in this short talk to tell you just why S. S. S. will accomplish the desired result.

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally a covering to the body. The other is known as the derma or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which this lower section is interlaced, supplies the cuticle with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and healthy. We can therefore readily see how necessary it is for the blood to be pure if the skin remain free from disease, and also why humors and acids in the circulation always find their way to the surface and cause skin affections.

All skin troubles are due to a humor or acid in the blood. Instead of supplying rich, nutritive properties to the cuticle, the circulation constantly deposits an acrid impurity into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes inflammation of the under layer of the skin which splits or breaks the thin outer tissue and causes an ulceration of the glands, producing a discharge upon the surface, in the form of Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases the pores, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles are all due to impure blood, and only a blood purifier can cure them. Salves, washes, lotions, etc., will perhaps afford some temporary relief from the itching, and assist in keeping the skin clean, but such treatment can have no effect on the humors in the blood, and therefore never do any permanent good.

S. S. S. cures Skin diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. S. S. S. cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to its normal strength and thickness, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity and nourishing qualities in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated and inflamed by fiery humors and acids, is nourished, soothed and softened by a plentiful supply of rich, pure blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. It cures Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, pimples, boils, rashes and all eruptions of the cuticle. These troubles cannot remain when the cause has been removed, and S. S. S. will certainly remove the cause by purifying the blood. Book on Skin Diseases free to those who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.



Oh, You SPRING STYLES

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STETSON

—and—

Walk-Over Oxfords

—AT—

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Coffee—that pleases must be blended to have the right strength—rich flavor. We guarantee

Jackson Square Coffee

"WHITE LABEL BRAND"

to be the finest drinking quality produced. Never sold in bulk. Always in sealed tins to protect the original richness.

For sale by all first-class grocers. JACKSON SQUARE COFFEE has been awarded SIX BLUE RIBBONS and ONE GOLD MEDAL on its QUALITY.

Our guarantee is—purchase a can—if not the "best by every test" the grocer will refund your money.

Importers Coffee Co., Ltd., New Orleans, La.

"QUALITY HOUSE."



TRADE MARK F.S.R. REGISTERED.

That there is more to a Fertilizer than Analysis is proven conclusively by the results obtained every year from **Royster Fertilizers.** They are made from experience obtained by actual field experiments of what the plant **requires,** and not from ready reference formulating.

Every ingredient in **Royster Goods** is selected for its plant food value, and has its work to do at the proper time, therefore the plant fertilized with **ROYSTER** goods is fed regular from sprouting time until harvest.

Ask your dealer for **Royster** goods and see that the trade-mark is on every bag. **When you see this F.S.R. you know that you are getting the genuine and original ROYSTER Fish Fertilizer.**

F. S. ROYSTER GUANO COMPANY,

FACTORIES AND SALES OFFICES:

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Apinol Shampoo

Removes Dandruff; cleanses the scalp; gives a healthy tone to the hair follicles, and makes the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. Recommended by physicians and hair specialists, and many others who have used it.

25 cents the Can.

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# WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

**Getting Ready for Planting—Heavy Railroad Traffic—Residence Destroyed by Fire—Old Memories Revived.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., March 25.—From all directions come good reports as to the condition of the farmers in making preparations for the planting of a new crop. There has been during the Winter and Spring so far, very little weather to prevent the farmers from having their land in first-class condition for planting, and they seem to have taken advantage of the opportunity to have everything in readiness when planting time arrives.

Judging from the preparations that are being made and the quantity of fertilizers that are being delivered, a record breaking crop will be planted, and with a favorable season a bountiful harvest must be the result.

The contract was let this week for repainting the passenger coaches on the Virgina and Carolina Southern, which will add much to their appearance. Supt. Russell is the right man in the right place. He believes in having things up-to-date in every respect. Watch him, in the near future, inaugurate sleeping car service between Lumberton and Richmond, Washington and New York. It will not be long before people can retire for the night in Lumberton and wake up in Washington City in time for breakfast.

There is little doubt but that the past month has been a record breaker for business on the Wilmington division of the Seaboard. Such large engines and heavy trains have never before been operated on this division.

Mr. Chas. A. Jordon, at one time a resident of Lumberton, spent Thursday in town on business. Mr. Jordon was a son of Rev. W. M. Jordon, who was pastor of the Methodist church here over 40 years ago, having left for another charge in 1870. This was Mr. Jordon's first visit since that time. He was a schoolmate of the writer in 1869. The little school house was located on 6th street between Chestnut and Walnut and was afterwards moved into the yard of Mr. J. A. McAllister's residence where it still remains, being used as a storage room. Mrs. F. D. Godwin, a sister of Mr. H. C. McQueen, of Wilmington, was our teacher. Of those who attended the school, we can call to mind Misses Amelia Linkhaw and Mary Redmond and Mr. Sam Branch, of Lumberton, Mr. W. A. Dick, of Lumberton, Mr. J. H. Redmond, of Georgia and Charlie Jordon, of Durham. The Methodist parsonage at that time was located in the corner of what is now Mr. A. W. McLean's yard adjoining his residence. The passenger building was afterward moved to the site where now stands the residence of Mr. Jno. D. McAllister. The building was destroyed by fire while occupied by the late Mr. W. W. McDiarmid. We know of two couples who still reside in Lumberton who were married by Mr. Jordon's father, they being Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McAllister and Mr. and Mrs. John Redmond, and there may be others.

Some Lumberton young men became so wrought up over the Booker Washington incident in New York that they sent the following day letter by telegraph to the man charged with causing Booker's head to enlarge:

"Albert Ulrich, 1102 West 63rd Street, New York City.

"Congratulations. President of Tuskegee has failed to absorb the fundamental fact by study of experience that the place for Africans is in close proximity to the cotton fields. If Booker had been home he wouldn't have riled you, and might be suffering from internal rather than external enlargement of the cranium at this writing."

The residence of Mr. A. H. Hinds, about 200 yards south of the Seaboard depot, was destroyed by fire about 3 o'clock this morning, together with nearly all his household goods. Mr. Hinds was awakened by breaking glass caused by the heat, and the fire was then under such headway that little could be saved. The fire seemed to have originated about the kitchen, but how it cannot be said, as no fire had been in the kitchen stove since 6 o'clock yesterday evening. The building was comparatively new, having been erected less than three years ago. Mr. Hinds estimates his loss at $2,500, with $1,400 insurance, $1,000 on building and $400 on furniture. Mr. Hinds has the sincerest sympathy of the entire community. Although an unusually long fire alarm was given, it does not seem that the people in town knew anything about it.

There has recently been talk of selling the light and water plant which now belongs to the town. It is not for us to say whether or not this would be wise. We are reliably informed that the rate in Lumberton is just one-third less than in some other towns of the State. We know this is true as to Sanford. It has been said that the plant here was operated at a loss. If the town was charged up with as much for the street lights as it would be if the plant was owned by a company, it is said it would not be so. We have heard it suggested that a spur track could easily be constructed from either the S. A. L. or the V. & C. S. and save between $1,500 and $2,000 per year that is spent in hauling coal from the railroads to the power plant. And if that track was constructed a large number of the business men who buy goods in car lots would also save much in hauling expenses.

By the change in schedule which went into effect on the V. & C. S. a few days ago, our Elizabethtown friends can now come over and spend almost the entire day with us, arriving in time for late breakfast and remaining until after supper. And they are always welcome too. It will only be a short time before mail service will be put on between here and Elizabethtown.

The "Old Fiddler's Convention" was pulled off at the Opera House last night as per advertisement, delighting a fair sized audience. The opinion of those present seemed to be that the convention was the best ever witnessed in this section.

We heard a gentleman make the statement yesterday that he had a very fine peach orchard, but he thought that nearly, if not all, the fruit had been killed by the recent cold weather. There seems to be a difference of opinion regarding the matter, some claiming that the fruit is not hurt while others say it is going to be very scarce in this section.

For advertising schemes of all kinds that will catch the eye of passersby, Mr. Jno. D. McMillan, of J. D. McMillan & Son, is hard to down. His latest attempt is the admiration of many, especially those who pass at night after the lights are turned on. On the counter on each side of the store is a pillar or column of transparent soap, 12 inches square, and about three feet high. Down about half way on the inside of the soap pillars are huge electric lights, causing an effect that is most beautiful. Nine out of ten people passing on the street at night will stop to admire these beautiful displays of soap.

The ladies will do well to remember that Caldwell & Carlyle will have their millinery opening during the coming week, 28th and 29th. They have goods to show that are good to look upon.

The Bell Telephone Company expects in a short time to improve its plant here by putting in a new switch board which was ordered several days ago. Division Superintendent Maxwell, who was here yesterday, stated that they proposed to make the service here equal to the best to be found anywhere. Having the best town of its size to be found anywhere, we feel that we should have service at least as good as any.

One morning this week while at the Union station we observed a gentleman examining the marks on express packages which were being put off the train. He expressed his opinion in no uncertain terms of any one who would be common enough to order whiskey as was being done by many. Half an hour later we went to the express office and met the same gentleman coming out of the door tearing the wrapper off some bottles. He threw the wrappers down and put the bottles in his pocket. Curiosity led us to pick up what he had thrown down. However, nothing was revealed further than the fact that it was just some "old rotten dope" ordered from another town. What must all a man when he can use 75 cents or a dollar's worth of paregoric in four or five days?

Dr. R. C. Tebeau, osteopath, arrived here yesterday from Savannah, for the purpose of locating. He has not yet decided just where he will have his office, but will announce his location in a day or two. Dr. Tebeau is a young man of very pleasing manners and comes highly recommended. Lumberton will extend to him a most cordial welcome.

Mr. Henry Blount filled his engagement here Monday and Tuesday nights under the auspices of Class No. 2, of the Methodist Sunday School. The audiences were not as large as they should have been, but those who were fortunate enough to be present were greatly delighted and will not miss an opportunity of hearing Mr. Blount lecture when it presents itself.

On next Friday night, March 31st, will be presented the last number of the Lyceum Course, the attraction being the "Scottish Singers." When this company was here two or three seasons ago, it made a great hit, and it is to be hoped that a packed house will be present to witness their second appearance. The price of admission will be only 50 cents.

Mr. A. R. Phillips, who recently purchased of Mr. A. H. Hinds, his stock of groceries, and conducted the business at Mr. Hinds' market, has moved back to his old stand on Third street, between Elm and Water. Mr. Hinds will continue his fresh meat business at his old stand but will not handle groceries.

Rev. R. Murphy Williams, of Greensboro, who was recently extended a call to the pastorate of the Lumberton Presbyterian Church, will preach in that church tomorrow morning and evening.

Miss Maggie Costello, who has for several years made her home with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Redmond, left Thursday for Charleston, S. C., where she will visit relatives for some time. She was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Redmond's little son, Anthony.——Messrs. Weldon Schenck and John M. Dick, of Greensboro, were Lumberton visitors Wednesday. Mr. Dick is a brother of Mrs. Lizzie Proctor.——Mrs. A. H. Hinds and children left Thursday morning for South Carolina to visit relatives.——Miss Janie Carlyle, a student at the State Normal College, who has been spending several weeks at home on account of her eyes, left this morning to resume her studies.——Quite a number of Lumberton young people went to Fayetteville to attend the performance given by DeWolff Hopper last night.

## IN SAMPSON COUNTY.

**Clinton to Take Steps for Civic Improvements—Other Notes.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Clinton, N. C., March 25.—During the coming Summer the citizens of Clinton will have a chance to vote on two propositions that touch very closely the interests of all the people of this progressive town. During the session of the recently adjourned Legislature, Representative Kennedy, of Sampson, introduced two bills; one authorizing an election for the issuance of bonds to construct a modern school building, the other for water works. The need of both of these suggested improvements is patent. While there is opposition to both of these measures it is very probable that they will meet the approval of the voters at the polls.

This town has always been a good school town, but diring the past few years it's citizens have caught the spirit of progress in all educational lines, as exemplified in such spirits as Joyner, and many expressions of discontent over the inadequency of the present Graded School building, have been heard. The great need of modern education is equipment, and any man not insensible to the welfare of his children cannot help but be sensible of the advantages derived from having a building in keeping with the times.

The new and progressive idea of cleaner towns and better sanitary conditions, which through the influence of Wilmington and other large cities has gained such impetus, is partly responsible for the interest of the Clinton people in securing a system of waterworks. This proposition no less than the one for the new school building, will vitally affect the future of the town. Sanitary conditions are almost an impossibility under present circumstances. It is hoped that the element who would like to see things stand as they are, will not predominate over those who stand for conservative progress and development.

Though Spring was apparently arrested by Winter during the past week, one riding out in the country, sees on every side busy preparations for farming. The poet who said, "In Spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love," might have said with equal truth, in Spirng a farmers fancy turns to thoughts of a bale of cotton to the acre and 50 bushels of corn. And the realization of this dream is coming to be of common occurrence in Sampson county too. Farmers all over the county are awake to the advantages of new ideas in the cultivation of their crops.

Mr. A. Vann, one of Sampson's largest farmers marketed his crop of 170 bales of cotton this week. The price received was 14 1-4 cents and the whole netted about $11,000.

Mr. W. S. Partrick, long one of Clinton's leading business men, has severed his business connections here and moved his family to Florida. Clinton regrets to lose a family that has been so prominently associated with the financial and social affairs of the town.

During the severe electrical storm of last week Mr. H. G. Sessoms, a farmer of this county, was struck by lightning and received a very serious shock. It is probable that the injury is a permanent one.

Sheriff D. C. McPhail took two patients to the State Hospital for treatment the past week. One was Mr. J. A. Royal, a white man, the other Mary King, a negro woman. Both were suffering from lapses of sanity.

London, March 22.—Two fights of international interest were pulled off at the Olympia tonight. The first, which brought together Ray Bronson, of America, and Sid Burns, an Englishman, was won by the latter, the reason being disqualified in the 19th round for hitting low.

**Warning to Railroad Men.**

Look out for severe and even dangerous kidney and bladder trouble resulting from years of railroading.-Geo. E. Bell, 639 Third Street, Fort Wayne, Ind., was many years a conductor on the Nickel Plate. He says: "Twenty years of railroading left my kidneys in terrible condition. There was pain across my back and hips and my kidneys gave me much distress. The first bottle of Foley Kidney Pils made a wonderful improvement and four bottles cured me completely."—Robt. R. Bellamy.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

**Advertisements under this head, carrying announcements of candidates for nomination before the primary, are classed as transient, and under the rules of this publication are cash in advance. Such advertisements will be accepted under no other condition.**


WILLIAM L. SMITH

will be a Candidate for the Nomination of

COUNCILMAN

FROM THE THIRD WARD.

mh26-1t

FOR COUNCILMAN

FOURTH WARD

PARKER QUINCE MOORE

mh24-tf


FOR COUNCILMAN, FIRST WARD.

The undersigned is a candidate for Councilman, First Ward, and would appreciate your support.

W. L. WEST.

mar 21-1m.

STATEMENT.

**Westchester Fire Insurance Company, New York City.**

Condition December 31, 1910, as shown by statement filed:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount of Capital paid up in cash | $300,000.00 |
| Amount of Ledger Assets December 31st of previous year; Total | 4,342,011.98 |
| Income—From Policyholders, $2,588,762.96; Miscellaneous, $180,923.30; Total | 2,769,686.26 |
| Disbursements—To Policyholders, $1,384,082.93; Miscellaneous, $1,145,988.49; Total | 2,530,071.42 |
| Fire Risks—Written or renewed during year, $859,920,325; In force | 529,314,298.00 |
| **Assets.** | |
| Value of Real Estate | 9,630.55 |
| Mortgage Loans on Real Estate | 168,150.00 |
| Value of Bonds and Stocks | 3,918,479.13 |
| Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks on interest | 114,015.94 |
| Agents' balances, representing business written subsequent to October 1, 1910 | 355,405.70 |
| Agents' balances, representing business written prior to October 1, 1910 | 15,371.50 |
| Interest and Rents due and accrued | 8,195.00 |
| Total | $4,589,821.72 |
| Less Assets not admitted | 119,525.63 |
| Total admitted Assets | $4,470,296.09 |
| **Liabilities.** | |
| Net amount of unpaid losses and claims | $247,761.56 |
| Unearned Premiums | 2,420,879.65 |
| State, county and municipal taxes due or accrued | 40,000.00 |
| All other Liabilities as detailed in statement | 20,000.00 |
| Total amount of Liabilities except Capital | $2,737,641.27 |
| Capital Actually paid up in Cash | 300,000.00 |
| Surplus over all Liabilities | 1,432,654.88 |
| Total Liabilities | $4,470,296.09 |

**Business in North Carolina During 1910.**

Fire Risks written, $2,167,374.00; Premiums received $24,485.75

Losses incurred—Fire, $8,295.11; Paid 495.25

President, Geo. R. Crawford.
Secretary, John H. Kelly.
Treasurer, M. O. Brown.
Home office, 100 William st., New York.
Attorney for service, Col. Walker Taylor, Wilmington, N. C.
Business manager for North Carolina, Home Office.

State of North Carolina—Insurance Department, Raleigh, 2, 16, 1911.

I, James R. Young, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby ctertify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Westchester Fire Insurance Company, of New York, filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1910.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and date above written.

JAMES R. YOUNG,
Insurance Commissioner.

mh19-2t-s-t

You Can't Drink and Hold Your Job

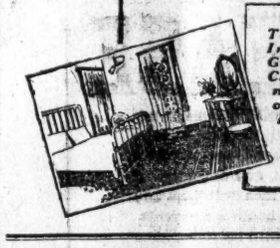
SOONER or later your employer is going to tire of your continual uncertainty. Business demands men that can be depended upon and the first thing you know disgust will take the place of pity and—you're out of a job.

Now let's get practical. You *can* stop drinking but you need help and the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., can aid you. *Four weeks of treatment at the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., will take away your craving for liquor.* It will kill your desire to drink by eliminating your appetite for alcohol. And, there's something more than a mere cure administered at Greensboro. There are pleasant environments, plenty of pure air, delicious home cooking, and modern conveniences to make your stay a pleasant rest. There is a *personality* about the institution that will give you a moral uplift.

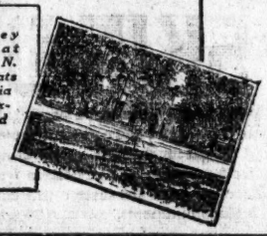
The Keeley Institute will make a new man of you. It will build up your worn down body and brain, and give you new ideals, new inspirations. It will make you as good a man as you were before you started drinking. We have helped thousands of men—will you let us help you?

Write us in fullest confidence—send for our book today. Look over the many cures we have effected and—be convinced.

W. H. OSBORN, Pres.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
Greensboro N. C.



*The Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., also treats neurasthenia or nervous exhaustion and all addictions to drugs.*



"1911"

Spring Opening

—OF—

MILLINERY

BEGINS

Tuesday and Wednesday

The largest and most beautiful display of ladies' and children's hats and millinery furnishings ever shown in the city.

The goods are **new**
The qualities are **perfect**
The styles are the **latest**
and the prices are most reasonable.

Gaylord's

Big Department Store

210, 212, 214 N. Front

TUESDAY, MARCH 21st,

—THE—

French Millinery Parlors

*will display a distinctive and exclusive line of*

Pattern Hats and Original Designs

FOR EARLY SPRING AND SUMMER.


# ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to Mar. 7, 1911, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

| 42 | 48 | | *Daily. | 49 | 41 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *7 00pm | *8 40am | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. 6 15pm | 9 45am |
| 10 00pm | 11 43am | Ar. | Goldsboro | Lv. 2 59pm | 6 40am |
| 11 00pm | 12 43pm | Ar | Wilson | Lv. 1 52pm | 5 49am |
| 11 45pm | 1 18pm | Ar. | Rocky Mount | Lv. 12 58pm | 5 05am |
| 3 15am | 4 55pm | Ar. | Weldon | Lv. 11 30am | 3 25am |
| 4 00am | 7 05pm | Ar. | Petersburg | Lv. 9 13am | 1 36am |
| 4 40am | 8 00pm | Ar. | Richmond | Lv. 8 15am | 7 00am |
| 8 00am | 11 50pm | Ar. | Washington | Lv. 4 20am | 9 40pm |
| 9 16am | 1 15am | Ar. | Baltimore | Lv. 2 50am | 8 20pm |
| 11 35am | 3 30am | Ar. | West Philadelphia | Lv. 12 19am | 5 44pm |
| 1 31pm | 5 40am | Ar. | Manhattan Tr. (a) (7th Ave. & 32nd St.) | Lv. 9 50pm | 3 58pm |
| 1 50pm | 6 00am | Ar | NEW YORK | Lv. *9 30pm | *3 38pm |

(a)—Connections made at Manhattan Transfer with trains to and from Jersey City and thence with Desbrosses or Cortlandt street ferries and with Hudson River Terminal tubes to and from lower New York City.

(b) Sleeper arriving New York 6.00 A. M., may be occupied until 7.30 A. M.

48 and 49—Pullman parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

| 42 | 48 | | *Daily. | 49 | 41 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *7 00pm | *8 40am | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. 6 15pm | 9 45am |
| 11 45pm | 1 18pm | Ar. | Rocky Mount | Lv. 12 58pm | 5 05am |
| 3 30am | 1 20pm | Lv. | Rocky Mount | Ar. 12 55pm | 10 35pm |
| 4 13am | 2 05pm | Ar. | Tarboro | Lv. 12 18pm | 9 58pm |
| 8 00am | 5 55pm | Ar. | NORFOLK | Lv. *8 15am | *620pm |

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars Wilmington and Norfolk.
42 and 49—Pullman Parlor and Dining car, Wilmington and Norfolk.

| 55 | 51 | | *Daily. | 50 | 54 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *3 15pm | *5 45am | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. 11 40pm | 1 40pm |
| 7 25pm | 9 30am | Ar. | Florence | Lv. 8 00pm | 9 30am |
| 11 20pm | 12 50pm | Ar. | Charleston | Lv. 4 37pm | 5 25am |
| 2 25am | 3 25pm | Ar | Savannah | Lv. 12 05pm | 12 25am |
| 11 55am | 2 20am | Ar. | Albany | Lv. 1 25am | 1 55pm |
| 9 40am | 1 45am | Ar. | Thomasville | Lv. 2 05am | 2 05pm |
| 5 50pm | 8 50am | Ar | Montgomery | Lv. 6 50pm | 6 05am |
| 7 15am | 8 00pm | Ar. | JACKSONVILLE | Lv. 7 30am | 7 55pm |
| 2 05pm | 2 18am | Ar. | Sanford, Fla. | Lv. 1 35am | 2 05pm |
| 7 00pm | 7 00am | Ar. | TAMPA | Lv. 9 00pm | 10 30am |
| 9 10pm | 8 20am | Ar. | ST. PETERSBURG | Lv. 8 05pm | 6 30am |
| 10 20pm | 1 05pm | Ar | FORT MYERS | Lv. *3 00pm | *6 45am |

ALL TRAINS CARRY PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS—Sleeper arriving Wilmington on No. 50 at 11:40 P. M., may be occupied until 7:00 A. M., and sleeper leaving Wilmington on No. 51 at 5:45 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at 10:00 P. M., the previous night. Seat farec sold in Pullman cars to and from Wilmington.

| 55 | 51 | | *Daily. | 32-50 | 54 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *3:10pm | *5 45am | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. 11 40pm | 1 40pm |
| 7 25pm | 9 30am | Ar. | Florence | Lv. 8 00pm | 9 30am |
| 9 25pm | 11 25am | Ar | Sumter | Lv. 5 55pm | 7 35am |
| 11 10pm | 12 55pm | Ar. | COLUMBIA | Lv. 4 10pm | 6 00am |
| 9 25am | | Ar. | AUGUSTA | Lv. 2 30pm | |
| 11:50pm | 1 30pm | Lv | COLUMBIA, Sou. Ry. | Ar 2 30pm | 4 40am |
| 5 30am | 7 40pm | Ar. | Saluda...Sou. Ry. | Lv. 8 45am | 10 25pm |
| 6 00am | 8 15pm | Ar. | Hendersonville...Sou. Ry. | Lv. 8 05am | 9 50pm |
| 7 00am | 9 15pm | Ar. | ASHEVILLE Sou. Ry. | Lv. 7 00am | 8 50pm |
| 7 20pm | | Ar. | Knoxville...Sou. Ry. | Lv. *1 35am | 8 30am |
| 11 05am | | Ar | Louisville...Sou. Ry. | Lv. | 7 40am |
| 8 00am | | Ar. | CINCINNATI Q. & C. | Lv. | *8 10pm |

61—SLEEPING CAR Wilmington to Columbia.

55—SLEEPING CARS, Wilmington to Columbia.

54—SLEEPING CARS, Columbia to Wilmington. Sleeper from Columbia open to receive passengers at 10 P. M.

50—SLEEPING CAR Columbia to Wilmington.

Sleeping cars arriving Wilmington 11:40 P. M. and Columbia 11:10 P. M. may be occupied until 7.00 A. M

Sleeping cars levaing Wilmington 5.45 A. M. and Columbia 6.00 A. M., will be open to receive passengers at 10.00 P. M.

Seat fares sold in all Pullman cars to and from Wilmington and Columbia.

| 57 | 51 | 55 | *Dly | Dly. Ex. Sun. | xSun. only | 54 | 50 | 58 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 30pm | *5 45am | *3 15pm | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. | 1 40pm | 11 50pm | 8 30am |
| 9 15pm | 7 28am | 5 00pm | Ar. | CHADBOURN | Lv. | *11 40am | 9 58pm | 6 25am |
| 10 10pm | 11 50am | x5 15pm | Lv. | CHADBOURN | Ar. | 7 10am | 8 00pm | 6 15am |
| 11 45pm | 1 30pm | 6 45pm | Ar. | CONWAY | Lv. | x8 40am | 6 30pm | 4 30am |

| 59 | 53 | * Daily. | Daily ex. Sun | 60 | 52 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 30pm | *8 45am | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. | 10 15am | 8 05pm |
| 9 45pm | 11 45am | Ar. | Fayetteville | Lv. | 7 10am | 4 50pm |
| 9 45pm | 12 10pm | Lv. | Fayetteville | Ar. | *6 25am | 4 45pm |
| 11 10pm | 1 40pm | Ar. | SANF RD. | Lv. | 5 00am | *3 30pm |

| 62 | 64 | *Daily. | Daily Except Sunday. | 63 | 65 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *3 25pm | 5 50am | Lv. | WILMINGTON | Ar. | 12 50pm | 6 50pm |
| 5 22pm | 7 42am | Ar. | Jacksonville, N. C. | Lv. | 10 55am | 4 55pm |
| 6 44pm | 9 05am | Ar. | Wor. & Sou. Junction | Lv. | 9 35am | 3 35pm |
| 6 50pm | 9 10am | Ar | NEWBERN, N. C. | Lv. | *9 30am | 3 30pm |

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

# SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Tuesday, Feb. 28rd, 1911.

## TO THE BEACH

WEEK DAYS.

| Leave Front and Princess: | Leave Lumina |
|---|---|
| 6:50 A. M. | 7:45 A. M. |
| 8:30 | 9:15 |
| 10:00 | 10:45 |
| 11:30 | 12:15 P. M. |
| 1:00 P. M. | 1:45 |
| 3:00 | 3:45 |
| 4:30 | 5:15 |
| 7:10 | 7:50 |
| 8:30 | 9:15 |
| SUNDAYS. | |
| 8:30 A. M. | 9:15 A. M. |
| 9:30 | 10:15 |
| 10:00 | 10:45 |
| 11:30 | 12:15 P. M. |
| 1:00 P. M. | 1:45 |
| 2:00 | 2:45 |
| and every half hour until | and every half hour until |
| 5:30 | 6:15 |
| 6:10 | 6:55 |
| 7:10 | 7:50 |
| 8:30 | 9:15 |

WRIGHTSVILLE.

Leave Wilmington, for Wrightsville:

Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.

Sundays—8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington:

Week Days—6:20, 7:30, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 5:25, 6:00, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 1:30 P. M.

Sundays—9:25, 10:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.

GOLF LINKS.

Leave Wilmington for Golf Links:

Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30, A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00.

Leave Golf Links for Wilmington:

Week Days—6:35, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:45, 11:15 A. M.; 12:45, 2:15, 2:45, 4:15, 5:15, 5:55, 6:55, 8:15, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45.

FREIGHT.

Daily, Except Sunday.

Leave 9th and Orange: 8 P. M. Leave Beach: 5:15 P. M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 3 P. M.


N & W Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Norfolk | 8:15 a m | 8:30 p m |
| Lv. Petersburg | 10:50 a m | 10:40 p m |
| Lv. Durham | 7:00 a m | 5:30 p m |
| Lv. Lynchburg | 2:35 p m | 2:30 a m |
| Ar. Cincinnati | 7:30 a m | 6:25 p m |
| Ar. Columbus | 6:45 a m | 7:05 p m |
| Ar. Chicago | 5:00 p m | 7:30 a m |
| Ar. St. Louis | 6:33 p m | 8:20 a m |

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Alleghany mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. M. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

When you feel discouraged, confused, nervous, tired, worried or despondent it is a sure sign you need MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS. They renew the normal vigor and make life worth living. Be sure and ask for

Mott's Nerverine Pills Price $1.00 by druggists

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 179.

Trains leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 6th, 1910.

NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet, 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.

No. 44—11:50 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 64, for Washington and New York; No. 62, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 65, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

E. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER,
Commercial Agent,
Orton Hotel.
'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. B. RYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth Va.

mal3-tf

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK

and

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship "Carib," Friday, Mar. 24, 1911.
Steamship "Navahoe," Friday, Mar. 31, 1911

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., Mar. 25, 1011
Steamship "Carib," Sat., April 1, 1911

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship "Carib," Monday, Mar. 27, 1911
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., April 3, 1911

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD,
Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. & G. M.

WILLIAM L. SMITH

Attorney at Law.

Room 10 Masonic Temple.

Will give prompt attention to all matters committed to his care.

# FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

## COTTON MARKET WAS EASIER

**Under Liquidation and Local Selling —Net Decline of Seven to Ten Points—Little Demand on Market.**

New York, March 25.—The cotton market was easier today under liquidation and local selling following the failure of the census report to create fresh demand and in response to favorable weather and unfavorable crop accounts. The close was steady but at the lowest prices of the day and at a net decline of 6 to 10 points.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of four points although cables were rather better than due and gradually eased off during the season with May selling as low as 14.43 and July at 14.26 or about 20 points under the high level of March 17. The selling was scattered but there seemed to be rather aggressive pressure from some of the Wall Street houses and while there was a little demand from leading bulls on a scale down the support was at no time active. Foreign trade advices showed no change, but the curtailment in Fall River was fully equal to last week's while the sales were smaller, and the unfavorable view of the domestic trade situation was emphasized by reports of further reduction in the selling price of bleached goods and rumors that a large Massachusetts mill would close down next week, throwing about 3,200 hands out of employment. Private wires from Texas reported furthrains in the southwest and some of the reports now coming in describe the season as most favorable. Notwithstanding these reports, new crop positions were relatively steady during the morning and it seemed that their chief influence was directed against the old crop positions, on the ground that a favorable new crop outlook would materially affect the attitude of the general trade toward carrying old crop supplies during the end-season. Moreover the discounts at which new crop months are already selling may restrict fresh operations for a decline to some extent. The bullish week-end figures probably helped to steady Liverpool this morning but had apparently been discounted in the local market late yesterday. Members of the New York cotton exchange will vote on Monday on the proposal to make Good Friday, April 14, and the Saturday following extra exchange holidays.

Receipts at the ports today 5,014 bales against 7,593 last week and 11,295 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 1,121 bales against 4,390 last year. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 14.55; middling gulf 14.80; sales none.

Futures opened and closed steady.

| Month | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| March | 14.40 | 14.40 | 14.30 | 14.30 |
| April | 14.41 | ..... | ..... | 14.32 |
| May | 14.52 | 14.53 | 14.43 | 14.43 |
| June | ..... | ..... | ..... | 14.38 |
| July | 14.33 | 14.32 | 14.26 | 14.26 |
| August | 13.80 | 13.80 | 13.78 | 13.78 |
| September | ..... | ..... | ..... | 12.95 |
| October | 12.60 | 12.62 | 12.55 | 12.55 |
| November | ..... | ..... | ..... | 12.48 |
| December | 12.50 | 12.50 | 12.46 | 12.45 |
| January | ..... | 12.44 | 12.43 | 12.43 |

### THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, 14⅝; net receipts, 2,554; gross receipts, 2,554; sales, 300; stock, 93,274; coastwise, 295.

New Orleans—Steady, 14 9-16; net receipts, 1,121; gross receipts, 1,121; sales, 328; stock, 107,803; Great Britain, 9,135; continent, 2,958.

Mobile—Net receipts, 301; gross receipts, 301; stock, 7,172; coastwise, 12.

Savannah—Nominal, 14⅝; net receipts, 513; gross receipts, 513; sales, 650; stock, 61,459; continent, 963.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts, 2; gross receipts, 2; stock, 21,328.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 57; gross receipts, 57; stock, 3,042.

Norfolk—Steady, 14½; net receipts, 460; gross receipts, 460; sales, 303; stock, 16,923; coastwise, 849.

Baltimore—Nominal, 14⅞; stock, 3,013.

New York—Quiet, 14.55; gross receipts, 1,208; stock, 210,595; Great Britain, 325; continent, 2,900; coastwise, 557.

Boston—Quiet, 14.55; net receipts, 6; gross receipts, 2,830; stock, 10,496; coastwise, 66.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 14.80; net receipts, 920; stock, 3,088; continent, 624.

Minor Ports—Stock, 5,118.

Total today at all ports—Net, 5,014; Great Britain, 9,460; continent, 7,551; stock, 549,372.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 5,014; 9,460; continent, 7,551.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 7,883,507; Great Britain, 3,016,955; France, 848,892; continent, 2,521,839; Japan, 138,889; Mexico, 1,725.

### INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Nominal, 14½; net receipts, 1,223; gross receipts, 1,223; shipments, 1,908; stock, 67,616.

Augusta—Steady, 14¾; net receipts, 187; gross receipts, 410; shipments, 794; sales, 521; stock, 50,018.

Memphis—Steady, 14⅞; net receipts, 178; gross receipts, 807; shipments, 2,295; sales, 1,250; stock, 152,841.

St. Louis—Quiet, 14⅝; net receipts, 12; gross receipts, 627; shipments, 615; stock, 22,220.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 226; gross receipts, 226; shipments, 313; sales, 400; stock, 19,190.

Little Rock—Quiet, 14 5-16; net receipts, 571; gross receipts, 571; shipments, 716; stock, 26,397.

Total today—Net receipts, 2,397; gross receipts, 3,924; shipments, 6,611; sales, 2,171; stock, 338,280.

### THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, March 25.—Money on call nominal. Time loans dull; 60 days 2 1-2 per cent., 90 days 2 3-4 to 3 per cent., six months 3 1-4. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-4 per cent. Sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8425 for 60 day bills and at 4.8610 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 3-4. Bar silver 52 1-2. Mexican dollars 45.

**A Fierce Night Alarm.**

is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it aroused Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O., (R. R. No. 2,) for their four children were greatly subject to croup. "Sometimes in severe attacks," he wrote, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds, or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, la grippe, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 50c and $1. Trial bottle free. Sold by Robt. R. Bellamy.

## MARINE

**Arrived.**

Schr. The Josephine, 563 tons, Quillen, Carteret, N. J., C. D. Maffitt.

Schr. Alice L. Pendleton, 567 tons, Coombs, Baltimore, C. D. Maffitt.

**Cleared.**

Str. Navahoe, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

### MARINE DIRECTORY.

**List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.**

**Steamers.**

Fimriete (Nor.), 3,135 tons, Mortesen, R. C. Currie.

Gammer (Ger.), 1,433 tons, Berg, Heide & Co.

Hornsee (Ger.), 1,881 tons, Euler, Heide & Co.

**Schooners.**

The Josephine, 563 tons, Quillen, C. D. Maffitt.

Alice L. Pendleton, 567 tons, Coombs, C. D. Maffitt.

Wm. Thos. Moore, 263 tons, Griffith, C. D. Maffitt.

Herald, 474 tons, Simmons, C. D. Maffitt.

Harry W. Haynes, 239 tons, Goodwin, C. D. Maffitt.

### BY RIVER AND RAIL.

**Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington Yesterday.**

C. C. Railroad—8 barrels tar.

Atlantic Coast Line—37 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 85 barrels rosin; 78 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. City of Fayetteville—47 barrels tar.

Total—37 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 85 barrels rosin; 131 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

### THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, March 25.—Flour enchanged. Spring patents 4.85 to 5.10; Winter patents 4.10 to 4.50.

Rye Flour—Firm; fair to good 4.40 to 4.50 to fancy 4.55 to 4.80.

Buckwheat—Quiet; American 1.65 per 100 pounds.

Cornmeal—Steady, fine white and yellow 1.15 to 1.20; coarse 1.10 to 1.15, kiln dried 2.75.

Rye—Nominal.

Barley—Firm, malting 1.07 to 1.13 CIF New York.

Wheat—Easy, No. 2, red 99 3-8 elevator and 94 3-8 fob afloat. Futures weak, 1-4 lower. May 95 3-8; July 94 5-8.

Corn—Steady; export No. 2, 51; nominal fob afloat. Futures unchanged to 1-4 cent net decline. May 55 5-8; July 56 3-4.

Oats—Barely steady; standard white 36 1-4; No. 2, 36 3-4; No. 3, 35 3-4. Futures nominal.

Lard—Steady; middlewest prime 8.75 to 8.85; refined steady; continent 9.35; South American 10.25; compound 7 1-2 to 7 5-8.

Tallow—Barely steady; prime city 5 1-4; country 5 7-8 to 6 1-2.

Cotton seed oil was firm for spot while futures were barely steady under scattered commission house selling and lack of speculative demand. Futures closed generally unchanged to three points net lower. March 6.30; April 6.25 to 6.38; May 6.35 to 6.37; June 6.42 to 6.50; July 6.46 to 6.48. Prime crude 5.27 to 34; prime Summer yellow 6.25 to 60; prime yellow Winter 6.25 to 6.25; prime Summer white 6.20 to 7.00.

Petroleum—Steady; refined barrels 7.40; refined bulk 3.90.

Wool—Quiet; domestic fleece —; Ohio 31 to 32.

Rosin—Firm; strained common to good 8.25.

Turpentine—Firm; machine barrels 1.12.

Rice—Steady; domestic 2 1-4 to 5 1-4; Patna 5 1-2 to 6.

Molasses—Steady; New Orleans, open kettle 30 to 50.

Sugar—Raw easy; refined steady.

Coffee—Futures dull; spot dull, Rio No. 7, 12 1-4; Santos No. 4, 13 3-8; Mild dull; Cordova 13 3-4 to 16 3-4.

Butter—Weak; creamery extras 22 1-2 to 24.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged.

Eggs—Weak; Irish gathered selected extras 18 to 19.

Potatoes—Quiet, unchanged.

Cabbages—Weak; Southern per crate 1.00 to 1.50; Old Danish per ton 7.00 to 10.00.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

### WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, March 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady at $1.05½.

ROSIN—Market, steady; $7.50 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.30 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market, firm; $6.00 per barrel, for hard; $8.50 for dip; virgin, $9.25.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady at 59¾; rosin, steady at $3.75; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine, firm at $3.00, $4.50 and $3.75.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 6 |
| Rosin | 85 |
| Tar | 131 |
| Crude Turpentine | 11 |

Receipts same day last year, 66 casks spirits turpentine; 60 barrels rosin; 122 barrels tar; 6 barrels crude turpentine.

### COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—37 bales; same day last year, 300 bales.

### PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 25th.)

PEANUTS—Virginias, .90 to $1.00 per bu.; North Carolinas, $1.50@$1.60; Spanish, $1.15@$1.25.

CORN—Firm; .68 to .70 per bu.

PEAS—White black-eye, $2.50; white lady finger, $3.00; clay peas, $2.00 per bu.

POTATOES—Yams, 90 to $1.00 per bu.; Irish potatoes, $@@.90 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—Net, .09@.10 per lb.

WOOL—Burry, .12@.15 per lb.; free of burr, .18@.20 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .07 per lb.; dry, .12 per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 16c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 12 to 12½ per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, on foot, 15c. per lb.; dressed, .20@.22 per lb. Chickens, grown, .40@.50 per head; Chickens, spring, .20@.35 per head. Geese, .60 per head.

EGGS—Dull, 16c. per doz.

SHEEP—Out of season.

### Petersburg Peanut Market.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., March 20.—Spanish, steady, at $1.25 per bushel. Virginias, quiet. Bunch, 4c. to 4¼c. Fancy Hand Picked, 3½ to 3¾c. Extra Prime, 3⅝c. Prime, 3c. to 3¼c. Machine Picked, 3c. to 3¼c. Shelling Stock, 2½c.

**Very Low Colonist Rates.**

Via Norfolk & Western Railway, to Mexico, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and other States and Provinces, March 10 to April 10, 1911. For particulars communicate with C. H. Bosley, District Passenger Agent, 838 E. Main St., Richmond, Va.

mh 10-12-14-16-19-21-23-26-8t.

## WEEK-END IN STOCK MARKET

**Fitting Close of Day Poceeding—Financial, Industrial and Mercantile Conditions Not of Especial Import.**

New York, March 25.—The week-end in the stock market was a fitting wind-up to the days immediately preceding. During the first hour business amounted to about 35,000 shares and the total for the two-hour session was under 57,000 shares. The net result was a number of fractional declines with a few gains.

News bearing upon financial, industrial and mercantile conditions was not of especially favorable import. There was a fair demand for American, for better prices in London, but the market there sold off later on forecasts of the New York bank statement. In Paris the securities market was further depressed as a result of the Russo-Chinese situation and the market in Berlin was featureless. Affairs in Mexico were brought to the fore by the resignation of the cabinet there. This latest development, however, was not regarded in Wall Street as valid grounds for unrest but on the other hand it was pointed out that the contemplated changes in the Mexican administration might go far toward relieving the situation. Multiplying evidences of the backwardness of trade were received from various quarters. The fortnightly report of the number of idle cars disclosed a considerable increase which was confined chiefly to the East and South. Operations of a number of New England mills principally in the rubber and textile industries, were either curtailed or halted entirely.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales par value $889,000. United States 3s and the 4s registered lost 1-4c on call on the week. Total sales for the day 56,700 shares.

### THE BOND MARKET.

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. ref. 2s, registered | 101¼ |
| U. S. ref. 2s, coupon | 101¼ |
| U. S. 3s, registered | 101¾ |
| U. S. 3s, coupon | 101¾ |
| U. S. 4s, registered | 116 |
| U. S. 4s, coupon | 115¼ |
| Allis-Chalmers 1st 5s | 77½ |
| American Agricultural 5s | 101½ |
| American Tel and Tel cv. 4s | 108 |
| American Tobacco 4s | 85¼ |
| American Tobacco 6s | 107⅝ |
| Armour and Co., 4½s | 93 |
| Atchison gen. 4s | 99 |
| Atchison cv. 4s | 102¼ |
| Atchison cv. 5s | 110⅝ |
| Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s | 94¼ |
| Baltimore and Ohio 4s | 98⅝ |
| Baltimore and Ohio 3½s | 92½ |
| Baltimore and Ohio S. W. 3½s | 90⅜ |
| Brooklyn Transit cv. 4c | 84¼ |
| Central of Georgia 5s | 107½ |
| Central Leather 5s | 99¼ |
| Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s | 125 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio ref. 5s | 96⅜ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s | 100⅜ |
| Chicago and Alton 3½s | 70 |
| Chicago, B. and Quincy joint 4s | 96 |
| Chicago, B. and Quincy gen. 4s | 97 |
| Chicago, Mil. and St. P. gen. 3½s | 91⅜ |
| Chicago, R. I. and Pac. R. R. col. 4s | 73½ |
| Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. rfg. 4s | 88⅜ |
| Colorado Industrial 5s | 75 |
| Colorado Midland 4s | 64⅞ |
| Colo. and Southern ref and ext 4½s | 98⅜ |
| Delaware and Hudson cv. 4s | 98½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande 4s | 93½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s | 92½ |
| Distillers' 5s | 78⅜ |
| Erie prior lien 4s | 85½ |
| Erie, gen. 4s | 75¼ |
| Erie, cv. 4s, series "A" | 76 |
| Erie cv. 4s, series "B" | 70 |
| General Electric cv. 5s | 147 |
| Illinois Central 1st ref. 4s | 96⅜ |
| Interborough-Met. 4½s | 78⅜ |
| Inter. Mere. Marine 4½s | 64½ |
| Japan 4s | 88½ |
| Japan 4½s | 93¾ |
| Kansas City Southern 1st 3s | 73¼ |
| Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931) | 93⅛ |
| Louisville and Nashville Un. 4s | 98¾ |
| Missouri, Kansas and Texas 1st 4s | 97 |
| Mo. Kan. and Texas gen. 4½s | 80 |
| Missouri Pacific 4s | 77½ |
| National Rys of Mexico, 4½s | 83½ |
| New York Central deb. 4s | 102⅜ |
| N. Y., N. H. and Hartford cv. 6s | 138½ |
| Norfolk and Western cv. 4s | 107⅝ |
| Northern Pacific 4s | 99⅞ |
| Northern Pacific 3s | 71¾ |
| Oregon Short Line rfdg. 4s | 93⅞ |
| Penn. cv. 3½s (1915) | 96½ |
| Penn. con. 4s | 103⅞ |
| Reading gen. 4s | 97 |
| St. Louis and San Fran. fg. 4s | 81⅜ |
| St. Louis and San Fran. gen. 5s | 87⅜ |
| St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s | 78 |
| St. Louis Southwestern 1st gold 4s | 90⅜ |
| Seaboard Air Line 5s | 75¾ |
| Southern Pacific col. 4s | 92¾ |
| Southern Pacific cv. 4s | 97⅝ |
| Southern Pacific R. R. 1st ref. 4s | 94¼ |
| Southern Railway 5s | 106⅜ |
| Southern Railway gen. 4s | 78½ |
| Union Pacific 4s | 100½ |
| Union Pacific cv. 4s | 104⅜ |
| Union Pacific 1st and ref. 4s | 96⅜ |
| U. S. Rubber 6s | 103⅜ |
| U. S. Steel 2nd 5s | 105⅝ |
| Virginia-Carolina Chem. 5s | 101⅜ |
| Wabash 1st and ext. 4s | 70¼ |
| Western Maryland 4s | 80 |
| Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s | 92½ |
| Wisconsin Central 4s | 92⅝ |

### CLOSING STOCK LIST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allis-Chalmers, pfd | 31 |
| Amalgamated Copper | 63 |
| American Agricultural | 57 |
| American Beet Sugar | 44⅝ |
| American Can | 9½ |
| American Car and Foundry | 53½ |
| American Cotton Oil | 50¾ |
| American Hide and Leather, pfd | 22 |
| American Ice Securities | 23 |
| American Linseed | 11⅛ |
| American Locomotive | 37¼ |
| American Smelting and Refining | 74⅜ |
| American Smelting and Ref., pfd | 104¾ |
| American Steel Foundries | 47 |
| American Sugar Refining | 119½ |
| American Tel and Tel | 146⅝ |
| American Tobacco, pfd | 97 |
| American Woolen | 35¾ |
| Anaconda Mining Co | 38 |
| Atchison | 108⅜ |
| Atchison, pfd | 102½ |
| Atlantic Coast Line | 119½ |
| Baltimore and Ohio | 103¾ |
| Bethlehem Steel | 32 |
| Brooklyn Rapid Transit | 78¼ |
| Canadian Pacific | 219⅝ |
| Central Leather | 28⅝ |
| Central Leather, pfd | 98¾ |
| Central of New Jersey | 284 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 81⅝ |
| Chicago and Alton | 30 |
| Chicago Great Western | 23½ |
| Chicago Great Western, pfd | 44 |
| Chicago and North Western | 144¾ |
| Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul | 123¾ |
| C., C., C. and St. Louis | 63 |
| Colorado Fuel and Iron | 32 |
| Colorado and Southern | 32½ |
| Consolidated Gas | 144¾ |
| Corn Products | 13¾ |
| Delaware and Hudson | 167 |
| Denver and Rio Grande | 31½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande, pfd | 70⅝ |
| Distillers' Securities | 35½ |
| Erie | 29 |
| Erie, 1st pfd | 47⅝ |
| Erie, 2nd pfd | 37½ |
| General Electric | 147¾ |
| Great Northern, pfd | 126⅜ |
| Great Northern Ore Ctfs | 42½ |
| Illinois Central | 135¼ |
| Interborough-Met | 18⅝ |
| Interborough-Met, pfd | 53 |
| Inter. Harvester | 115⅜ |
| Inter-Marine, pfd | 10⅜ |
| International Paper | 10⅝ |
| International Pump | 41 |
| Iowa Central | 16 |
| Kansas City Southern | 34 |
| Kansas City Southern, pfd | 69⅜ |
| Laclede Gas | 111⅝ |
| Louisville and Nashville | 144⅛ |
| Minneapolis and St. Louis | 24 |
| Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie | 147 |
| Missouri, Kansas and Texas | 33½ |
| Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd | 65¼ |
| Missouri Pacific | 51¼ |
| National Biscuit | 129⅜ |
| National Lead | 52½ |
| Nat. Rys of Mexico, 2nd pfd | 35 |
| New York Central | 108 |
| New York, Ontario and Western | 41⅜ |
| Norfolk and Western | 107½ |
| North American | 70 |
| Northern Pacific | 123⅜ |
| Pacific Mail | 24½ |
| Pennsylvania | 126¼ |
| Peoples Gas | 107 |
| Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis | 97½ |
| Pittsburg Coal | 22 |
| Pressed Steel Car | 33 |
| Pullman Palace Car | 150 |
| Railway Steel Spring | 33 |
| Reading | 156⅜ |
| Republic Steel | 33 |
| Republic Steel, pfd | 97 |
| Rock Island Co. | 23½ |
| Rock Island Co., pfd | 50 |
| St. Louis and San Fran. 2nd pfd | 41¾ |
| St. Louis Southwestern | 31½ |
| St. Louis Southwestern, pfd | 67¼ |
| Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron | 55 |
| Southern Pacific | 116⅞ |
| Southern Railway | 26¼ |
| Southern Railway, pfd | 64½ |
| Tennessee Copper | 38⅝ |
| Texas and Pacific | 28¾ |
| Toledo, St. Louis and Western | 21½ |
| Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd | 50 |
| Union Pacific | 175⅝ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 91¼ |
| United States Realty | 72⅝ |
| United States Rubber | 42 |
| United States Steel | 78¼ |
| United States Steel, pfd | 119 |
| Utah Copper | 44¼ |
| Virginia-Carolina Chem | 60¼ |
| Wabash | 17 |
| Wabash, pfd | 38 |
| Western Maryland | 49 |
| Westinghouse Electric | 66 |
| Western Union | 72¼ |
| Wheeling and Lake Erie | 4½ |

### THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, March 25.—After being pulled up and down, wheat today closed steady at middle figures, the same as last night to ⅝c. below. Varying news about the weather had a good deal to do with the action of prices. Corn finished unchanged to ⅞c. off; oats, not altered at all, and provisions running from 10@12½c. decline to 2½c. advance.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 88½@89½; No. 3, red, 86½@88; No. 2, hard, 88⅝@90; No. 3, hard, 86½@89; No. 1, northern, 98½@99; No. 2, northern, 96@98; No. 3, northern, 95@97; No. 2, spring, 90@95; No. 3, spring, 88@95; velvet chaff, 82@92; durum, 80@88.

Corn—No. 2, 46@46½; No. 2, white, 46@46½; No. 2, yellow, 46½@47; No. 3, 43½@44; No. 3, yellow, 43⅝@45; No. 4, 41⅝@43; No. 4, white, 41½@42; No. 4, yellow, 41½@42½.

Oats—No. 2, 29½@30; No. 2, white, 30@31; No. 3, 29½; No. 3, white, 30½@30⅜; No. 4, white, 29½@30¼; standard, 30½@30¾.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat: | | | | |
| May | 88¼ | 88⅞ | 88¼ | 88⅝ |
| July | 88⅜ | 88⅞ | 88⅛ | 88⅞ |
| Sept | 88¼ | 88⅞ | 88¼ | 88⅝ |
| Corn: | | | | |
| May | 47⅜ | 47¾ | 47½ | 47⅜ |
| July | 49⅝ | 49¼ | 49½ | 49⅝ |
| Sept | 50⅛ | 50⅜ | 50½ | 50⅜ |
| Oats: | | | | |
| May | 30⅜ | 30½ | 30¼ | 30½ |
| July | 30½ | 30⅝ | 30½ | 30⅝ |
| Sept | 30½ | 30⅝ | 30⅜ | 30⅝ |
| Mess Pork, per barrel: | | | | |
| May | 15.95 | 16.00 | 15.87½ | 15.87½ |
| July | 15.65 | 15.72½ | 15.55 | 15.57½ |
| Lard, per 100 pounds: | | | | |
| May | 8.70 | 8.70 | 8.65 | 8.65 |
| July | 8.65 | 8.65 | 8.57 | 8.57 |
| Sept | 8.60 | 8.62½ | 8.52 | 8.52 |
| Short Ribs, per 100 pounds: | | | | |
| May | 8.90 | 8.95 | 8.85 | 8.90 |
| July | 8.60 | 8.62½ | 8.55 | 8.60 |
| Sept | 8.50 | 8.55 | 8.50 | 8.52½ |

### DECLINE IN LIVERPOOL.

**Due to Liquidation of Long Option—Features for Cotton.**

(Special Star Telegram.)

New York, March 25.—In face of the bullish statistics of the week the Liverpool market did not follow the better market here so that the absence of a new demand here at the opening to absorb the offerings led to a decline. Later advices from Central and Southwestern Texas of further rains last night and today caused a small further decline. The decline appeared to be due to liquidation of long option accummulated earlier in the week by the local trade, who sold on the news of the rains. Our stock continues to lose under shipments to the continent by brokers more or less believed to be identified with the bull party.

Current rumor holds that the shipments are due to a desire to reduce our stock to small proportions before May tenders. Good rains in many portions of Texas caused the weakness here today as the local traders, who had bought freely last week were not disposed to hold their purchases in face of improving crop prospects. Brokers more or less identified with the bulls bought some 5,000 bales for export to the continent today.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

### NAVAL STORES.

New York, March 25.—Turpentine, firm.

Savannah, March 25.—Turpentine, firm, at 1.07. Sales, 334; receipts, 134; shipments, 12; stocks, 1,108.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 511; receipts, 585; shipments, 1,027; stocks, 54,325. Quote: B, 8.05; D, 8.10; E, 8.15; F, 8.27½; G, 8.30; H, 8.32½; I and K, 8.35; M, 8.37½; N, 8.42½; W G, 8.45; W W, 8.50.

Charleston, March 25.—Turpentine, firm, at 1.06½.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: A B C, 8.00; D, 8.05; E, 8.10; F, 8.22½; G, 8.25; H, 8.27½; I, 8.32½; K, 8.35; M, 8.37½; N, 8.40; W G, 8.42½; W W, 8.45.

**A Special Medicine for Kidney Ailments.**

Many elderly people have found in Foley's Kidney Remedy a quicker relief and permanent benefit from kidney and bladder ailments. Isaac N. Regan, Farmer, Mo., says, "Foley's Kidney Remedy effected a complete cure in my case and I want others to know of it."—Robt. R. Bellamy.

## THE WEATHER

**United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.**

Wilmington, N. C., March 26, 1911.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Saturday, March 26th: Temperature at 8 A. M. 40 degrees; 8 P. M. 46 degrees; maximum 52 degrees; minimum 33 degrees; mean 42 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month 3.44 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Saturday 7.6 feet.

**Weather Forecast.**

For North Carolina—Rain and warmer Sunday; Monday brisk east and southeast winds.

**Advisory Storm Warning.**

Washington, D. C. March 25.—Advisory message. Northeast storm warning are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Savannah to Miami, and on the Gulf coast from Mobile to Key West. Disturbance apparently developing over the west Gulf.

MOORE.

**Port Calendar—March 26.**

Sun Rises.....6:07 A. M.
Sun Sets.....6:28 P. M.
Day's Length.....12 hrs. 21 min.
High water at Southport 5:22 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 8:22 P. M.

### WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

April 25, 1911.

| STATIONS. | Weather at 8 P. M. | Temperature Highest Today. | Temperature Lowest last night. | 24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Asheville | cloudy | 54 | 36 | 0 |
| Atlanta | cloudy | 62 | 46 | 0 |
| Charleston | pt cldy | 56 | 46 | 0 |
| Charlotte | pt cldy | 58 | 32 | 0 |
| Chicago | pt cldy | 64 | 34 | 0 |
| Galveston | cloudy | 70 | 60 | .28 |
| Jacksonville | cloudy | 68 | 56 | 0 |
| New Orleans | cloudy | 66 | 60 | 1.20 |
| New York | clear | 38 | 20 | 0 |
| Pittsburg | clear | 60 | 28 | 0 |
| Raleigh | clear | 54 | 30 | 0 |
| St. Louis | clear | 70 | 36 | 0 |
| Washington | clear | 48 | 22 | 0 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 25.—Spot cotton in limited demand, prices four points higher. American middling fair 8.25; good middling 7.93; middling 7.77; low midling 7.37; good ordinary 7.31; ordinary 7.06. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 3,500 American. Receipts 12,000 bales, none American.

Futures opened steady and closed steady. March 7.53; March and April 7.53; April and May 7.52 1-2; May and June 7.52 1-2; June and July 7.48 1-2; July and August 7.43 1-2; August and September 7.20 1-2; September and October 6.87 1-2; October and November 6.74 1-2; November and December 6.70; December and January 6.69 1-2; January and February 6.69.

### DRY GOODS MARKETS.

New York, March 25.—The cotton goods markets were very quiet for the day. A fair trade is reported in linens and complaint is made of the high prices. The local burlap market is bare of stocks and prices are firmer.

**Attacks School Principal.**

A severe attack on school principal Chas. B. Allen, of Sylvania, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered indescribable torture from rheumatism, liver and stomach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed till I used Electric Bitters, but four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me completely." Such results are common. Thousands bless them for curing stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, biliousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

The Young men of Wilmington are at last awake. Watch the campaign for Councilmen. Let everybody wake up and stand for the progress of Wilmington.

GOLDSBORO BRICK WORKS
H. L. GRANT & SON PROPRS.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.
CAPACITY 1,000,000 PER MONTH
HIGHEST QUALITY
PROMPTEST SHIPMENT
WRITE US

We have every facility known in banking, which we offer to depositors, and they have in dealing here the security of $1,250,000.00 net assets over every liability. We also have money to lend to all who deal here and are worthy of credit.

The Murchison National Bank

OYSTERS

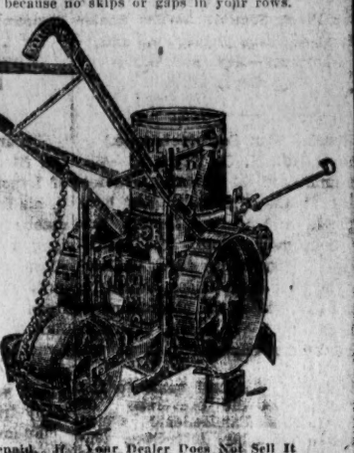
We are receiving daily shipments of the celebrated "Lynhaven Bay Oysters" and they provide a lunch for the epicure that touches the spot.

Our "Midday Lunch" is satisfying a large number daily. Why not you?

ATLANTIC CAFE
OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT. GIESCHEN BROS. Props.

PLANT COTTON ONE SEED AT A TIME
EQUALLY SPACED — NO SKIPS — NO BUNCHING.

Without preparation of the seed, plant a bushel or more or a peck or less to the acre, one to six inches apart, as you set it, always one seed at a time. Saves half the work and time of chopping. Positive force feed means absolute regularity of drop without cracking or crushing seed. Each plant has room to grow though chopping be delayed. Insures early maturity and 5 bales from land you now get only 4, because no skips or gaps in your rows.



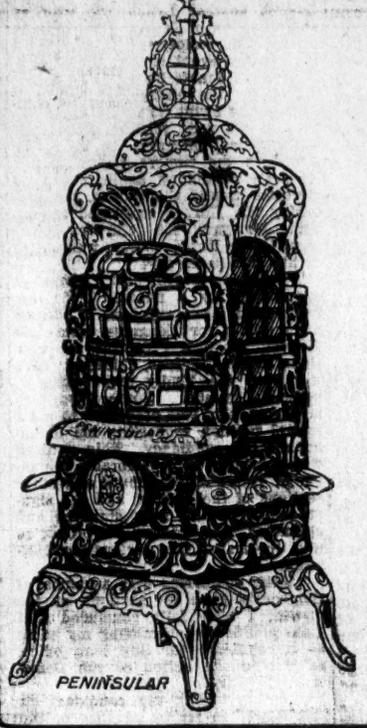
The Ledbetter One-Seed Planter.

plants on ridge or in water furrow. Levels the bed, opens furrow, plants seed any depth desired—one at a time, and presses earth over seed, all in one operation. Has flexible hitch rod, so planter always runs true. See every seed as it comes from hopper to spout. Hopper easily removed. Furnished with drag coverer in place of press wheel, if desired. If not at your dealer's, send us $14.00. We pay all freight. Our guarantee of satisfaction or money back protects you. Write for interesting Free Books showing this and other styles. Write or see your dealer now.

$14.00, Freight Prepaid, If Your Dealer Does Not Sell It

Satisfaction guaranteed or money back promptly. Furnished with plates for planting cotton, corn, sorghum, peas, maize, Kaffir Corn and all similar seed.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.
SELLING AGENTS.




ART
PENINSULAR
HEATING
STOVES

Are Artistic in design, substantially built and economical in consumption of fuel. A complete line to select from.

39

Styles and sizes of the makes ranging in price from

$1.25 to $40.00

Be sure to see our line of samples before you buy.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
Hardware.

Clothes For Easter Wear

We have them. Not the ordinary sort of clothing that you see everywhere but the unusual sort that you see on men of taste and that you can secure only at this store.

Clothes that are cut after smarter models, from better, stronger fabrics, by more skilled master tailors— such are Stein Bloch Clothes.

We are showing some unusually handsome cheviots, worsteds and serges in dark shades, especially adapted to formal wear, in single or double-breasted styles.

J. W. Fleet Co.

The One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Agents for the Stein Bloch Clothing, John B. Stetson Hats and Star Shirts.

SEED POTATOES.

115 Sacks Red Bliss.
25 Sacks White Bliss.
75 Sacks Irish Cobblers.
25 Sacks Early Rose.
25 Bushels Yellow Onions Sets.
15 Bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
700 Tons Navassa Guano.
200 Tons Bangles Guano.
100 Tons Acme Guano.

Also a full line of Groceries, all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Wilmington, N. C.

Office Supplies

Yawman & Erbe Vertical Letter Files and Card Index Systems; Moore's Loose Leaf Record Books for all office and factory record keeping systems; Loose Leaf Ledgers and Memo. Books; Typewriter Paper; Ribbons and Carbon Paper. Inks, Pens, Pencils and Pen Holders.

The Fox Visible Typewriter.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
32 North Front street.

# AFFAIRS AT THE UNIVERSITY

**Junior Week Festivities—The Senior Stunt—Schools of Medicine and Pharmacy—Teachers' Training Department.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., March 22.—The programme for the Junior week festivities at the University has been completed and more elaborate this year than ever before. The festivities will occupy three days, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, April 19, 20, and 21. The official programme as given out by J. W. Morris, chairman of the Junior Committee, is as follows:

Wednesday: Baseball game in the afternoon with the University of South Carolina. Pan-Hellenic dance at night. Thursday: Inter-State tennis meet in the morning; Carolina Cotilion Club dance in the afternoon; Senior stunt at night. Friday: Completion of tennis meet in the morning; Senior faculty baseball game in the afternoon; Junior Prom at night.

The programme this year includes a greater variety of amusements than ever before. One innovation is the Carolina Cotilion Club dance which is to be held the second afternon. This is a new organization in University life and bids fair to be a popular one. It is an entirely democratic German club, open to any member of the student body. The organization is hoped to bring about a friendlier social relation between the fraternity and non-fraternity element of the student body.

The Senior stunt this year, while still a secret, is known to be a farce comedy written by members of the Senior class, and its presentation will be a feature of the week. The leaders of the dances are of the Pan-Hellenic, D. C. MacRae, assisted by John Hillett and B. H. Mebane; of the Cotilion Club, T. P. Nash assisted by T. M. Price and Norman Vann; of the Junior Prom, J. M. Morris, assisted by R. M. Hanes and R. W. Winston.

The executive committee of the board of trustees of the University recently met with Governor Kitchin and decided to let at once a contract for the erction of a building on the campus for the schools of Medicine and Pharmacy. The new building will cost $50,000 and will be erected east of the Carr building fronting Davis Hall. The new building will be known as the "Caldwell Building" in honor of Dr. Joseph Caldwell, the first president of the University.

Plans were also approved by the committee for the inauguration of the new and important teachers' training department of the school of education. A great increase in the number of students who are studying to become come teachers has taken place this year and the University will enlarge the Department of Education, and add the teachers' training department so as to open its advantages to teachers in the public schools of the State. This is a much needed department and the University has other plans which will be announced later, to make it more useful in advancing public education than at any time during its history.

The new officers of the University Y. M. C. A. were recently installed as follows: J. C. Lockhart, president; F. B. Drane, vice president; C. E. Norman, secretary; W. D. Barber, treasurer. Following the installation of the officers, the retiring president E. W. Turlington, made his report. It showed that 315 students are members of the association, 232 enrolled in Bible study and 79 in mission study courses. Dr. T. P. Venable and Dean E. K. Graham were both present at the installation and both made short talks encouraging and praising the work of the association.

The Varsity debaters for the Spring debate, the Pentangular debate with Vanderbilt, Virginia, Georgia and Toulane, have been selected. Carolina this year debates Virginia and Georgia. In the preliminaries the debaters were chosen: To debate Georgia, Messrs. I. C. Moser and D. A. Lynch; to debate Virginia, Mesars. W. T. Joyner and W. A. Dees. The query for both debates is: Resolved, that the Federal Government should levy an income tax. Carolina upholds the negative against Virginia, and the affirmative against Georgia.

Much interest is being manifested in the coming of Dr. Henry Van Dyke, recently of Princeton, to deliver the McNair lectures on March 24, 25 and 26.

He will deliver three lectures on the following subjects: "The Poetry of Nature," "The Poetry of Patriotism and Humanity," and "The Poetry of the Unseen World." These addresses will be the fourth series of the McNair lectures, the first being delivered in 1908 by Dr. F. H. Smith, of the University of Virginia, the second in 1909 by President Patton, of Princeton Theological Seminary, and the third last Spring by President David Starr Jordon, of Leland Stanford University. These lectures are all made available by a fund established for the purpose by the will of the late John Calvin McNair, of the class of 1849. As stipulated in the will the lectures shall be to show the mutual bearing of science and religion upon each other, and to prove the attributes, as far as may be possible, of God given Nature.

Dr. Van Dyke who will deliver the lectures this year is prominent as a writer and lecturer. He was born in Germantown, Pa., November 10, 1852, and graduated from Princeton in 1873, and from the Theological Seminary four years later. He has been a student at the University of Berlin and has honorary degrees conferred on him from Princeton, Yale, Harvard, Union, Washington and Jefferson and Washington Universities. Dr. Van Dyke's visit to Chapel Hill is being looked forward to with much interest.

"Foley's Honey and Tar is the best cough remedy I ever used as it quickly stopped a severe cough that had long troubled me," says J. W. Kuhn, Princeton, Neb. Just so quickly and surely it acts in all cases of coughs, colds, lagrippe and lung trouble. Refuse substitutes.—Robt. R. Bellamy.

# WILMINGTONIAN IN THE RACE

**Announcement of Fred Harper, Esq., of Lynchburg, for Congress in Virginia District — Well Known and Esteemed.**

Hundreds and hundreds of Wilmington friends of Fred W. Harper, Esq., of Lynchburg, Va., will be interested in his formal announcement as a candidate for Congress in the district so long represented by Hon. Carter Glass, of Virginia. The Star several days ago carried a special telegram from Lynchburg, stating that Mr. Harper would make the race and the Lynchburg News of the following day printed the following announcement, which will be read with interest by many friends here:

"Following the announcement of Congressman Carter Glass that he would be a candidate for the United States Senate to fill the seat made vacant by the death of Senator Daniel, there was a persistent rumor that Mr. Fred Harper, a prominent lawyer of this city and a son-in-law of Senator Daniel, would be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Sixth district. Shortly afterward, however, these rumors were set at rest temporarily, when Mr. Don P. Halsey, another Lynchourg attorney and a nephew of Senator Daniel, made informal announcement in Roanoke that in the event of Mr. Glass' election to the Senate he would be a candidate for the unexpired term, and that in any event he would make the race at the next regular Democratic congressional primary. In the last few days the rumors regarding Mr. Harper's candidacy again began to circulate around the streets, and yesterday Mr. Harper confirmed the report. He gave the following statement to the News reporter who called at his offie yesterday:

"'For some months past I have been approached by a number of my friends who have urged me to become a candidate for Congress from this district. At first I declined to consider the suggestions, thinking they were but the kindly expressions of personal friends. Some days ago, however, there was presented to me a formal petition requesting me to announce my candidacy. This petition was signed by so considerable a number of voters of Lynchburg and other sections of the district, and the signers were men of such standing and character, that I deemed it proper to take the matter into serious consideration.

"'After conferring with a number of Democrats from all sections of the district I have fully concluded that I am justified in submitting my name as a candidate for this high office, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

"'In announcing my candidacy at this time, so far in advance of the date of the election, it is neither my purpose nor my desire to precipitate an active campaign for the nomination. I realize that a more important contest will for some time occupy the exclusive attention of the Democrats of the district; and I do not deem it proper nor expedient to interject the congressional campaign into that contest. My sole purpose is to apprise the Democratic voters of the district that I shall be a candidate for the congressional nomination so that they may have my name in mind whenever they may see fit to consider the question of their choice.

"'At some later, and more suitable time I shall enter actively upon a campaign and shall then present to the Democratic voters such claims upon their consideration and favor as may seem approproiate.

"'It is my purpose to make the race without regard to any other candidate or candidates. Hon. Don P. Halsey is the only other person who has as yet declared himself a candidate. I do not know whether it is the purpose of Mr. Glass to run again, in the event of his defeat in the senatorial campaign, or not. I had assumed that when he entered the senatorial fight he wuld burn his bridges behind him and at some convenient time announce his withdrawal from the Congressional field, leaving it free to other aspirants. But I do not know whether this is his intention or not.

"'In any event my annuncement of my candidacy is made without regard to that or any other person or persons and it is my purpose to submit my claims in competition with those of any other Democrats who may desire to avail themselves of the privilege of entering the race.'"

## LOCATED THE DERELICT.

**Seneca Reports It High and Dry on Beach Near Lookout Light.**

Washington, March 22.—The dangerous derelict, which has been making an erratic course in the lane of the Southbound Atlantic Coasters, has been cast high and dry on the beach near Cape Lookout Shoals lightship. Captain Carmine, who has been searching with the derelict destroyer Seneca, ever since the wreck was reported by the steamer Huron, on March 11th, today reported the find.

**Foley Kidney Pills**

**What They Will Do for You**

**They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.**

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

## SPREAD OF DISEASE.

**Sanitary Values Placed on Various Styles of Toilets.**

Sanitarians representing North Carolina and other Southern States engaged in crusades against typhoid fever and hookdorm disease at a recent meeting in Atlanta, have agreed on a sanitary valuation for the various styles of surface closets ordinarily used. As typhoid fever, hookworm disease and the dysenteries are carried in, and scattered with, human excrement, a closet which prevents the spread of these diseases has a high value.

Valuations expressed in percentages:

Failure to have any kind of a closet on premises represents 0 per cent. sanitary value. The ordinary closet open behind, unprotected from flies, dogs, washing rains, etc., has 10 per cent. sanitary value.

The same style closets having a hinged flap in the rear coming down close to the ground is given a sanitary value of 25 per cent.

A closet having a covered seat, a closed hinged door in the rear, and tubs or pails in which the excrement is collected for subsequent disposal, if not rigidly fly proof, is valued at 50 per cent.

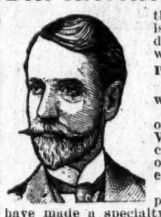
This same style of closet, having a rigidly fly proof vault under the seat, and water tight tubs or pails, kept in good condition, is valued at 75 per cent.

A sewer system, with water closets, and a septic tank arrangement in which oil barrels are used, known as the L. R. S. privy, are valued at 100 per cent.

By writing Dr. Jno. A. Ferrell, assistant secretary to the State Board of Health, Raleigh, you may receive free an illustrated pamphlet giving the plans and specifications with a bill of the material for the best and cheapest kinds of sanitary closets.

Douai, France, March 23.—Aviator Louis Breguet today carried eleven passengers in his monoplane a distance of two miles. The flight was made at a height varying from 50 to 75 feet. The total weight of the 12 persons was 1,315 pounds and the combined weight of the machine and its occupants was 2,602 pounds.

**DR. HATHAWAY & CO.**



the eminent specialists, restore weak and debilitated men and women to

**PERFECT HEALTH**

By **perfect health** we mean the state of being Strong, Vigorous, Forceful, full Vim, and of Masterful character—the glorious birthright of every man and woman.

Through years of practice, in which we have made a specialty of chronic diseases of every kind in both men and women, our methods have been so perfected that failure is impossible—we can surely cure you in your own home, without absence from business, without complicated treatments. Our manner is simple, though effective, and the thousands of people who have attained perfect health through us attest our professional knowledge and skill.

We employ none of the tricks of the incompetent and dishonest "specialists" who fill the papers with extravagant claims. We give no "free samples" or "trial treatments." We make no deceptive offers whatever, but we give you the thoughtful advice and careful treatment of noted specialists who, by years of earnest effort and profound research, and the absolute cure of thousands of cases, have earned your confidence and respect.

Sit down today and write for our symptom blanks and books, which are furnished free. They cover all the chronic and special diseases of both men and women. Fill out the symptom blank as per instructions, and we will then be able to correctly diagnose your trouble, and prescribe treatment that will restore you to **perfect health**—give you control of self, and self-control. All communications strictly confidential, and all treatments mailed in plain wrappers.

**DR. HATHAWAY & CO.**
**Inman Building, 22½ South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.**

**STATEMENT.**

**Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.**

Condition December 31, 1910, as shown by statement filed:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount of Capital paid up in cash | $2,000,000.00 |
| Amount of Ledger Assets December 31st of previous year | 22,096,030.16 |
| Income from Policyholders, $15,789,088.87; Miscellaneous, $1,023,222.03; Total | 16,812,010.90 |
| Disbursements — To Policyholders, $8,323,706.94; Miscellaneous, $6,871,563.48; Total. | 15,195,270.42 |
| Fire Risks—Written or renewed during year, $1,701,167,157.00; In force | 2,325,323,280.00 |
| Marine and Inland Risks—Written or renewed during year, $34,399,240.00; In force. | 21,833,975.00 |
| **Assets.** | |
| Value of Real Estate | $791,824.16 |
| Mortgage Loans on Real Estate | 465,166.67 |
| Loans secured by pledge of Bonds, Stocks or other collateral | 10,000.00 |
| Value of Bonds and Stocks | 19,299,227.91 |
| Cash in Company's Office | 2,685.82 |
| Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks not on interest | 146,669.04 |
| Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks on interest | 1,067,108.97 |
| Agents' balances, representing business written subsequent to October 1, 1910 | 2,334,534.15 |
| Agents balances, representing business written prior to October 1, 1910 | 72,491.50 |
| Interest and Rents due and accrued | 240,644.43 |
| All other Assets, as detailed in statement | 5,775.84 |
| Total | $24,436,126.58 |
| Less Assets not admitted | 72,491.50 |
| Total admitted Assets | $24,363,634.90 |
| **Liabilities** | |
| Net amount of unpaid losses and claims | $1,454,926.50 |
| Unearned Premiums | 13,784,741.07 |
| State, county and municipal taxes due or accrued | 200,000.00 |
| Total amount of Liabilities except Capital | $15,439,667.66 |
| Capital Actually paid up in Cash | 2,000,000.00 |
| Surplus over all Liabilities | 6,923,967.33 |
| Total Liabilities | $24,363,634.90 |
| **Business in North Carolina During 1910.** | |
| Fire Risks written, $16,578,763.00; Premiums received | $203,077.08 |
| Marine risks written, $41,300.00; Premiums received | 1,051.20 |
| Losses incurred—Fire, $72,356.44; Paid | 69,808.85 |

President, Chas. E. Chase.
Secretary, Frederick Samson.
Home Office, 125 Trumbull st., Hartford, Conn.
Attorney for service, J. Van B. Metts, Wilmington, N. C.
Business Manager for North Carolina, Thos. Egleston, Atlanta, Ga.

State of North Carolina—Insurance Department, Raleigh, 2, 15, 1911.

I, James R. Young, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1910.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and date above written.

JAMES R. YOUNG,
Insurance Commissioner.

# Transplanting an Industry

HAVE you ever noticed how trade and industry flow through certain well-defined channels, how certain industries grow up and identify themselves with certain localities, and then how trade currents shift and new centers spring up. The New England States have been the shoe makers of the country for generations.

Generation after generation of operatives growing up and handing down their skill to their children, gave New England her reputation for shoes. But capital and enterprise can do wonders. Capital and enterprise saw the advantage of supplying the South with shoes from a southern city. Lynchburg is a natural distributing and manufacturing center. Lynchburg for 35 years has been gradually making a place for herself as a shoe city. The first right energetic shoe business ever established in Lynchburg was Witt & Watkins, from which grew the Geo. D. Witt Shoe Company known everywhere among southerners to-day.

From this little start Lynchburg has grown to be the leading shoe city in the South. Out of this city to-day goes nine-tenths of all the southern-made shoes.

## What Southern-made Shoes Mean to the South

For generations before Lynchburg started the manufacture of shoes, the South had been sending millions of dollars a year, her annual shoe money, to the North in exchange for shoes. At first southern merchants were afraid to handle Lynchburg-made shoes. Soon they discovered not only were they getting as good and better profits, but they were getting better shoes to sell. To-day, Lynchburg-made shoes are being sold in every city and town in the South and the buyers from northern cities are coming to Lynchburg for their shoes.

The South is coming into her own. Instead of sending millions of dollars a year North and West, we are keeping our money at home to pay southern grocers, southern clothiers, southern farmers, southern salesmen, and to build more southern factories. There is new money, new vitality, new ginger going into the Geo. D. Witt Shoe Co. Our organization is going to grow and "Witt's Shoes" are going to be better than ever before. Our salesmen are on the road with Fall, 1911, Samples of "Witt's Shoes." DEALERS! look them over carefully. They represent the best shoe quality that has ever gone out of Lynchburg.

Friends, everywhere, insist on a southern-made shoe and help to keep southern money in the South to work for southern prosperity. Insist on "Witt's Shoes."

**GEO. D. WITT SHOE COMPANY**

**LINCOLN LITHIA WATER LINCOLN LITHIA WATER**

"Bottled at the Spring."

Lincoln Lithia Inn open to guests May 15th to October 1st. Literature upon request.

## Brights Disease---Case of Mr. F. H. Turner.

Dr. H. F. LONG, Statesville, N. C., says: "I wish to attest the statement made by Mr. F. H. Turner in regard to his condition and the benefit he derived from the use of **Lincoln Lithia Water.** The symptoms exhibited were those of BRIGHT'S DISEASE. He came under my care after having been refused Life Insurance on account of those symptoms. His condition was serious and alarming when he began taking **Lincoln Lithia Water.** Improvement was rapid and continuous, and the patient has now quite regained health and strength."

Mr. TURNER'S STATEMENT: "For three years I had suffered almost constantly with a derangement of the kidneys which threatened to develop into CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE. After trying almost every available remedy known to the medical profession, without any relief, I became almost hopeless. I had to give up my work entirely, and could only retain the simplest food on my stomach. My physicians advised me to drink Lithia Water freely. I decided to try **Lincoln Lithia.** I had very little faith at this stage of my disease in any remedy, and less in water only. However, I began to use it daily, and at this time was reduced in flesh to 135 pounds. After using the water for three weeks, found my weight had increased 21 pounds, and my digestion was so much improved I could eat almost any kind of food without injury. Three months from the time I began drinking the water I weighed 190 pounds, and felt well in every respect. That **Lincoln Lithia Water** has been the means of saving my life and filling it with strength, vigor and happiness again is beyond supposition, and its merits in cases of this kind speak volumes to those who have tried it."

A pure Natural Spring Water endorsed by eminent medical authority, **For Stomach, Intestinal, Kidney and Bladder Troubles**

In cases of 12 half gallon bottles, $4.00 and 5 gallon demijohns, $3.00. For sale by druggists and grocers or

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For sale by Holmes Grocery Company, Mission Pharmany, J. H. Hardin, Robert R. Bellamy, J. Hicks Bunting Drug Gompany, L. B. Sasser.

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